

Corporate Office:

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May 12, 2023

To, **National Stock Exchange of India Limited** Exchange Plaza Plot no. C/1, G Block Bandra-Kurla Complex, Bandra (East) Mumbai 400051

Dear Sir,

NSE Symbol: IRBIT / Series: IV

# Subject: Outcome of the Board Meeting of Investment Manager of "IRB Infrastructure Trust" held on May 12, 2023

This is to inform you that the Board of Directors of Investment Manager of IRB Infrastructure trust ("the Trust") at its meeting held on May 12, 2023, has *inter alia* considered and approved the Audited Standalone and consolidated Financial Results of the Trust for the half year and financial year ended March 31, 2023 along with Audit Report.

Pursuant to Regulation 10 of SEBI (Infrastructure Investment Trusts) Regulation, 2014, the Net Asset Value are disclosed in the financials of the Trust.

The corporate presentation would be uploaded on the website of the Trust subsequently.

Kindly take the same on record.

For MMK Toll Road Private Limited (in its capacity as Investment Manager to IRB Infrastructure Trust)

Kaustubh Shevade Company Secretary

Encl.: As above.



304/308/309, udyog mandir no 1, 7-c, bhagoji keer marg, mahim, mumbai 400 016.

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON THE HALF YEARLY AND YEAR TO DATE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL RESULTS OF THE IRB INFRASTRUCTURE TRUST

(pursuant to regulation 23 of the SEBI (Infrastructure Investment Trusts) Regulation, 2014, as amended)

To,

The Board of Directors, MMK Toll Road Private Limited, ("the Investment Manager to the Trust") Off No-11th Floor/1101, Hiranandani Knowledge Park, Technology Street, Hill Side Avenue, Powai, Mumbai 400 076 Maharashtra, India

#### REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL RESULTS

#### OPINION

We have audited the accompanying Statement of Consolidated financial results of IRB Infrastructure Trust ("the InvIT" or "the Trust") and its subsidiaries (the Trust and its subsidiaries together referred to as "the Group") consisting of the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, Explanatory Notes thereto and the additional disclosure as required in paragraph 6 of Annexure A to the SEBI Circular No. CIR/IMD/DF/127/2016 dated November 29,2016 ("SEBI Circular") for the half year and for the year ended March 31, 2023 ("the statement"), attached herewith, being submitted by the Trust pursuant to the requirements of Regulation 23 of the SEBI (Infrastructure Investment Trusts) Regulation, 2014, as amended from time to time read with SEBI circular ("InvIT Regulations").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, and based on the consideration of the reports of the other auditors on separate financial statements / financial information of subsidiaries (refer other matter paras), the Statement,

a. includes the results of the Group comprising of following entities:

Holding Entity, IRB Infrastructure Trust and its

Subsidiaries audited by us

- 1. IRB Westcoast Tollway Limited
- 2. Udaipur Tollway Limited
- 3. CG Tollway Limited





- 4. Kishangarh Gulabpura Tollway Limited
- 5. IRB Hapur Moradabad Tollway Limited

#### together with following Subsidiaries audited by Other Auditors

- 6. Yedeshi Aurangabad Tollway Limited
- 7. Solapur Yedeshi Tollway Limited
- 8. Kaithal Tollway Limited
- 9. AE Tollway Limited
- 10. Palsit Dankuni Tollway Private Limited w.e.f. April 2, 2022
- b. is presented in accordance with the requirements of Regulation 23 of the SEBI (Infrastructure Investment Trusts) Regulation, 2014, as amended and read with SEBI Circular No. CIR/IMD/DF/127/2016 dated November 29, 2016, in this regard; and
- c. gives a true and fair view in conformity with the applicable accounting standards, and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the Consolidated Net Loss and Consolidated Total Comprehensive Loss and Other Financial Information of the Group for the half year and year ended March 31,2023.

#### BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) issued by Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI"). Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Results" section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the "Code of Ethics" issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the InvIT Regulations, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE STATEMENT

The Statement has been prepared on the basis of the Consolidated Annual Financial Statements. Management of the investment manager ('the Management') is responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Statement that give a true and fair view of the **Consolidated Net Loss** and **Total Comprehensive Loss** and other financial information of the Group in accordance with the requirements of the InvIT regulations; Indian Accounting Standards as defined in Rule 2(1)(a) of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 (as amended) and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, to the extent not inconsistent with the InvIT Regulations. The respective Management and Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group are



responsible for maintenance of adequate accounting records for safeguarding of the assets of the Group and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Statement that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, which have been used for the purpose of preparation of the statement by the Management, as aforesaid.

In preparing the Statement , the management and respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group are responsible for assessing the ability of the Group to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the respective Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Management and the respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group are responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process of the Group.

# AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL RESULTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Statement as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Statement.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also;

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Statement, whether due to
  fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and
  obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our
  opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is
  higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery,
  intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal controls.





- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Management's use of the going concern basis
  of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material
  uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the
  ability of the Group to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material
  uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the
  related disclosures in the Statement or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify
  our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date
  of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to
  cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Statement represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the Consolidated Financial Statements. For companies included in the Consolidated Financial Statements of which we are the independent auditors. For companies included in the Consolidated Financial Statements, which have been audited by other auditors, such other auditors remain responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audits carried out by them. We remain solely responsible for our opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance of the InvIT and such other entities included in the Statements of which we are the independent auditors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

#### OTHER MATTERS

 We did not audit the Financial Statements of 5 subsidiaries audited by Other Auditors as listed at Sr. No. 6 to 10 of Clause (a.) of Opinion Paragraph mentioned above of whose Financial Statements reflect (before eliminating intra-group transactions);

Total Assets of INR 1,13,238.70 Million, Net Assets of INR 35,029.67 Million as at March 31, 2023 and Total Revenues of INR 19,132.81 Million, Losses after taxes of INR 1,657.28 Million and Net Cash Inflows amounting to INR 201.07 Million for the year ended on March 31, 2023, as considered in Statement. These Financial Statements have been audited





by other auditor whose reports have been furnished to us by the management and our opinion on the Statements, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of these subsidiaries, is based solely on the reports of the other auditor. Our opinion above on the consolidated financial results is not modified in respect of the above matters with respect to our reliance on the work done and the reports of the other auditors.

2. The statement includes the consolidated financial results for the half year and for the year ended March 31, 2023 being the balancing figures between the audited figures in respect of the full financial year ended March 31, 2023 and reviewed unaudited year to date figures up to September 30, 2022, being the date of the end of the first half of the current financial year, which were subject to limited review as required under Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirements)Regulation, 2015.

#### For GOKHALE & SATHE,

Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 103264W.

CA Kaustubh Deshpande, Partner Membership No. 121011 UDIN: **231210113GXXW65534** Date: 12th May 2023 Place: Mumbai



uum	d Consolidated Financial Results for the half	, ent und jeur en	Six Month			
Sr. No.	Particulars	Six Month ended March 31, 2023	six Month ended September 30, 2022	Six Month ended March 31, 2022	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022
		(Audited - Refer note 3(i))	(Unaudited)	(Audited - Refer note 3(ii))	(Audited)	( Audited)
1.	Incomes and gains					
	Revenue from operations	12,766.26	14,146.33	6,442.43	26,912.59	12,404.84
	Interest	136.03	50.02	44.14	186.05	81.69
	Profit on sale of investments/assets	38.63	24.33	7.10	62.95	13.93
	Other income *	11.09	2.99	2.90	14.08	4.51
	Total Income and gains	12,952.00	14,223.67	6,496.58	27,175.67	12,504.97
п.	Expenses and losses					
	Operation expenses**	5,423.24	7,442.28	1,083.16	12,865.52	2,029.53
	Project management fees	1,320.49	1,327.21	984.45	2,647.70	1,960.27
	Valuation expenses	1.69	0.98	0.44	2.67	1.46
	Trustee Fees	3.38	2.57	1.27	5.95	4.16
	Audit fees	2.94	2.09	1.38	5.04	3.13
-	Insurance & security expenses	13.23	1.49	0.56	14.72	1.12
	Investment management fees (refer note b)	28.26	28.26	22.20	56.52	42.48
	Depreciation on property, plant and equipment	0.62	0.63	0.87	1.25	1.74
	Amortisation of intangible assets	1,579.00	1,230.17	964.55	2,809.17	1,673.16
	Finance costs (Interest)	4,617.04	4,388.24	4,402.18	9,005.28	8,670.13
	Finance costs (Others) ***	608.38	641.03	526.42	1,249.41	868.58
	Legal and professional fees	94.19	69.38	108.71	163.58	186.84
	Custodian Fee		0.09	•	0.09	0.18
	Loss on sale of assets	0.01			0.01	
	Fair value loss on measurement of other payable	271.04	289.49	2,152.42	560.53	2,161.31
	Other expenses ****	9.07	83.65	30.43	92.71	48.22
	Total Expenses and losses	13,972.58	15,507.56	10,279.04	29,480.14	17,652.31
Ш.		(1,020.58)	(1,283.89)	(3,782.47)	(2,304.47)	(5,147.34)
IV.	Tax expenses (current tax and deferred tax)/reversal	131.03	(163.91)	(711.00)	(32.88)	(711.36)
v.	Loss after tax for the period/year (III) - (IV)	(1,151.61)	(1,119.98)	(3,071.47)	(2,271.60)	(4,435.98)
VI.	Items of Other Comprehensive Income	-	-	-		
VII	. Total Comprehensive Income (V) + (VI)	(1,151.61)	(1,119.98)	(3,071.47)	(2,271.60)	(4,435.98)

\* Other income includes fair value gain and other non-operative income.

\*\* Operation expenses includes provision for major maintenance.

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\*\*\* Finance costs (Others) includes Amortisation of Transaction cost, Unwinding of discount on provision of MMR, Interest unwinding on

loan/retention money and Interest unwinding of Trade payable - Associates.

\*\*\*\* Other expenses includes rent, rates and taxes, water charges, travelling & conveyance, director sitting fees, corporate social

responsibilities expenditure, donation, bank charges and other miscellaneous expenses.

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Registered Office: 1101, 11<sup>th</sup> Floor, Hiranandani Knowledge Park, Technology Street, Hill Side Avenue, Powai, Mumbai - 400 076, Maharashtra, India. ; Tel: 022 - 67336400; Fax: 022 - 4053 6699; E-mail: irbinfrastructuretrust@irb.co.in Website: www.irbinfratrust.co.in;



#### Notes to consolidated financial results:

Investors can view the results of the IRB Infrastructure Trust ('Trust') on the Trust's website 1 (www.irbinfratrust.co.in) or on the website of NSE (www.nseindia.com).

- 2 The Audited Consolidated Financial Results comprises of the Consolidated Statement of profit and loss (including other comprehensive income), explanatory notes thereto and additional disclosures as required in paragraph 6 of Annexure A to the SEBI Circular no. CIR/IMD/DF/127/2016 dated November 29, 2016 ('SEBI Circular') of IRB Infrastructure Trust ('Trust') for the half year and year ended March 31, 2023 ("Consolidated Financial Results") being submitted by the Trust pursuant to the requirements of Regulation 23 of the SEBI (Infrastructure Investment Trusts) Regulations, 2014, as amended from time to time read with SEBI Circular.
- 3 (i) The half yearly Consolidated Financial Results for the half year ended March 31, 2023 are the derived figures between the audited figures in respect of the year ended March 31, 2023 and the reviewed year-to-date figures up to September 30, 2022, being the date of the end of the first half of the current financial year, which were subject to limited review. The consolidated financial results for the half year ended March 31, 2023 and year ended March 31, 2023 have been prepared on the basis of the consolidated financial results for the half year ended September 30, 2022, the audited annual consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2023, and the relevant requirements of the SEBI (Infrastructure Investment Trusts) Regulations, 2014, as amended from time to time read with SEBI Circular.

(ii) The half yearly consolidated financial results for the half year ended March 31, 2022 are the derived figures between the audited figures in respect of the year ended March 31, 2022 and the reviewed year-to-date figures up to September 30, 2021, being the date of the end of the first half of the previous financial year, which were subject to limited review.

- 4 The Audited Consolidated Financial Results for the year ended March 31, 2023 have been reviewed by the Audit Committee of the Investment Manager at their meeting held on May 12, 2023 and thereafter approved by the Board of Directors of the Investment Manager at their meeting held on May 12, 2023.
- 5 IRB Infrastructure Trust was registered as an irrevocable trust under the Indian Trusts Act, 1882 on August 27, 2019 and as an infrastructure investment trust under the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Infrastructure Investment Trusts) Regulations, 2014 on November 25, 2019. Units of IRB Infrastructure Trust have been listed on NSE on April 03, 2023.







## Additional Disclosures as required by Paragraph 6 to SEBI Circulars No. CIR/MD/DF/127/2016

### a. Net Distributable Cash Flow for the half year ended March 31, 2023

#### (i) IRB Infrastructure Trust

.)	hirastructure rrust				(Rs.	in Millions)
Sr. No.	Particulars	Six months ended March 31, 2023#	Six months ended September 30, 2022	Six months ended March 31, 2022	Year ended March 31, 2023#	Year ended March 31, 2022
1	Cash flows received from Project SPVs in the form of Interest	1,190.00	907.00	365.00	2,097.00	825.00
2	Cash flows received from Project SPVs in the form of Dividend	-		-	-	-
3	Any other income accruing at the Trust level and not captured above, including but not limited to interest/return on surplus cash invested by the Trust	0.78	0.14	0.11	0.92	0.40
4	Cash flows received from the project SPVs towards the repayment (Net) of the debt issued to the Project SPVs by the Trust	(842.00)	(1,086.34)	(485.87)	(1,928.34)	(1,682.67)
5	Total cash inflow at the Trust level (A)	348.79	(179.20)	(120.75)	169.58	(857.27)
	Less:					
6	Any payment of fees, interest and expense incurred at the Trust level, including but not limited to the fees of the Investment Manager	(68.81)	(44.52)	(29.55)	(113.33)	(63.38)
7	Income tax (if applicable) at the Standalone Trust Level		-			-
8	Repayment of external debt		-	-	-	-
9	Total cash outflows / retention at the Trust level (B)	(68.81)	(44.52)	(29.55)	(113.33)	(63.38)
10	Net Distributable Cash Flows (C) = (A+B)	279.98	(223.72)	(150.30)	56.25	(920.65)

# The same is earmarked towards capex for ongoing projects.

Note :

Excludes interest due but not received of Rs.922.36, Rs.1,202.41 millions,Rs. 1,729.24 millions,Rs. 2,124.77 millions and Rs. 3,375 Millions for the six months ended March 31, 2023, six months ended September 30, 2022, six months ended March 31, 2022, year ended March 31, 2023 and year ended March 31, 2022.

2 Netted - off with disbursement of short-term unsecured loan to project SPVs. (Refer RPT disclosures of standalone financial results).





## (ii) IRB Westcoast Tollway Limited (IRBWC)

Sr. No.	Description	Six Months ended March 31, 2023	Six months ended September 30, 2022	Six months ended March 31, 2022	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022
1	Profit after tax as per profit and loss account (A)	(526.73)	(609.20)	(369.09)	(1,135.93)	(815.33)
2	Add: Depreciation and amortisation as per Statement of profit and loss	85.80	78.94	70.66	164.74	113.19
3	Add/less: Any other item of non-cash expense / non cash income (net of actual cash flows for these items), if deemed necessary by the Investment Manager	67.48	69.83	47.26	137.31	64.76
4	Add: Interest paid/payable to the Trust	264.60	265.58	246.79	530.18	491.37
5	Add :- Provision for resurfacing expenses ( Net)	-		-		
6	Less: Principal repayment of external debt	(44.26)	(26.71)	(56.61)	(70.97)	(86.97)
7	Less: Tax paid	-		-		
8	Less: Creation of MMRA	-		-		
9	Less: Capital expenditure towards the project	-		-		
10		373.62	387.64	308.10	761.26	582.35
11	Net Distributable Cash Flows (C) = (A+B)	(153.11)	(221.56)	(60.99)	(374.67)	(232.98)







## (ii) Yedeshi Aurangabad Tollway Limited (YATL)

Sr. No.	Description	Six Months ended March 31, 2023	Six months ended September 30, 2022	Six months ended March 31, 2022	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022
1	Profit after tax as per profit and loss account (A)	(140.02)	(124.69)	(356.68)	(264.71)	(834.88)
2	Add: Depreciation and amortisation as per Statement of profit	336.33	223.66	156.73	559.99	305.02
3	Add/less: Any other item of non-cash expense / non cash income (net of actual cash flows for these items), if deemed necessary by the Investment Manager	31.31	10.37	2.58	41.68	3.08
4	Add: Interest paid/payable to the Trust	297.35	284.42	279.23	581.77	560.00
5	Add - Provision for resurfacing expenses (Net)	54.53	54.53	51.33	109.06	102.67
6	Less: Principal repayment of external debt	0.00	(60.29)	(210.38)	(60.29)	(361.08)
7	Less: Tax paid	-		-		
8	Less: Creation of MMRA	(220.00)		-	(220.00)	
9	Less: Capital expenditure towards the project	-		-		
10	Total Adjustments (B)	499.52	512.69	279.49	1,012.21	609.69
11	Net Distributable Cash Flows (C) = $(A+B)$	359.50	388.00	(77.19)	747.50	(225.19)





## (iii) Solpaur Yedeshi Tollway Limited (SYTL)

Sr. No.	Description	Six Months ended March 31, 2023	Six months ended September 30, 2022	Six months ended March 31, 2022	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022
1	Profit after tax as per profit and loss account (A)	(72.54)	(152.91)	(218.25)	(225.45)	(543.70)
2	Add: Depreciation and amortisation as per Statement of profit and		84.74	69.84	168.97	116.74
3	Add/less: Any other item of non-cash expense / non cash income (net of actual cash flows for these items), if deemed necessary by the Investment Manager	13.65	7.15	3.21	20.80	7.61
4	Add: Interest paid/payable to the Trust	279.23	280.77	279.23	560.00	560.00
5	Add :- Provision for resurfacing expenses (Net)	30.38	30.38	29.84	60.75	59.68
6	Less: Principal repayment of external debt	0.03	(5.89)	(67.10)	(5.86)	(111.88)
7	Less: Tax paid	-		-		
8	Less: Creation of MMRA	(80.00)		-	(80.00)	
9	Less: Capital expenditure towards the project	-		-		
10	Total Adjustments (B)	327.51	397.15	315.02	724.66	632.15
11	Net Distributable Cash Flows (C) = $(A+B)$	254.97	244.24	96.77	499.21	88.45







### (iii) Kaithal Tollway Limited (KTL)

Sr. No.	Description	Six Months ended March 31, 2023	Six months ended September 30, 2022	Six months ended March 31, 2022	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022*
1	Profit after tax as per profit and loss account (A)	(432.40)	(416.29)	(503.82)	(848.69)	(896.42
2	Add: Depreciation and amortisation as per Statement of profit and loss	119.23	92.90	52.95	212.13	52.97
3	Add/less: Any other item of non-cash expense / non cash income (net of actual cash flows for these items), if deemed necessary by the Investment Manager	48.51	48.46	38.41	96.97	77.30
4	Add: Interest paid/payable to the Trust	591.38	594.64	591.38	1,186.02	1,186.02
4	Add - Provision for resurfacing expenses ( Net)	88.33	88.33	85.69	176.65	171.38
5	Less: Principal repayment of external debt	(62.96)	(58.29)	(34.98)	(121.25)	(66.45
7	Less: Tax paid					
8	Less: Creation of MMRA			-		
9	Less: Capital expenditure towards the project	-		-		
	Total Adjustments (B)	784.49	766.04	733.45	1,550.52	1,421.22
10	Net Distributable Cash Flows (C) = (A+B)	352.09	349.75	229.63	701.83	524.80

\* Profit after tax is inclusive of compensation income towards toll suspension due to farmers agitation amounting to Rs.900.90 millions.







## (v) Agra Etawah Tollway Limited (AETL)

Sr. No.	Description	Six Months ended March 31, 2023	Six months ended September 30, 2022	Six months ended March 31, 2022	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022*
	Profit after tax as per profit and loss account (A)	(828.97)	(920.16)	(847.90)	(1,749.13)	(1,669.85)
	Add: Depreciation and amortisation as per Statement of profit and loss	161.97	147.74	150.20	309.71	262.06
2	Add/less: Any other item of non-cash expense / non cash income (net of actual cash flows for these items), if deemed necessary by the Investment Manager	16.16	16.38	5.97	32.54	12.68
	Add: Interest paid/payable to the Trust	665.16	668.82	665.16	1,333.98	1,333.98
4	Add: Interest parapayate to interest Add: - Provision for resurfacing expenses ( Net)	92.91	92.91	89.29	185.82	178.57
5	Less: Principal repayment of external debt	(24.20)	(44.31)	(32.44)	(68.51)	(37.63)
6	Less: Pfincipal repayment of enternal	-		-		
7	Less: Tax paid		1	-		
8	Less: Creation of MMRA	-		-		
9	Less: Capital expenditure towards the project	912.00	881.54	878.18	1,793.54	1,749.66
10	Total Adjustments (B) $(A + B)$	83.03	(38.62)		44.41	79.81
11	Net Distributable Cash Flows (C) = (A+B)	05.05	(50.02)	50.20	44.41	77.01

\* Profit after tax is inclusive of compensation income towards toll suspension due to farmers agitation amounting to Rs.64.26 millions.







### (vi) Udaipur Tollway Limited (UTL)

Sr. No.	Description	Six Months ended March 31, 2023	Six months ended September 30, 2022	Six months ended March 31, 2022	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022
-	Profit after tax as per profit and loss account (A)	(893.88)	(1,009.99)	(793.07)	(1,903.87)	(1,291.68)
	Add: Depreciation and amortisation as per Statement of profit and loss	198.57	165.93	121.37	364.50	267.28
3	Add/less: Any other item of non-cash expense / non cash income (net of actual cash flows for these items), if deemed necessary by the Investment Manager	27.37	93.02	57.76	120.39	164.27
-	Add: Interest paid/payable to the Trust			-		
4	Add - Provision for resurfacing expenses (Net)	216.05	216.05	209.91	432.11	349.85
5	Less: Principal repayment of external debt	(21.95)	(6.89)	(24.92)	(28.84)	(32.90)
7	Less: Tax paid					
8	Less: Creation of MMRA	-		-		
9	Less: Capital expenditure towards the project	-				
10	Total Adjustments (B)	420.04	468.11	364.12	888.16	748.50
10	Net Distributable Cash Flows (C) = $(A+B)$	(473.84)	(541.88)	(428.95)	(1,015.71)	(543.18)







## (vii) Chittorgarh Gulabpura Tollway Limited (CGTL)

Sr. No.	Description	Six Months ended March 31, 2023	Six months ended September 30, 2022	Six months ended March 31, 2022	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022
1	Profit after tax as per profit and loss account (A)	(489.94)	(446.73)	(87.19)	(936.67)	(213.49)
2	Add: Depreciation and amortisation as per Statement of profit and loss	189.62	181.52	162.40	371.14	243,63
3	Add/less: Any other item of non-cash expense / non cash income (net of actual cash flows for these items), if deemed necessary by the Investment Manager	15.05	(125.84)	81.74	(110.79)	145.29
4	Add: Interest paid/payable to the Trust			-		-
4	Add - Provision for Resurfacing Expenses (Net)	63.08	63.08	57.74	126.16	76.99
5	Less: Repayment of external debt (principal)	(43.52)	(35.92)	(46.29)	(79.44)	(51.48)
7	Less: Tax paid	-		-		
8	Less: Creation of MMRA	-		1972		
9	Less: Capital expenditure towards the project			1945 - 1945 - 1945 - 1945 - 1945 - 1945 - 1945 - 1945 - 1945 - 1945 - 1945 - 1945 - 1945 - 1945 - 1945 - 1945 -		
10	Total Adjustments (B)	224.23	82.84	255.59	307.08	414.43
10	Net Distributable Cash Flows (C) = $(A+B)$	(265.71)	(363.89)	168.40	(629,59)	200.94







## (viii) Kishangarh Gulabpura Tollway Limited (KGTL)

Sr. No.	Description	Six Months ended March 31, 2023#	Six months ended September 30, 2022#	Six months ended March 31, 2022	Year ended March 31, 2023#	Year ended March 31, 2022
	Profit after tax as per profit and loss account (A)	(227.89)	(19.46)	(184.30)	(247.35)	(405.09)
1	Profit after tax as per profit and loss decears of profit and loss Add: Depreciation and amortisation as per Statement of profit and loss	125.63	87.13	65.39	212.76	103.80
3	Add/less: Any other item of non-cash expense / non cash income (net of actual cash flows for these items), if deemed necessary by the Investment Manager	136.95	112.40	112.39	249.35	174.35
-	Add: Interest paid/payable to the Trust	•	-			
4	Add: Interest parapayasie testing Expenses (Net)	73.78	36.89	-	110.67	
5	Add :- Provision for Received and the second	(20.58)	(15.74)	(12.53)	(36.32)	(15.94)
6	Less: Repayhlent of external design	-				
7	Less: Tax paid	1.		-		
8	Less: Creation of MMRA					
9	Less: Capital expenditure towards the project	315.78	220.68	165.25	536.46	262.21
10	Total Adjustments (B) $C_{ab} = (A+B)$	87.89	201.22	(19.05)		(142.88)
11	Net Distributable Cash Flows (C) = (A+B)					(112100)

# The said funds are earmarked towards NHAI premium payment.







## (ix) IRB Hapur Muradabad Tollway Limited (IRBHM)

Sr. No.	Description	Six Months ended March 31, 2023#	Six months ended September 30, 2022#	Six months ended March 31, 2022	Year ended March 31, 2023#	Year ended March 31, 2022
	Profit after tax as per profit and loss account (A)	(2.40)	(73.08)	(195.05)	(75.48)	(285.44)
1	Add: Depreciation and amortisation as per Statement of profit and loss	201.84	149.94	115.89	351.78	210.21
	Add/less: Any other item of non-cash expense / non cash income (net of actual cash flows for these items), if deemed necessary by the Investment Manager	106.18	13.84	78.60	120.02	87.52
4	Add: Interest paid/payable to the Trust	-	-	-	-	-
4	Add :- Provision for Resurfacing Expenses (Net)	180.13	90.06		270.19	
5	Less: Repayment of external debt (principal)	(65.32)	(69.58)	(11.10)	(134.90)	(11.10)
6	Less: Tax paid			-		
7	Less: Tax pard Less: Creation of MMRA	-				
8	Less: Capital expenditure towards the project	(61.46)	(0.57)	(5.09)	(62.03)	(10,20)
9	Less: Capital experiorate (P)	361.37	183.69	178.30	545.06	276.43
10	Total Adjustments (B) Net Distributable Cash Flows (C) = (A+B)#	358.97	110.61	(16.75)	469.58	(9.01)

# The said funds are earmarked towards balance Capex.







(De in Millions)

## (x) Palsit Dankuni Tollway Private Limited (PDTPL)

				(Rs. in Millions)
Sr. No.	Description	Six Months ended March 31, 2023	Six months ended September 30, 2022 #	Year ended March 31, 2023#
1	Profit after tax as per profit and loss account (A)	622.81	807.88	1,430.69
2	Add: Depreciation and amortisation as per Statement of profit and loss	76.41	18.30	94.71
3	Add/less: Any other item of non-cash expense / non cash income (net of actual cash flows for these items), if deemed necessary by the Investment Manager	106.90	86.27	193.17
4	Add: Interest paid/payable to the Trust			
5	Add - Provision for Resurfacing Expenses (Net)	-		
6	Less: Repayment of external debt (principal)			
7	Less: Tax paid	(256.70)	(106.40)	(363.10)
8	Less: Creation of MMRA			
9	Less: Capital expenditure towards the project	(577.27)	(755.72)	(1,332.99)
10	Total Adjustments (B)	(650.66)	(757.55)	(1,408.21)
10	Net Distributable Cash Flows (C) = $(A+B)$	(27.85)	50.33	22.48

# The said funds are earmarked towards balance Capex.

- b. Pursuant to the terms of the Investment Management Agreement, the fees will be paid to the Investment Manager for the services provided by it ("Management Fees"). The Management Fees have been revised for the Financial Year with the approval of the Unitholders, where the votes cast by Unitholders so entitled and voting in favor of a resolution are not less than one-and-a-half times the votes cast against such resolution. Pursuant to a resolution of the Unitholders, the Management Fees for the Financial Year 2023 has been revised to Rs.47.70 millions.
- c. In accordance with the Project Implementation Agreements, the fees and remuneration payable by the Project SPVs to the Project Manager has been worked out and agreed upon for the duration of current financial year, between the Project Manager, Investment Manager and the respective Project SPV, on an arm's length basis, after taking into account the extent of work to be done in respect of maintenance and other services to be provided by the Project Manager to such Project SPV.







### d Statement of Earnings per unit

Statement of Earnings per unit				(Rs. in Million	s,except for unit data)
Particulars	Six Months ended March 31, 2023	Six Months ended September 30, 2022	Six Months ended March 31, 2022	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022
Loss for the period /year	(1,151.61)	(1,119.98)	(3,071.47)	(2,271.60)	(4,435.98)
Number of units outstanding for computation of basic and diluted earnings	87,92,93,265	87,66,42,992	85,50,43,265	87,79,64,498	84,29,14,666
per unit Earnings per unit (basic and diluted)	(1.31)	(1.28)	(3.59)	(2.59)	(5.26)

## e Statement of contingent liabilities and commitments

(Rs. in millions)

### Contingent liabilities not provided for

Particulars	As at March 31,	As at September 30,	As at March 31,
	2023 <sup>#</sup>	2022 <sup>#</sup>	2022"
Contingent liability			

UTL, CGTL and KGTL have filed Writ petition with Hon'ble Rajasthan High Court with prayer to commence payment of Premium to National Highways Authority of India (NHAI) six months post actual completion of the project construction work. The Hon'ble High Court prima facie agreed with the contention of these companies and had provided interim relief from payment of premium. Vide judgement order dated 25th August, 2021, the Hon'ble High Court found merit in the contention of the companies and has directed the parties to resolve the dispute under Arbitration. The said matter is currently pending under Arbitration.

#### Commitments

Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at September 30, 2022	As at March 31, 2022
Estimated value of contracts in capital account remaining to be executed	14,295.07	17,199.75	625.98
Total	14,295.07	17,199.75	625.98







## f. Statement of Related party transactions

### I. List of Related parties

(i)	Parties to the InvIT	IRB Infrastructure Developers Limited (Sponsor and Project Manager)
		MMK Toll Road Private Limited (Investment
		Manager)
		IDBI Trusteeship Services Limited (Trustee of the IRB
		Infrastructure Trust)
(ii)	Associates, Promoters, Directors and Partners of the persons mentioned in clause (i) and (ii)	As per table below

## List of associates, promoters, directors and partners of the persons mentioned in clause (i) and (ii)

articulars	IRB Infrastructure Developers Limited (Sponsor and Project Manager)	MMK Toll Road Private Limited (Investment Manager)	IDBI Trusteeship Services Limited ( Trustee of IRB Infrastructure Trust)
romoters	Mr. Virendra D. Mhaiskar Mrs. Deepali V. Mhaiskar Mr. Virendra D. Mhaiskar (HUF)	IRB Infrastructure Developers Limited (IRBIDL)	IDBI Bank Limited LIC Corporation Limited General Insurace Corporation
birectors	Mr. Virendra D. Mhaiskar Mrs. Deepali V. Mhaiskar Mr. Jose Tamariz Martel Goncer Mr. Ravindra Dhariwal	Mr. Virendra D. Mhaiskar Mr. Kunnasagaran Chinniah	Mr. Samuel Joseph Jebaraj Mr. Pradeep Kumar Jain Mrs. Jayashree Vijay Ranade Mr. Pradeep Kumar Malhotra
	Independent Directors Mr. Chandrashekhar S. Kaptan Mr. Sunil H. Talati Mr. Sandeep J. Shah Mrs. Priti Savla	Independent Directors Mr. K G Krishnamurthy Mrs. Ranjana Paranjape	Ms. Baljinder Kaur Mandal
Associates	<ul> <li>A) Holding Company of Sponsor / Project Manager IRB Holding Private Limited (Formerly Mhaiskar Ven</li> <li>B) Subsidiary Companies of Sponsor / Project Man Project SPVs</li> <li>1. IRB Westcoast Tollway Limited (IRBWTL)</li> <li>2. Solapur Yedeshi Tollway Limited (SYTL)</li> <li>3. Yedeshi Aurangabad Tollway Limited (SYTL)</li> <li>4. Kaithal Tollway Limited (KTL)</li> <li>5. AE Tollway Limited (AETL)</li> <li>6. Udaipur Tollway Limited (UTL)</li> <li>7. CG Tollway Limited (CGTL)</li> <li>8. Kishangarh Gulabpura Tollway Limited (KGTL)</li> </ul>	tures Private Limited)	







	Others 1. Ideal Road Builders Private Limited (IRBPL)
	2. Mhaiskar Infrastructure Private Limited (MIPL)
	3. Modern Road Makers Private Limited (MRMPL)
	3. Modern Road Makers Private United (ATTRI)
	4. Aryan Toll Road Private Limited (ATRPL)
	5. ATR Infrastructure Private Limited (ATRFL)
	6. IRB Infrastructure Private Limited (IRBFL)
	7. Thane Ghodbunder Toll Road Private Limited (TGTRPL)
	8. Aryan Infrastructure Investments Private Limited (AIIPL)
	9. IRB MP Expressway Private Limited (formerly known as NKT Road and Toll Private Limited)
	10. MMK Toll Road Private Limited (MMK)
	11 IRB Kolhapur Integrated Road Development Company Private Limited (IRBK)
	12 Arvan Hospitality Private Limited (AHPL)
	13 IBB Sindhudurg Airport Private Limited (IRBSA)
	14 IBB Goa Tollway Private Limited (IRB Goa)
	15. IRB PS Highway Private Limited (formerly known as MRM Highways Private Limited) (IRBPS)
	16. IRB Ahmedabad Vadodara Super Express Tollway Private Limited (IRBAV)
	17. MRM Mining Private Limited (Formerly "J J Patel Infrastructural and Engineering Private Limited") (Subsidiary of MRMPL)
	18. GE1 Expressway Private Limited (formerly known as IRB PP Project Private Limited)
	19. VK1 Expressway Private Limited (VK1)
	19. VKT Expressival Private Emilieu (1977)
	20. Modern Estate (Partnership Firm)
	21. Pathankot Mandi Highway Private Limited
	22. Chittoor Thachur Highway Private Limited
	23. Meerut Budaun Expressway Limited - Subsidiary upto October 14, 2022 and Entity with Joint Control w.e.f. October 15,2022
	24. VM7 Expressway Private Limmited
	25. Samakhiyali Tollway Private Limited w.e.f 14.03.2023
	C) Other Associate Companies of Sponsor / Project Manager
	1. Virendra D. Mhaiskar (HUF)
	2. VCR Toll Services Private Limited
	2. VCR Toll Services Filvate Limited
	3. VDM Ventures Private Limited
	4. DEUX Farming Films Private Limited
	5. IRB Charitable Foundation
	Key Managerial personnel of Project SPV Group (Only with whom Project SPV Group had transactions during the year/ there was balance
	outstanding at the year end)
	1. Ms. Shilpa Todankar
	2. Mr. Abhay Phatak (w.e.f. March 09, 2022)
	3. Mr. Darshan Sangurdekar
	4. Mr. Omprakash Singh
	5. Mr. Chandrashekhar Kaptan
	6. Mrs. Ranjana Paranjape (w.e.f October 06, 2021)
	6. Mrs. Kanjana Paranjape (w.e.) October 00, 2021)
	7. Mrs. Arati Taskar
	8. Mr. Sudhir Rao Hoshing
	9. Mr. Amitabh Murarka
1	10. Mr. Jitendra Sharma (upto February 28, 2022)
	11. Mrs. Heena Raja (upto October 01, 2021)







### **Related Party Transactions**

(Rs. in Millions)

			Fellow subsidaries of Project SPV Group								
r. 0.	Particulars	Six Months ended March 31, 2023	Six months ended September 30, 2022	Six months ended March 31, 2022	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022	Six Months ended March 31, 2023	Six months ended September 30, 2022	Six months ended March 31, 2022	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022
						-	340.85	517.84	240.52	858.69	629.52
1	Contract expenses	-	-	-		12/3					-
_	IRB Infrastructure Developers Limited Modern Road Makers Private Limited	-					340.85	517.84	240.52	858.69	629.5
_	Modern Road Makers Private Emilieu										
-	Operation & Main. Expenses	1,368.50	1,350.91	930.63	2,719.41	1,906.45	-				+
2	IRB Infrastructure Developers Limited	1,368.50	1,350.91	930.63	2,719.41	1,906.45	-		•		-
							247.15	417.01	421.20	7(5.0)	(== =
3	Finance Cost -Interest unwinding on Trade payable	-	-			•	347.15	417.91	431.28	765.06	655,7
-	Modern Road Makers Private Limited	-		-			347.15	417.91	431.28	765.06	655.7
			180.47		180.47		-				
4	Short-term borrowings repayment		180.47		180.47	-		-		-	
	IRB Infrastructure Developers Limited		180.47		100.47	-	-	-			
	Modern Road Makers Private Limited		-			2	-			-	
_	Lunger recovered	205.38	303.69	39.11	509.07	743.02	-	-	-	-	-
5	Mobilisation advances recovered IRB Infrastructure Developers Limited	205.38	303.69	39.11	509.07	743.02	-				-
_	IRB Intrastructure Developers Entrese										
1	Material Aggregate Purchase	-	-		. <del></del>	-	212.27	375.78	714.03	588.05	1,555.19
6	Material Aggregate Private Limited			-			212.27	375.78	714.03	588.05	1,555.1
	Modern Road Makers Private Limited			•		-	•		•		
1.	Advance given including BG margin	896.12	343	165.89	896.12	451.03	-	-	62.45	-	62.5
7	gisten	896.12	-	165.89	896.12	451.03	-		-		
	IRB Infrastructure Developers Limited	890.12		105.89	690.12	451.05			62.45		62.5
	Modern Road Makers Private Limited								02.10		02.5
	FPC		320	300.83	14-	394.25	-			-	62.4
8	8 General advance recovered - EPC IRB Infrastructure Developers Limited	-		300.83		394.25	-		-		
	Modern Road Makers Private Limited					-			-		62.4
-	Woden Roug and		2 535 05	1 150 22	11 151 02	0 404 71		1000	20		
-	9 Construction cost	7,434.87	3,737.05	1,479.32	11,171.92	8,484.71	•	•	-	•	-
1	IRB Infrastructure Developers Limited	7,434.87	3,737.05	1,479.32	11,171.92	8,484.71			-		-
	Modern Road Makers Private Limited			•					-		•
		71.68	6.13	-	77.81	-	10.56	64.30	4.59	74.86	66.14
1	10 Amount held up IRB Infrastructure Developers Limited	71.68	6.13	-	77.81		4		¥		
-	Modern Road Makers Private Limited	-		-		•	10.56	64.30	4.59	74.86	66.1
F	11 Retention / Held up release during Yes	ar -		-			45.63		-	45.63	
				-			-				
C	IRB Infrastructure Developers Limited						45.63		-	45.63	
F	Modern Road Makers Private Limited										
+	12 Other payable	271.03			560.52	2,161.31		24.42	24.29	48.73	48.7
ł	IDD Infrastructure Developers Limited	271.03	289.49	2,152.42	560.52	2,161.31				-	-
+	Mhaickar Infrastructure Private Limited	-		•		-	24.29			48.71	48.7
ł	Modern Road Makers Private Limited						0.02	-	-	0.02	
t		S. Constant	-	1.77		1.77		-	-	-	-
t	13 Expenses incurred on our behalf		-	1.77		1.77		-			-
1	IRB Infrastructure Developers Limited			1.77		1.77					
		1,532.48		547,30	1,532.48	4,759.00	24		-	-	
- 11	14 Unsecured Loan received IRB Infrastructure Developers Limited	1,532.48		547.30							

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### **Related Party Transactions**

(Rs. in Millions)

	Particulars		Sponsor and Project Manager						Fellow subsidaries of Project SPV Group					
Sr. No.		Six Months ended March 31, 2023	Six months ended September 30, 2022	Six months ended March 31, 2022	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022	Six Months ended March 31, 2023	Six months ended September 30, 2022	Six months ended March 31, 2022	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022			
_		267.50			267.50	4,828.83		-	-					
15	Unsecured Loan repaid IRB Infrastructure Developers Limited	267.50		•	267.50	4,828.83			- ·					
	and the second		1,236.75	-	1,236.75	1,946.33			-	-	( <b>*</b> )			
16	Units Issued IRB Infrastructure Developers Limited	-	1,236.75	-	1,236.75	1,946.33								
	75 damarahle	212.45	-		212.45		12.80	14	-	12.80				
17	Trade payable IRB Infrastructure Developers Limited	212.45			212.45		•							
-	MMK Toll Road Private Limited	-		-		-			•					
	Modern Road Makers Private Limited	· · ·	-	~	•	•	12.80	-		12.80				
	Additional Intangible Asset	5,742.43	3,003.23	-	8,745.66	-	-		3,722.33	-	7,148.39			
18	IRB Infrastructure Developers Limited	5,742.43	3,003.23	-	8,745.66	÷ .			-					
1	Modern Road Makers Private Limited	· ·		-			•		3,722.33		7,148.39			
	Deletion of Intangible Asset	-	· ·				-33.73	57.19		23.46	-			
19	Modern Road Makers Private Limited					· · ·	-33.73	57.19		23.46				
20	) Interest unwinding of Intangible Asset			-				33.74		33.74				
1	Modern Road Makers Private Limited	•	-				-	33.74		33.74				





			Inv	estment Mar	ager		Key Management Personnel of Project SPV Group				Trustee of IRB Infrastructure Trust					
Sr. No.	Particulars	Six Months ended March 31, 2023	Six months ended September 30, 2022	Six months ended March 31, 2022	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022	Six Months ended March 31, 2023	Six months ended September 30, 2022	Six months ended March 31, 2022	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022	Six Months ended March 31, 2023	Six months ended September 30, 2022	Six months ended March 31, 2022	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022
21	Trade payable		-	12.88	-	12.88	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	IRB Infrastructure Developers Limited		-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-
	MMK Toll Road Private Limited	-	-	12.88	-	12.88					-	-	-	-	-	
22	Investment Management Fees	28.26	28.26	22.42	56.52	42.48		-	-		-	-	-		-	-
	MMK Toll Road Pvt Limited	28.26	28.26	22.42	56.52	42.48	•	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
23	Trustee Fees		-	-			-	-	-		-	3.38	1.92	0.74	5.30	3.33
	IDBI Trusteeship Services Limited		175	-	-	-	-	-			-	3.38	1.92	0.74	5.30	3.33
24	Director sitting fees paid	-		-	-	-	1.18	0.65	0.72	1.83	1.65		-	-	-	-
	Mrs. Arati Taskar			-	-		0.04	0.03	-	0.06	-	-	-		-	
	Mr. Darshan Sangurdekar	-	-	14 C	-	-	0.13	0.08	0.10	0.22	0.23	-	-		-	
	Mr.Omprakash Singh	-	-	-	-		0.12	0.07	0.11	0.19	0.23	-	-		-	
	Mr. Sudhir Hoshing	-	-				0.04	0.03	-	0.06	-	-	-		-	
	Mr. Jitendra Sharma		-	-	-		-	-	0.13	-	0.41	-	-	-	17	-
	Mrs. Heena Raja	-			-	-	-	-	-		0.06	-	-			-
	Mr. C S Kaptan		-				0.25	0.08	0.19	0.33	0.39		-	-	-	-
	Ms. Shilpa Todankar	-					0.33	0.19	0.12	0.51	0.26	-	-	-	-	-
	Mrs.Ranjana Paranjape	-			-		0.08	0.05	0.05	0.13	0.05			-	-	
	Mr. Abhay Pathak	-		-			0.17	0.09	0.02	0.25	0.02	-			-	
	Mr. Amitabh Murarka	-		-	( <b></b> )	200	0.04	0.03	-	0.06	-	-		-	-	-

#### **Related Party Transactions**







(Rs. in Millions)



## III. Related party balances

Т		Sponsor	and Project N	lanager	Fellow su	bsidaries of Pr Group	oject SPV
Sr. No.	Particulars	As on March 31, 2023	As on September 30, 2022	As on March 31, 2022	As on March 31, 2023	As on September 30, 2022	As on March 31, 2022
_	Short-term borrowings	477.81	477.81	477.81	-	-	-
1	IRB Infrastructure Developers Limited	477.81	477.81	477.81	-	-	-
-	Trade payable	4,931.60	2,240.64	1,189.05	12,475.69	11,996.54	11,888.28
2	IRB Infrastructure Developers Limited	4,931.60	2,240.64	1,189.05			1
	Modern Road Makers Private Limited				12,475.69	11,996.54	11,888.28
	MMK Toll Road Private Limited	-	-	-	-		-
-	Mobilisation advances	33.68	33.68	435.80	-	-	-
3	IRB Infrastructure Developers Limited	33.68	33.68	435.80	-	-	•
		451.18	429.03	502.86	0.03	0.03	0.03
4	Advance given IRB Infrastructure Developers Limited	451.18	429.03	502.86	0.05		-
	Modern Road Makers Private Limited			-	0.03	0.03	0.03
	Modern Road Makers Filvate Emilie						
5	Retention payable	-	35.48	-	281.35	267.12	256.49
5	IBB Infrastructure Developers Limited	-	35.48	-	-	-	
	Modern Road Makers Private Limited	-	-	-	281.35	267.12	256.49
6	Other payable including BG margin payable	32,246.65	31,995.62	31,711.77	3,697.39	3,673.10	3,648.68
0	IRB Infrastructure Developers Limited	32,246.65	31,995.62	31,711.77	-	-	-
	Modern Road Makers Private Limited	-	-		1,800.84	1,800.83	1,800.83
-	IRB Goa Tollway Private Limited	-	-	( <del></del> )	1,544.86	1,544.86	1,544.8
-	Mhaiskar Infrastructure Private Limited	-	-	-	351.69	327.40	302.9
F	Other payable ( Exp incurred on our behalf)	1.77	1.77	1.77	-		-
É	IRB Infrastructure Developers Limited	1.77	1.77	1.77		-	-
-	B Unsecured Loan / other payable	4,872.91	5,140.41	3,607.93	-	-	-
-	IRB Infrastructure Developers Limited	4,872.91	5,140.41	3,607.93		-	-
F	9 Trade Receivable	-		-	0.61	0.61	0.5
F	Modern Road Makers Private Limited	-	•	-	0.61	0.61	0.5
F	10 Expense payable	491.53	491.53	938.23	-	-	-
-	10 Expense payable IRB Infrastructure Developers Limited	491.53	491.53	938.23		-	1







### III. Related party balances

	Particulars	Inv	estment Mana	iger	Key Manage	ement Personn SPV Group	el of Project	Trustee of IRB Infrastructure Trust		
Sr. No.		As on March 31, 2023	As on September 30, 2022	As on March 31, 2022	As on March 31, 2023	As on September 30, 2022	As on March 31, 2022	As on March 31, 2023	As on September 30, 2022	As on March 31, 2022
_		78.54	68.17	80.31				-		
11	Trade payable			-						-
	IRB Infrastructure Developers Limited			-				-	-	-
	Modern Road Makers Private Limited	78.54	68.17	80.31		-			-	
_	MMK Toll Road Private Limited	78.54	00.17	00.51						
10	Expense payable		-		*		(75)	0.51	0.43	-
12	IRB Infrastructure Developers Limited	•	-		•	-	•	-	-	-
	Modern Road Makers Private Limited	-	2.41	-	-	•		-	•	-
	IDBI Trusteeship Services Limited		-	-	-	-		0.51	0.43	-
		0.08	-			-	-	-	-	-
13	Other receivable	0.08	-	-		-				-
	MMK Toll Road Private Limited									
14	Director sitting fees Payable	-	-	-	0.44	0.41	0.43		-	-
14	Mr. Rajendra kumar Agarwal	-	-	•	-	•	0.01	-	•	-
	Mrs. Aarti Taskar	-	-	-	0.01	0.02	-	-	-	-
	Mr. Darshan Sangurdekar	-	1 <u></u>	•	0.05	0.04	0.05	-		-
-	Mr. Omprakash Singh	-		•	0.04	0.03	0.05	2 <b>.</b>	-	-
-	Mr. Sudhir Hoshing	-	-	•	0.01	0.02		-	•	-
-	Mr. Jitendra Sharma	-	-	-	0.02	•	0.09	-		-
-	Mr. C S Kaptan	-	5		0.08	0.08	0.11	-	•	
-	Mr. C S Rapian Ms. Shilpa Todankar			-	0.13	0.10	0.09	-		
-	Mr. Abhay Pathak			-	0.07	0.06	-	-		
-	Mr. Amitabh Murarka		-	-	0.01	0.02	-	-	-	
-	Mr. Anntaon Marana Mrs. Ranjana Paranjape		-	-	0.03	0.03	0.03	-	-	



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g. On April 7, 2022, the Trust has executed arrangement with the Sponsor for implementation of Palsit Dankuni Tollway Private Limited ('SPV') by the Trust and accordingly, the project is being executed by the SPV and the Trust.

For MMK Toll Road Private Limited (Investment Manager to IRB Infrastructure Trust)

Virendra D. Mhaiskar Chairman

Place: Mumbai Date: May 12, 2023







304/308/309, udyog mandir no 1, 7-c, bhagoji keer marg, mahim, mumbai 400 016.

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON THE HALF YEARLY AND YEAR TO DATE STANDALONE FINANCIAL RESULTS OF THE IRB INFRASTRUCTURE TRUST

(pursuant to regulation 23 of the SEBI (Infrastructure Investment Trusts) Regulation, 2014, as amended)

Τо,

The Board of Directors, MMK Toll Road Private Limited, ("the Investment Manager to the Trust") Off No-11th Floor/1101, Hiranandani Knowledge Park, Technology Street, Hill Side Avenue, Powai, Mumbai 400 076 Maharashtra, India

#### REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL RESULTS

#### OPINION

We have audited the accompanying Statement of Standalone Financial result of IRB Infrastructure Trust ("the InvIT" or "the Trust") consisting of the Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, Explanatory notes thereto and the additional disclosure as required in paragraph 6 of Annexure A to the SEBI Circular No. CIR/IMD/DF/127/2016 dated November 29,2016 ("SEBI Circular") for the half year and for the year ended March 31, 2023 ("the statement"), attached herewith, being submitted by the Trust pursuant to the requirements of Regulation 23 of the SEBI (Infrastructure Investment Trusts) Regulation, 2014, as amended from time to time read with SEBI circular").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Statement:

- a. are presented in accordance with the requirements of Regulation 23 of the SEBI (Infrastructure Investment Trusts) Regulation, 2014, as amended and read with SEBI Circular No. CIR/IMD/DF/127/2016 dated November 29, 2016, in this regard; and
- b. gives a true and fair view in conformity with the applicable accounting standards, and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the Net Profit and Total Comprehensive Income and other financial information for the half year and year ended March 31, 2023.





#### BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) issued by Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI"). Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Results" section of our report. We are independent of the Trust in accordance with the "Code of Ethics" issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the InvIT Regulations, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE STATEMENT

The Statement has been prepared on the basis of the Standalone Annual Financial Statements. Management of the Investment Manager ('the Management') is responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Standalone financial results that give a true and fair view of the **Net Profit** and **Total Comprehensive Income** and Other financial information of the Trust in accordance with the requirements of the InvIT regulations; Indian Accounting Standards as defined in Rule 2(1)(a) of the companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 (as amended) and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, to the extent not inconsistent with the InvIT Regulations.

The Management is responsible for maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Trust and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Statement that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, which have been used for the purpose of preparation of the statement by the Management, as aforesaid.

In preparing the Statement, the Management is responsible for assessing the ability of the trust to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Management either intends to liquidate the Trust or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Management is responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process of the Trust.



# AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL RESULTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the statement as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Statement.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also,

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Standalone Financial Statement, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Managements' use of the going concern basis
  of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material
  uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the
  ability of the Trust to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material
  uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the
  related disclosures in the Statement or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify
  our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date
  of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Trust to
  cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of Standalone Financial Results, including the disclosures, and whether the Standalone Financial Results represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.





 Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the Trust to express an opinion on the Standalone Financial Statements of which we are the independent auditors.

We communicate with those charged with governance of the InvIT of which we are the independent auditors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

#### OTHER MATTERS

The statement includes the Standalone financial results for the half year and for the year ended March 31, 2023 being the balancing figures between the audited figures in respect of the full financial year ended March 31, 2023 and reviewed unaudited year to date figures up to September 30, 2022, being the date of the end of the first half of the current financial year, which were subject to limited review as required under Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirements)Regulation, 2015.

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MUMBA

For GOKHALE & SATHE, Chartered Accountants Firm Registration Ng.: 103264W

CA Kaustubh Deshpande, Partner Membership No. 121011 UDIN: **2312101164XXVZ 19** Date: 12th May 2023 Place: Mumbai



					(Rs. in	millions)
Sr. No.	Particulars	Six months ended March 31, 2023 (Audited – Refer note 5 (i))	Six months ended September 30, 2022 (Unaudited)	Six months ended March 31, 2022 (Audited – Refer note 5 (ii))	Year ended March 31, 2023 (Audited)	Year ended March 31, 2022 (Audited)
I	Incomes and gains					
	Interest on loan	2,112.36	2,109.41	2,094.25	4,221.77	4,200.00
	Profit on sale of investments	0.78	0.14	0.11	0.92	0.40
	Other income (changes in fair value gain / (loss))	0.18		0.04	0.18	0.04
	Total income and gains	2,113.32	2,109.55	2,094.40	4,222.87	4,200.44
11	Expenditure					
	Valuation expenses	1.69	0.98	0.44	2.67	1.46
	Audit fees	1.13	0.49	0.25	1.63	0.64
	Investment management fees (refer note b below)	28.26	28.26	22.20	56.52	42.48
	Trustee fees	2.53	-	0.27	2.53	0.38
	Legal and professional expenses	34.52	14.48	10.75	48.99	13.64
	Fair value loss on measurement of other payable	271.04	289.49	2,152.42	560.53	2,161.31
	Other expenses*	0.68	0.31	4.54	0.99	4.77
	Total Expenses	339.85	334.01	2,190.86	673.86	2,224.69
ш	Profit/(loss) from ordinary activities before tax (I) - (II)	1,773.47	1,775.54	(96.46)	3,549.01	1,975.75
IV	Tax expense (current tax and deferred tax) / reversal	-	-	-	-	
v	Profit/(loss) for the period after income tax (111) - (IV)	1,773.47	1,775.54	(96.46)	3,549.01	1,975.75
VI	Items of Other Comprehensive Income	1.	-	-	-	-
VII	Total Comprehensive Income (after tax) (V) +	1,773.47	1,775.54	(96.46)	3,549.01	1,975.75

#### Audited Standalone Financial results for the half year and year ended March 31, 2023

\* Other expenses include bank charges, rates and taxes and miscellaneous expenses.







Notes:

- 1 Investors can view the results of the IRB Infrastructure Trust ('Trust') on the Trust's website (www.irbinfratrust.co.in) or on the website of NSE (www.nseindia.com).
- 2 The Audited Standalone Financial Results comprises of the Standalone Statement of profit and loss, explanatory notes thereto and additional disclosures as required in paragraph 6 of Annexure A to the SEBI Circular no. CIR/IMD/DF/127/2016 dated November 29, 2016 ('SEBI Circular') of IRB Infrastructure Trust ('Trust') for the half year ended March 31, 2023 and for the year ended March 31, 2023 ("Standalone Financial Results") being submitted by the Trust pursuant to the requirements of Regulation 23 of the SEBI (Infrastructure Investment Trusts) Regulations, 2014, as amended from time to time read with SEBI Circular.
- 3 The Standalone Financial Results for the half year ended March 31, 2023 have been reviewed by the Audit Committee of the Investment Manager at their meeting held on May 12, 2023 and thereafter approved by the Board of Directors of the Investment Manager at their meeting held on May 12, 2023.
- 4 IRB Infrastructure Trust was registered as an irrevocable trust under the Indian Trusts Act, 1882 on August 27, 2019 and as an infrastructure investment trust under the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Infrastructure Investment Trusts) Regulations, 2014 on November 25, 2019. Units of IRB Infrastructure Trust have been listed on NSE on April 03, 2023.
- 5(i) The half yearly Standalone Financial Results for the half year ended March 31, 2023 are the derived figures between the audited figures in respect of the year ended March 31, 2023 and the reviewed figures up to September 30, 2022, being the date of the end of the first half of the current financial year, which were subject to limited review. The Standalone Financial Results for the half year ended March 31, 2023 and year ended March 31, 2023 have been prepared on the basis of the Standalone Financial Results for the half year ended September 30, 2022, the audited annual standalone financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2023, and the relevant requirements of the SEBI (Infrastructure Investment Trusts) Regulations, 2014, as amended from time to time read with SEBI Circular.
- 5(ii) The half yearly Standalone Financial Results for the half year ended March 31, 2022 are the derived figures between the audited figures in respect of the year ended March 31, 2022 and reviewed financials year-to-date figures up to September 30, 2021, being the date of the end of the first half of the previous financial year, which were subject to limited review.







Additional Disclosures as required by Paragraph 6 of Annexure A to SEBI Circular No. CIR/IMD/DF/127/2016: a) Net Distributable Cash Flows as at the Standalone Trust level

Sr. No.	Particulars	Six months ended March 31, 2023#	Six months ended September 30, 2022	Six months ended March 31, 2022	Year ended March 31, 2023#	Year ended March 31, 2022
1	Cash flows received from Project SPVs in the form of Interest (Refer note 1)	1,190.00	907.00	365.00	2,097.00	825.00
2	Cash flows received from Project SPVs in the form of Dividend	•			-	
3	Any other income accruing at the Trust level and not captured above, including but not limited to interest/return on surplus cash invested by the Trust	0.78	0.14	0.11	0.92	0.40
4	Cash flows received from the project SPVs towards the repayment of the debt issued to the Project SPVs by the Trust (Net) (Refer note 2)	(842.00)	(1,086.34)	(485.87)	(1,928.34)	(1,682.67
5	Total cash inflow at the Trust level (A)	348.78	(179.20)	(120,75)	169.58	(857.27
	Less:					
6	Any payment of fees, interest and expense incurred at the Trust level, including but not limited to the fees of the Investment Manager	(68.81)	(44.52)	(29.55)	(113.33)	(63.38
7	Income tax (if applicable) at the Standalone Trust Level	•		-		•
8	Repayment of external debt	-	-		-	
9	Total cash outflows / retention at the Trust level (B)	(68.81)	(44.52)	(29.55)	(113.33)	(63.38)
10	Net Distributable Cash Flows (C) = (A+B)	279.98	(223.72)	(150.30)	56.25	(920.65)

# The said amount would be utilised towards Capex in ongoing projects.

Notes:

1 Excludes interest due but not received of Rs.922.36, Rs.1,202.41 millions,Rs. 1,729.24 millions,Rs. 2,124.77 millions and Rs. 3,375 Millions for the six months ended March 31, 2023, six months ended September 30, 2022, six months ended March 31, 2022, year ended March 31, 2022.

2 Netted - off with disbursement of unsecured loan to project SPV.

b) Pursuant to the terms of the Investment Management Agreement, the fees will be paid to the Investment Manager for the services provided by it ("Management Fees"). The Management Fees have been revised for the Financial Year with the approval of the Unitholders, where the votes cast by Unitholders so entitled and voting in favor of a resolution are not less than one-and-a-half times the votes cast against such resolution. Pursuant to a resolution of the Unitholders, the Management Fees for the Financial Year 2023 has been revised to Rs.47.70 millions

#### c) Statement of earnings per unit

Particulars	Six months ended March 31, 2023	Six months ended September 30, 2022	(Rs. in Six months ended March 31, 2022	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022
Profit for the period / year	1,773.47	1,775.54	(96.46)	3,549.01	1,975.75
Number of units outstanding for computation of basic and diluted	87,92,93,265	87,66,42,992	85,50,43,265	87,79,64,498	84,29,14,666
Earnings per unit in Rs. (basic and diluted)	2.02	2.03	(0.11)	4.04	2.34

d) Statement of contingent liabilities and commitments

	As at			
Particulars	March 31, 2023	September 30, 2022	March 31, 2022	
Contingent liabilities	Refer Note below	Nil	Nil	
Commitments	Nil	Nil	Nil	



Note a the Trust has provided Corporate guarantee for the subsidiary companies i.e. SYTL and YATL in respect of the NCDs issued during the FY 2022-23.



### e) Statement of Related party transactions

#### I. List of Related Parties

. Subsidiaries/ SPVs	AE Tollway Limited
	CG Tollway Limited
	Hapur Muradabad Tollway Limited
	IRB Westcoast Tollway Limited
	Kishangarh Gulabpura Tollway Limited
	Kaithal Tollway Private Limited
	Solapur Yedeshi Tollway Limited
	Udaipur Tollway Limited
	Yedeshi Aurangabad Tollway Limited
	Palsit Dankuni Tollway Private Limited
ii. Parties to the Fund *	IRB Infrastructure Developers Limited (Sponsor and Project Manager)
n. runnes te me r	MMK Toll Road Private Limited (Investment Manager)
	IDBI Trusteeship Services Limited (Trustee of the IRB Infrastructure Trust)

#### iii. Subsidiaries Company of Sponsor and Project Manager

Mhaiskar Infrastructure Private Limited	1
Modern Road Makers Private Limited	
IRB Goa Tollway private Limited	

#### \*As per Invit Regulation

### iii. Promoters/ Directors of the parties to the Fund specified in (ii) above

Particulars	IRB Infrastructure Developers Limited (Sponsor and Project Manage)	MMK Toll Road Private Limited (Investment Manager)	IDBI Trusteeship Services Limited (Trustee of the IRB Infrastructure Trust)
Promoters	Mr. Virendra D. Mhaiskar Mrs. Deepali V. Mhaiskar Virendra D. Mhaiskar HUF	IRB Infrastructure Developers Limited	IDBI Bank Limited Life Insurance Corporation of India General Insurance Corporation of India
Directors	Mr. Virendra D. Mhaiskar, Chairman and Managing Director Mrs. Deepali V. Mhaiskar, Whole Time Director Mr. Jose Tamariz Martel Goncer Mr. Ravindra Dhariwal	Virendra D Mhaiskar Mr. Kunnasagaran Chinniah	Mr. Samuel Joseph Jebaraj Mr. Pradeep Kumar Jain Mrs. Jayashree Vijay Ranade Mr. Pradeep Kumar Malhotra Ms. Baljinder Kaur Mandal
	Independent directors	Independent directors	
	Mr. Chandrashekhar S. Kaptan Mr. Sunil H. Talati Mr. Sandeep J. Shah Ms. Priti Savla, Independent Director (wef February 10, 2022) Mrs. Heena Raja, Independent Director (utpo February 10, 2022)	K G Krishnamurthy Ranjana Paranjape	







sociates	A) Holding Company of Sponsor / Project Manager
	IRB Holding Private Limited (Formerly Mhaiskar Ventures Private Limited)
	B) Subsidiary Companies of Sponsor /
	Ideal Road Builders Private Limited (IRBPL)
	Mhaiskar Infrastructure Private Limited
	Modern Road Makers Private Limited
	Aryan Toll Road Private Limited (ATRPL)
	ATR Infrastructure Private Limited (ATRFL)
	IRB Infrastructure Private Limited (IRBFL)
	Thane Ghodbunder Toll Road Private Limited (TGTRPL)
	Aryan Infrastructure Investments Private Limited (AIIPL)
	IRB MP Expressway Private Limited
	MMK Toll Road Private Limited (MMK) - Entity with Joint Control
	IRB Kolhapur Integrated Road Development Company Private Limited (IRBK)
	Aryan Hospitality Private Limited (AHPL)
	IRB Sindhudurg Airport Private Limited (IRBSA)
	IRB Goa Tollway Private Limited (IRB Goa)
	IRB PS Highway Private Limited (IRBPS)
	IRB Ahmedabad Vadodara Super Express Tollway Private Limited (IRBAV)
	MRM Mining Private Limited (Subsidiary of MRMPL)
	GE1 Expressway Private Limited (Formerly known as IRB PP Project Private Limited)
	VK1 Expressway Private Limited (VK1) - Upto October 12, 2022
	IRB Infrastructure Trust - Entity with Joint Control
	VM7 Expressway Private Limited
	Palsit Dankuni Tollway Private Limited - Upto April 1, 2022
	Pathankot Mandi Highway Private Limited
	Chittoor Thachur Highway Private Limited
	Meerut Budaun Expressway Limited - Subsidiary upto October 14, 2022 and Entity with Joint Control w.e.f. October 15,2022
	Meeta Buaan Expressively Ennied Substantify the Second 17, 2022 and Enniy with Solid Control with Second 17, 2022
	Samakhiyali Tollway Private Limited w.e.f 14.03.2023
	C) Other Associate Companies of Sponsor / Project Manager
	1. Virendra D. Mhaiskar (HUF)
	2. VCR Toll Services Private Limited
	3. VDM Ventures Private Limited
	The second
	4. DEUX Farming Films Private Limited
	5. IRB Charitable Foundation
	Key Managerial personnel of Project SPV Group (Only with whom Project SPV Group had transactions during the year/ there was balance outstanding at the year end)
	1. Ms. Shilpa Todankar
	2. Mr. Abhay Phatak (w.e.f. March 09, 2022)
	3. Mr. Darshan Sangurdekar
	4. Mr. Omprakash Singh
	5. Mr. Chandrashekhar Kaptan
	<ol> <li>Mrs. Ranjana Paranjape (w.e.f October 06, 2021)</li> </ol>
	7. Mrs. Arati Taskar
	8. Mr. Sudhir Rao Hoshing
	9. Mr. Amitabh Murarka
	10. Mr. Jitendra Sharma (upto February 28, 2022)
	11. Mrs. Heena Raja (upto October 01, 2021)







## II ) Related party transaction during the year

. No.	Particulars	Relation	Six months ended March 31, 2023	Six months ended September 30, 2022	Six months ended March 31, 2022	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022
			•	1,212.00		1,212.00	615.00
1	Equity Investment IRB Hapur Muradabad Tollway Limited	Subsidiary				1	615.00
	Palshit Dankuni Tollway Private Limited	Subsidiary		1,212.00		1,212.00	
2	Subordinated Debt		-22	2,282.64	381.59	2,282.64	2,264.4
2	CG Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	(†)				240.30
	IRB Hapur Muradabad Tollway Limited	Subsidiary		383.76	162.50	383.76	1,765.00
	IRB Westcoast Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	1.5		**************************************		27
	Kishangarh Gulabpura Tollway Limited	Subsidiary		685.88	•	685.88	
	Udaipur Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	120		219.09	2	259.19
	Palshit Dankuni Tollway Private Limited	Subsidiary		1,213.00	-	1,213.00	121
			24.29	24.42	24.29	48.71	48.7
3	Long term Ioan (Interest free) Kaithal Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	24.29	24.42	24.29	48.71	48.7
			1,367.10	1,276.10	704.96	2,643.20	1,682.6
4	Short Term Loan given	Subsidiary	1.50 C	1 194953 (PeD) - N	5.00	10462342907454 17	231.3
	AE Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	-	46.50	21.76	46.50	33.7
	IRB Hapur Muradabad Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	405.50	825.60		1,231.10	158.0
	IRB Westcoast Tollway Limited	Subsidiary			114.40	1. C.	502.4
	Kaithal Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	1.2			· ·	4.0
	Solapur Yedeshi Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	719.40	401.50	267.00	1,120.90	214.4
	Udaipur Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	242.20		222.30	242.20	314.3
	CG Tollway Limited	Subsidiary			-	102	76.0
	Kishangarh Gulabpura Tollway Limited Yedeshi Aurangabad Tollway Limited	Subsidiary		2.50	74.50	2.50	148.5
5	Short Term Loan repaid		525.10	-		525.10	
2	IRB Hapur Muradabad Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	-			3 <del>9</del>	
	Kaithal Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	525.10	-		525.10	1.00
	Kishangarh Gulabpura Tollway Limited	Subsidiary					
6	Unit Capital Issued			1,236.75		1,236.75	1,946.3
v	IRB Infrastructure Developers Limited	Sponsor and Project Manager		1,236.75	-	1,236.75	1,946.3
-	Interest income		2,112.36	2,109.41	2,094.25	4,221.77	4,200.0
7		Subsidiary	279.23	280.77	279.23	560.00	560.0
	Solapur Yedeshi Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	297.35	284.42	279.23	581.77	560.0
	Yedeshi Aurangabad Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	591.39	594.64	591.39	1,186.02	1,186.0
	Kaithal Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	279.23	280.77	279.23	560.00	560.0
	IRB Westcoast Tollway Limited AE Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	665.16	the second	22.5753.88520.0	1,333.98	1,333.9







No.	Particulars	Relation	Six months ended March 31, 2023	Six months ended September 30, 2022	Six months ended March 31, 2022	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022
8	Inestment Management Fees		28.26	28.26	22.42	56.52	42.4
0	MMK Toll Road Pvt Limited	Investment Manager	28.26	28.26	22.42	56.52	42.48
9	Expenses incurred on behalf of others		89.88	268.09	2.93	358.05	0.89
	AE Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	0.01	1.10	0.00	1.11	
	CG Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	9.35	39.10	1.88	48.45	-
	Kishangarh Gulabpura Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	30.66	163.34	0.41	194.00	
	IRB Hapur Muradabad Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	2.93	29.70	· · ·	32.63	<u>ت</u> ا
	IRB Westcoast Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	4.84	2.77	0.64	7.61	· · ·
	Udaipur Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	14.11	1.97	•	16.08	0.8
	Solapur Yedeshi Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	3.77	0.01	0.00	3.78	
	Yedeshi Aurangabad Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	8.17	0.52	0.00	8.69	-
	Kaithal Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.01	
	Palsit Dankuni Tollway Private Limited	Subsidiary	16.03	29.57		45.60	
	MMK Toll Road Pvt Limited	Investment Manager	0.08	-	-	0.08	
10	Reimbursement received on expenses incurred on		59.08	69.24	2.93	128.32	
	behalf of others AE Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	0.00	1.09	0.00	1.10	
	CG Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	1.10		1.88	1.10	
	Kishangarh Gulabpura Tollway Limited	Subsidiary		22.68	0.41	22.68	
		Cubridian	0.00	0.73			
	IRB Hapur Muradabad Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	0.00	9.73	. 0.	9.73	
	IRB Westcoast Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	5.00		0.64	7.77	
	Udaipur Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	-	2.95	T I	2.95	
	Solapur Yedeshi Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	27.88	0.01	0.00	27.89	
	Yedeshi Aurangabad Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	10.50	0.52	0.00	11.02	
	Kaithal Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	
	Palsit Dankuni Tollway Private Limited	Subsidiary	14.58	29.48	5	44.06	
11	Unsecured Loan received			1,532.48	547.30	1,532.48	4,759.00
	IRB Infrastructure Developers Limited	Sponsor and Project Manager		1,532.48	547.30	1,532.48	4,759.00
12	Unsecured Loan paid		267.50			267.50	4,828.83
	IRB Infrastructure Developers Limited	Sponsor and Project Manager	267.50		E	267.50	4,828.83
13		Sponsor and Project	•		•		1.77
	IRB Infrastructure Developers Limited	Manager					1.77
14		Sponsor and Project	295.32	313.91	2,176.71	609.23	2,210.02
	IRB Infrastructure Developers Limited	Manager Subsidiaries	271.03	289.49	2,152.42	560.52	2,161.31
	Mhaiskar Infrastructure Private Limited	Company of Sponsor and Project Manager	24.29	24.42	24.29	48.71	48.71
1			2.53		0.27	2.53	0.38
	IDBI Trusteeship Services Limited	Trustee	2.53		0.27	2.53	0.3







## III ) Related party outstanding balances

Sr. No.	Particulars	Relation	As on March 31,2023	Six months ended September 30, 2022	As on March 31,2022
	Equity Investment		22,212.01	22,212.01	21,000.0
1	AE Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	4,365.00	4,365.00	4,365.0
	CG Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	2,035.00	2,035.00	2,035.0
	IRB Hapur Muradabad Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	3,715.00	3,715.00	3,715.0
	IRB Westcoast Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	1,741.94	1,741.94	1,741.9
	Kishangarh Gulabpura Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	1,555.00	1,555.00	1,555.0
	Kaithal Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	3,280.00	3,280.00	3,280.0
	Solapur Yedeshi Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	982.50	982.50	982.5
	Udaipur Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	1,168.00	1,168.00	1,168.0
	Yedeshi Aurangabad Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	2,157.57	2,157.57	2,157.5
	Palshit Dankuni Tollway Private Limited	Subsidiary	1,212.00	1,212.00	2,137.3
2	Subordinated Debt		72,212.43	72,212.43	69,929.7
	AE Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	10,265.88	10,265.88	10,265.8
	CG Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	2,727.80	2,727.80	2,727.8
	IRB Hapur Muradabad Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	9,798.52	9,798.52	9,414.7
	IRB Westcoast Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	12,203.92	12,203.92	12,203.9
	Kishangarh Gulabpura Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	2,495.38	2,495.38	1,809.5
	Kaithal Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	4,426.04	4,426.04	4,426.0
	Solapur Yedeshi Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	4,423.70	4,423.70	4,423.7
	Udaipur Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	8,338.40	8,338.40	8,338.4
	Yedeshi Aurangabad Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	16,319.79	16,319.79	16,319.3
	Palshit Dankuni Tollway Private Limited	Subsidiary	1,213.00	1,213.00	
3	Long term loan (Interest bearing)		30,000.00	30,000.00	30,000.
	AE Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	9,528.41	9,528.41	9,528.4
	IRB Westcoast Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	4,000.00	4,000.00	4,000.0
	Kaithal Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	8,471.59	8,471.59	8,471.
	Solapur Yedeshi Tollway Limited Yedeshi Aurangabad Tollway Limited	Subsidiary Subsidiary	4,000.00 4,000.00	4,000.00 4,000.00	4,000.0
4	Long term loan (Interest free)		351.69	327.40	302.9
4	Kaithal Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	351.69	327.40	302.9
5	Short Term Loan		5,421.29	4,579.29	3,492.9
	AE Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	478.89	478.89	478.8
	IRB Hapur Muradabad Tollway Limited	Subsidiary			37.3
	IRB Westcoast Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	2,348.08	1,942.58	1,116.9
	Kaithal Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	156.71	681.81	681.8
	Solapur Yedeshi Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	24.00	24.00	24.0
	Udaipur Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	1,335.31	615.91	214.
	Yedeshi Aurangabad Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	519.80	519.80	517.3
	CG Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	558.50	316.30	316.3
	Kishangarh Gulabpura Tollway Limited	Subsidiary			106.0
6	Other Payable		35,776.26	35,480.93	35,167.0
	IRB Infrastructure Developers Limited	Sponsor and Project Manager	32,095.57	31,824.54	31,535.0
	Mhaiskar Infrastructure Private Limited	Subsidiaries Company of Sponsor and Project	351.69	327.40	302.9
	Modern Road Makers Private Limited	Subsidiaries Company of Sponsor and Project	1,784.13	1,784.13	1,784.3
100	IRB Goa Tollway private Limited	Subsidiaries Company of Sponsor and Project Manager	1,544.86	1,544.86	1,544.8
HE TEL	Other payable ( Reimbursement of Expenses incurred on our behalf)			STIF	USTUR
115	IRB Infrastructure Developers Limited	Sponsor and Project	1.77	1.70	(RAI) III 1.5



Sr. No.	Particulars	Relation	As on March 31,2023	Six months ended September 30, 2022	As on March 31,2022
8	Other Receivable		284.05	253.24	
	Solapur Yedeshi Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	4.89	29.00	29.0
	Yedeshi Aurangabad Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	8.17	10.50	10.5
	IRB Westcoast Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	13.76	13.92	13.9
	Udaipur Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	14.11	0.00	0.9
	AE Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	0.01	× .	
	CG Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	47.35	39.10	
	Kishangarh Gulabpura Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	171.32	140.66	190
	IRB Hapur Moradabad Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	22.90	19.98	-
	Kaithal Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	0.00		
	Palshit Dankuni Tollway Private Limited	Subsidiary	1.54	0.09	-
	MMK Toll Road Private Limited	Investment Manager	0.08		
9	Interest Receivable		7,681.04	6,758.68	5,556.2
	Solapur Yedeshi Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	539.90	560.67	547.4
	Yedeshi Aurangabad Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	485.27	670.42	636.0
	Kaithal Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	2,112.74	1,928.85	1,693.7
	IRB Westcoast Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	1,552.00	1,272.77	992.0
	AE Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	2,991.13	2,325.97	1,687.1
10	Trade payable		78.54	68.17	80.3
20	MMK Toll Road Pvt Limited	Investment Manager	78.54	68.17	80.3
11	Unsecured Loan / other payable		4,872.91	5,140.41	3,607.9
	IRB Infrastructure Developers Limited	Sponsor and Project Manager	4,872.91	5,140.41	3,607.9







f) On April 7, 2022, the Trust has executed arrangement with the Sponsor for implementation of Palsit Dankuni Tollway Private Limited ('SPV') by the Trust and accordingly, the project is being executed by the SPV and the Trust.

For MMK Toll Road Private Limited (Investment Manager to IRB Infrastructure Trust)

Virendra D. Mhaiskar Chairman

Place: Mumbai Date: May 12, 2023







304/308/309, udyog mandir no 1, 7-c, bhagoji keer marg, mahim, mumbai 400 016.

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## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT To the Unit Holders of IRB Infrastructure Trust REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED IND AS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### OPINION

We have audited the accompanying Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements of IRB Infrastructure Trust ("the InvIT" or "the Trust") and its subsidiaries (the Trust and its subsidiaries together referred to as "the Group"), which comprise the Consolidated Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2023, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows, the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Unit Holder's Equity for the year then ended and the Consolidated Statement of Net Assets at Fair value as at March 31, 2023, the Consolidated Statement of Net Assets at Fair value as at March 31, 2023, the Consolidated Statement of Total Returns at Fair Value and the consolidated statement of Net Distributable Cash Flows ('NDCFs') of the trust and each of the subsidiaries for the year then ended, and notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements including a Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Other Explanatory Information (hereinafter referred to as "the Consolidated Financial Statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us and based on the consideration of reports of other auditors on separate financial statements and on the other financial information of the subsidiaries, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements give the information required by the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Infrastructure Investment Trusts) Regulations, 2014 as amended from time to time including any guidelines and circulars issued thereunder (together referred to as the "SEBI InvIT Regulations") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under Rule 2(1)(a) of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 ("Ind AS"), as amended and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the consolidated State of Affairs of the Group as at March 31, 2023, its Consolidated Loss and Total Comprehensive Loss, consolidated movement of the unit holders' funds and its consolidated cash flows for the year ended March 31, 2023, its consolidated Net Assets at fair value as at March 31, 2023, its consolidated total Returns at fair value and the Net Distributable Cash Flows ('NDCFs') of the trust and each of the subsidiaries for the year ended March 31, 2023.

### BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing ("SAs") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the consolidated IND AS financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements under the provisions of the SEBI InvIT Regulations and we have fulfilled our other ethical attempts and the statements are relevant.



responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on the Consolidated Financial Statements.

## **KEY AUDIT MATTERS**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

PAR	TICULARS	HOW THEY WERE ADDRESSED IN OUR AUDIT
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	Loss on fair value measurement of other payable / deferred consideration payable to IRB Group. Pursuant to settlement of IRB Infrastructure Trust by IRB Infrastructure Developers Limited (Sponsor), as a Private INVIT, the Trust has entered into Debt Novation Agreements (DNA). As per the terms of DNA, in consideration of assets taken over in 9 SPVs, Trust has issued units and agreed to transfer to the Sponsor, the claim amounts when and to the extent the same are eventually received by Project SPVs, on account of Sponsor Claims. Such Sponsor Claims shall be lodged after obtaining COD by respective SPVs. The amount realizable against claims has been estimated by the valuers appointed by the Management based on the weighted average of probabilities of realization of such claims. Based on the fair value of liability as estimated by he valuers, a resultant impact in the value of iability has been recognized under the head 'Loss on fair value measurement of other payable'.	<ul> <li>We reviewed the Placement Memorandum filed with SEBI and the consequential legal documentation entered into by the Trust, including inter alia the Debt Novation Agreements and their reflection in the underlying SPVs.</li> <li>We have reviewed the methodology adopted by the valuer in deriving the value including the assumptions made.</li> <li>We assessed the estimates of Fair Value provided in the Valuation Report and realizability of claims as indicated therein.</li> <li>We also reviewed the reasonableness of the variables applied in the said computation.</li> <li>Based on the above, the fair value of liability to the Sponsor, as estimated by the valuer, taking into consideration has been validated.</li> </ul>
T ac b (v t T o a	<b>mpairment Testing</b> The Group has toll collection rights as intangible assets pursuant to the concession agreement. The earrying value of these rights acquired under BOT pasis is being compared to the recoverable value which is value in use in the instant case) thereof to ascertain if there is any impairment. The process involves estimating the value in use of the asset which is determined by forecasting and discounting future cash flows. The same is ensitive to changes in discount rate, traffic	<ul> <li>We evaluated management's assessment on impairment for intangible assets under development and intangible assets - toll collection rights by testing the assumptions and methodologies used by the Management.</li> <li>Referred to valuation reports and Traffic Growth Study Reports and determined reasonableness of future toll revenue.</li> <li>Evaluated the potential changes in major components as compared to previous year vis-à-vis</li> </ul>



PARTICULARS	HOW THEY WERE ADDRESSED IN OUR AUDIT
growth rates, toll growth rates etc. The determination of the recoverable amount of the toll collection right involves significant judgment due to inherent uncertainty in the assumptions supporting the recoverable amount of these rights. Accordingly, the evaluation of impairment of toll collection rights has been determined as a Key Audit Matter.	<ul> <li>actual performance in order to evaluate whether the inputs and assumptions used in the cash flow forecasts were suitable.</li> <li>Assessed the appropriateness of the weighted average cost of capital used in determining recoverable amount.</li> <li>Performed sensitivity analysis of key assumptions used in valuation.</li> <li>Tested the arithmetical accuracy of the model.</li> </ul>

# INFORMATION OTHER THAN THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND AUDITOR'S REPORT THEREON

The Board of Directors of the Investment Manager is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Management Discussion and Analysis, Report of Investment Manager including annexures to Investment Manager's Report and other information as required to be given by SEBI InvIT Regulations but, does not include the Consolidated Financial Statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the Consolidated Financial Statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the Consolidated Financial Statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

## RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF INVESTMENT MANAGER FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Board of Directors of Investment Manager ('the Management') is responsible for the preparation of these Consolidated Financial Statements that give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position as at 31 March 2023, consolidated financial performance including other comprehensive income, consolidated movement of the unit holder's funds and consolidated cash flows for the year ended March 31, 2023, the consolidated net assets at fair value as at 31 March 2023, its consolidated total returns at fair value and the net distributable cash flow of the trust and each of its subsidiaries in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards specified and/or any addendum thereto as defined in Rule 2(1)(a) of Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended read with the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Infrastructure Investment Trusts)Regulation





2014 as amended from time to time including any guidelines and circulars issued thereunder (together referred to as the "InvIT Regulations").

The Board of Directors of Investment Manager and the respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group are responsible for maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the relevant laws for safeguarding of the assets of the Group and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud and error, which have been used for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements by the management of the trust, as aforesaid.

In preparing the Consolidated Financial Statements, the Board of Directors of Investment Manager and respective Board of Directors of the subsidiary companies included in the Group are responsible for assessing the ability of the Group to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors of Investment Manager and respective Board of Directors of the subsidiary companies included in the Group either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors of the Investment Manager and the respective Board of Directors of the subsidiary companies included in the Group are also responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process.

## AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED IND AS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance whether the Consolidated Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.





As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also,

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances ,but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Board of Directors of the Investment Manager.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of use of the going concern basis of accounting by the Board of Directors of Investment Manager and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group of which we are the independent auditors, to express an opinion on the Consolidated Financial Statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit of the Financial Statements of such entities included in the Consolidated Financial Statements of which we are the independent auditors. For companies included in the consolidated financial statement, which have been audited by other auditors, such other auditors remain responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audits carried out by them. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the Consolidated Financial Statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the Financial Statements.





We communicate with those charged with governance of the trust included in the consolidated financial statements of which we are the independent auditors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements of the current period and are therefore the Key Audit Matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

### OTHER MATTERS

We did not audit the Financial Statements and other financial information of 5 subsidiaries, whose Financial Statements reflect Total Assets of INR 1,13,238.70 Million, Net Assets of INR 35,029.67 Million as at 31 March 2023, Total Revenues of IINR 19,132.81 Million, Losses after taxes of INR 1,657.28 Million and Net Cash Inflow amounting to INR 201.07 Million for the year ended on 31 March 2023, as considered in the Consolidated Financial Statements before giving effect to elimination of intra-group transactions. These Financial Statements and other financial information have been audited by other auditor whose reports have been furnished to us by the Management and our opinion on the Consolidated Financial Statements, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of these subsidiaries and our report in terms of InvIT regulations, in so far as it relates to the aforesaid subsidiaries is based solely on the reports of the other auditor.

Our opinion above, on the Consolidated Financial Statements, and our report on other legal and regulatory requirements below, is not modified in respect of the above matters with respect to our reliance on the work done by and the reports of the other auditor.

### REPORT ON OTHER LEGAL AND REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

Based on our audit and as required by SEBI InvIT Regulations, we report that:

a. We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit of the aforesaid Consolidated Financial Statements.





- b. The consolidated Balance Sheet, and the consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss including other comprehensive income dealt with by this report are in agreement with the books of account maintained for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements; and
- c. In our opinion, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) and / or any addendum thereto as defined in Rule 2(1)(a) of Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended.

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### For Gokhale & Sathe,

Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No 103264W

CA Kaustubh Deshpande, Partner Membership No. 121011 UDIN: 23121011BGXXWC5823 Date: 12<sup>th</sup> May 2023 Place: Mumbai

	4.55	11.11.201.00.00.0000	The second second second
	Notes	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Property, Plant and Equipment	4	7.59	8.8
Goodwill		604.54	604.5
Other Intangible assets	4	2,28,418.29	2,21,859.4
Intangible assets under development	- 4	2,421.67	1,290.8
Financial assets			
i) Others	7	0.33	2.7
Other non-current assets	9	174.07	656.5
Deferred tax assets (net)	-8	755.80	287.6
		2,32,382.29	2,24,710.7
Current assets			
Financial assets			
i) Investments	5	1,283.09	659.5
ii) Trade receivables	6	84.67	51.5
iii) Cash and cash equivalents	10	731.31	287.2
iv) Bank balance other than (iii) above	11	4,866.69	2,469,9
v) Others	7	1,448.56	1,604.1
Current tax assets (net)	12	24.81	114.2
Other current assets	13	2,657.07	1,677.4
		11,096,20	6,864.1
Total assets		2,43,478.49	2,31,574.8
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
Equity share capital	14	87,929.33	85,504.3
Other equity	15		
Other reserves		(10,395.80)	(8,108.2
Total Equity		77,533.53	77,396.0
Non-controlling interests		0.81	77,396.0
Non-current liabilities			1102010
Financial liabilities			
i) Borrowings	16	98,943.95	92,559.8
ii) Other financial liabilities	18	35,780.80	92,359.8
iii) Trade payables	19	4,165.72	5,998.8
Provisions	20	2,965.03	1,350.5
	20	1,41,855.50	1,35,078.0
Current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
i) Borrowings	16	6,135.65	4,719.1
ii) Trade payables	17	01.00.00	
a) total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small		1.61	3.6
b) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro		15,303.87	11,214.6
enterprises and small enterprises			
iii) Other financial liabilities	18	2,549.37	3,023.1
Other current liabilities	21	98.15	140.1
		24,088.65	19,100.8
Total liabilities		1,65,944.15	1,54,178.8
Total equity and liabilities		2,43,478.49	2,31,574.8

Summary of significant accounting policies

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The accompanying summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (notes) are an integral part of Consolidated Financial Statements.

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As per our report of even date For Gokhale & Sathe Chartered Accountants 03264W ICAI registration number

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**IRB Infrastructure Trust** 

CA Kaustubh Deshpande Partner Membership No. 121011

Place: Mumbai Date: 12.05.2023

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of MMK Toll Road Private Limited (As Investment Manager to IRB Infrastructure Trust) CIN: U45200MH2002PTC135512

Virendra D. Mhaiskar Chairman DIN :00183554

V

Shilpa Todankar Chief Financial Officer

Place; Mumbai Date: 12.05.2023 D.K. Josh

Dhananjay K. Joshi Chief Executive officer

10 Kaustubh Shevade

Company Secretary Membership No.A27833

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March 31, 2023         March 31, 2023         March 31, 2023           Income         22         26,912.59         12,404.8           Difer income         23         23.08         100.1           Total Income         23         23.08         100.1           Total Income         27,175.67         12,594.9           Expenses         2.67         1.4           Audit fees         27,4         5.04         1.31           Dpending Expenses         2.67         1.4         1.050           Tratset Fees         2.647.70         1.660.2         1.652.2         2.029.5           Instance and Search Cess         1.4.72         1.1         1.1         1.1         1.1           Depreciation on Property, plant and Equipment         25         1.25         1.7.5         1.25         1.7.5         1.25         1.7.5           Finance costs (Unterst)         26         9.005.28         8.670.1         1.673.1         1.053.1         1.053.1         1.053.1         1.053.1         1.053.1         1.053.1         1.053.1         1.053.1         1.053.1         1.053.1         1.053.1         1.053.1         1.053.1         1.053.1         1.053.1         1.053.1         1.053.1         1.053.1				
Revenue from operations         22         26,912.59         12,404.8           Other income         23         263.08         100.1           Diral income         27,175.67         12,509.2         27,075.67         12,509.2           Streames         2.67         1.4           Valuation Expenses         2.67         1.4           Operating on Property, Expenses         1.472         1.1           Tratse Fee         5.95         4.1           Deprecision on Property, plant and Equipment         2.5         1.25         1.7           Finance costs (Interest)         2.6         1,249.41         865.5         1.6           Finance costs (Interest)         2.6         1,249.41         865.5         2.16.1         1.7           Finance costs (Interest)         0.01         -         1.6         1.6         1.6         1.6         1.6         1.6         1.6         1.7         1.6         1.6         1.6         1.6         1.6         1.6	Particulars	Notes		
Diter income       23       263.08       100.1         For al income       23       27.175.67       12.264.95         Sepenses       2.67       1.4         Valuation Expenses       2.67       1.4         Audit fees       27.4       5.04       3.1         Operating Expenses       2.41       12.865.52       2.020.55         Project Management Fees       1.4.72       1.1         Instance and Security Expenses       1.4.72       1.1         Trate Fees       5.95       4.1         Operating Expenses       2.400.91       1.650.2         Trate Fees       5.95       4.1         Operation on Property, plant and Equipment       25       1.25       1.7         Trate Fees       5.52       4.24       1.465.5       1.479.41       1.465.5         Station fees       0.01       -       50.52       4.24       1.465.5       1.17         Station fees       0.01       -       50.53       2.161.3       1.61.3       1.62.9       2.35.0       1.61.3       1.62.9       2.35.0       1.61.3       1.62.9       2.35.0       1.61.3       1.61.3       1.61.3       1.61.3       1.61.3       1.61.3       1.61.3	Income			
Total Income         27,175.67         12,5647           Expenses	Revenue from operations	22	26,912.59	12,404.84
Expenses         2.67         1.4           Valuation Expenses         2.7A         5.04         3.1           Operating Expenses         2.4         12,865.52         2,029.5           Volustion Expenses         2.4         12,865.52         2,029.5           Volustion on Property, plant and Equipment         25         1.25         1.7           Depreciation on Property, plant and Equipment         25         2,809.17         1,675.1           Finance costs (Others)         26         9,005.28         8,670.1           Finance costs (Others)         26         1,299.17         1,675.1           Finance costs (Others)         26         1,299.17         1,675.1           Finance costs (Others)         26         1,299.17         1,675.1           Outcoin faces         26         9,005.28         8,670.1           Cast on all of Sastis         0.01         -         56.52         42.4           Cast on all of Sastis         0.01         -         56.52         42.4           Other expenses         0.01         -         56.52         23.5         2.6           Cast on all of Sastis         0.01         -         -         -         -         -         -         -<	Other income	23	263.08	100.13
Valuation Expenses       2.67       1.4         Audit fees       27A       5.04       3.1         Audit fees       24       12,865.52       2,029.5         Project Management Fees       2,647.70       1,960.2         haurance and Security Expenses       14.72       1.1         Traster Fees       5.95       6.4.1         Depreciation on Property, plant and Equipment       25       2,809.17       1,673.1         Tinance costs (Interest)       26       9,005.28       8,670.1         Tinance costs (Interest)       26       9,005.28       8,670.1         Tinance costs (Interest)       26       9,005.28       8,670.1         Tinance costs (Interest)       26       1,249.41       868.5         Custodian feer       0.09       0.01       -         Custodian feer       0.09       0.01       -         Total sessets       0.01       -       -         Total sepanses       27       256.29       235.0         Total sepanses       0.2440.14       17,652.3       -         Polif (loss) Infer tax       -       -       -       -         Total tax expenses       27       256.29       235.00       16.1.3	Total Income	1	27,175.67	12,504,97
Audit free     27A     5.04     3.1       Operating Expenses     24     12,855.52     2,022.5       Insurance and Security Expenses     14,72     1.1       Trustee Fees     5.95     4.1       Drevelotion on Property, plant and Equipment     25     1.25     1.7       Amortisation of Intengible Assets     25     2,809.17     1.675.1       Finance costs (Interest)     26     9,005.28     8,670.0       Finance costs (Interest)     26     9,005.28     8,670.0       Finance costs (Others)     26     1,249.41     868.5       Investment Manager Fees     0.09     0.01     -       Loss on sale of assets     0.01     -     -       Fair value loss on measurement of other payable     56.52     42.407.1     (5.47.32       Differ expenses     27     25.29     23.50     23.50       Total comprehensive income     435.25     8.8     -       Constitutional (Leintidement)     -     -     -       Order ot ax     (468.13)     (72.02       Other comprehensive income     -     -     -       Item that will not be reclassified to profit or loss:     -     -       Other comprehensive income     -     -       Item date will not be freqtassified	Expenses			
Operating Exposes         24         12,865.52         2,025,5           Project Management Rees         2,477,70         1,560           Insurance and Security Expenses         14,72         1.1           Trustee Fees         5.95         4.1           Depreciation on Property, plant and Equipment         25         2,200,17         1,753.1           Finance costs (Interest)         26         9,005.28         8,670.1           Finance costs (Others)         26         9,005.28         8,670.1           Finance costs (Others)         26         9,005.28         8,670.1           Loss on sale of assets         0.09         0.01         -           Site value loss on measurement of other payable         560,53         2,161.3           Other expenses         29,480.14         17,652.3           Tex expenses         29,480.14         17,652.3           Deferred tax         (435.25         8.8           Order tax penses         21,271.59         (4,435.9           Deferred tax         (2,271.59)         (4,435.9           Other comprehensive income (loss) for the year         (2,271.59)         (4,435.9           Other comprehensive income (loss) for the year         0.59         -           Other compreh	Valuation Expenses		2.67	1.46
Project Management Fees     2,647.70     1,960.2       Insurance and Security Expenses     1,4.72     1,1       Insurance and Security Expenses     5,95     4,1       Depreciation on Property, plant and Equipment     25     1,25     1,7       Innance costs (Interest)     26     9,005.28     8,670.1       Finance costs (Others)     26     1,249.41     868.5       Investment Manager Fees     0.09     0.01     -       Custodian fees     0.09     0.01     -       Custodian fees     0.01     -     -       Other expenses     27     256.52     42.4       Prolific(loss) before fax     0.01     -     -       Trait value loss on measurement of other puyable     56.05.3     2,161.3     -       Other expenses     27     256.29     23.50       Prolific(loss) before fax     435.25     8.8       Current tax     435.25     8.8       Other comprehensive income (toss) for the year, net of tax     -     -       Instruct tax     435.25     8.8       Other comprehensive income (toss) for the year, net of tax     -     -       Other comprehensive income (toss) for the year, net of tax     -     -       Other comprehensive income (toss) for the year     0.59     - </td <td>Audit fees</td> <td>27A</td> <td>5.04</td> <td>3.13</td>	Audit fees	27A	5.04	3.13
nsurance and Security Expenses     14.72     1.1       Insise Fees     5.95     4.1       Sperceintion on Property, plant and Equipment     25     1.25     1.7       Amortisation of Intangible Assets     25     2,809,17     1,673,1       Sinance costs (Interest)     26     9,003,28     8,670,1       Sinance costs (Other)     26     1,249,41     868,5       Outso dian fees     0.09     0.1     -       Cass on sale of assets     0.01     -     -       Other expenses     0.09     0.1     -       Oral expenses     27     256,29     235,00       Oral expenses     20,460,14     17,652,3     29,480,14       Oral expenses     20,460,14     17,652,3     7,88       Oral expenses     20,460,14     17,652,3     8,88       Oral expenses     22,344,477     (5,147,3       Tax expenses     (2,230,44,77)     (5,147,3       Oral expenses     (2,230,44,77)     (5,147,3       Oral expenses     (2,231,457)     8,88       Oral expenses     (2,271,59)     (4,435,9       Oral expenses     (2,271,59)     (4,435,9       Oral expenses     (2,271,59)     (4,435,9       Oral expenses     (2,271,59)     (4,435,9	Operating Expenses	24	12,865.52	2,029.53
Prustec Fees       5.95       4.1         Depreciation on Property, plant and Equipment       25       1.25       1.7         Vanoritation of Intangible Assets       25       2.80917       1.6751         Vinnoritation of Intangible Assets       26       9,005.28       8,670.1         Vinnance costs (Others)       26       1,249.41       868.5         Vinnoretiment Manager Fees       56.52       42.4         Cast of assets       0.09       0.01       -         air value loss on measurement of other payable       560.53       2,161.3       -         Other expenses       0.09       0.01       -       -         Profit/(loss) before tax       22,304.477       (5,147.3       -         Tax expenses       22,480.14       17,652.3       -       -         Profit/(loss) before tax       435.25       8.8       -	Project Management Fees		2,647.70	1,960.27
Depreciation on Property, plant and Equipment         25         1.25         1.7           Amortisation of Intangible Assets         25         2,809,17         1,673.1           Finance costs (Interest)         26         9,005.28         8,670.1           Finance costs (Interest)         26         1,249.41         8685.5           Investment Manager Fees         565.52         42.4           Custodian fees         0.09         0.1           Loss on sule of assets         0.01         -           Sin value loss on measurement of other payable         560.53         2,161.3           Other expenses         27         226.62.9         235.0           Drotal expenses         29.498.01.41         17.055.3         2,161.3           Drotal expenses         27         22.63.29         235.00           Drotal expenses         29.498.01.41         17.055.3         2,161.3           Drotal expenses         (2,204.47)         (5,147.3)         435.25         8.8           Deferred tax         (468.13)         (720.2         435.95         (711.3           Orbit expenses         (2,271.59)         (4,435.9         (711.3           Deferred tax         (2,271.59)         (4,435.9         (711.3	insurance and Security Expenses		14.72	1.12
Amortisation of Intangible Assets       25       2,809.17       1,673.1         Finance costs (Interest)       26       9,005.28       8,670.1         Finance costs (Others)       26       1,249.41       868.5         Investment Manager Fees       56.52       42.4         Custodian fees       0.09       0.1         Loss on sale of saets       0.09       0.1         Fair value loss on measurement of other payable       560.53       2,161.3         Other expenses       27       256.29       235.03         Profit/(Joss) before tax       (2,304.47)       (5,147.3)         Current tax       2435.25       8.8         Defered tax       (2,304.47)       (5,147.3)         Profit/(Joss) before tax       (2,304.47)       (5,147.3)         Profit/(Joss) after tax       (2,3271.59)       (4,435.9)         Other comprehensive income       -       -         Item that will not be reclassified to profit or loss:       -       -         (a) Re-measurement (Joss) for the year, net of tax       -       -         Other comprehensive income       -       -       -         Item that will not be reclassified to profit or loss:       -       -       -         (a) Re-measureme	Trustee Fees		5.95	4.16
Finance costs (Interest)       26       9,005.28       8,670.1         Finance costs (Others)       26       1,249.41       868.5         investment Manager Fees       26       1,249.41       868.5         Loss on sale of assets       0.09       0.1         Loss on sale of assets       0.01       -         Fair value loss on measurement of other payable       560.53       2,161.3         Differ expenses       27       256.29       235.0         Profit/(loss) before tax       29,480.14       17,652.3       21,41.3         Tax expenses       27       29,480.14       17,652.3       21,41.3         Defored tax       (4,68.13)       (720.2       30.0       (720.2         MAT Credit utilisation / (Entitlement)       -       -       -       -         Drofat tax expenses       (32.88)       (711.3       (4,435.9       8.8         Profit/(loss) after tax       -       -       -       -       -         Other comprehensive income       -       -       -       -       -         Item that will not be reclassified to profit or loss:       a)       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -	Depreciation on Property, plant and Equipment	25	1,25	1.74
Finance costs (Others)       26       1,249,41       868.5         nvestment Manager Fees       56.52       42.4         Custodian fees       0.09       0.1         loss on alle of assets       0.01       -         Fair value loss on measurement of other payable       560.53       2,161.3         Other expenses       27       256.29       235.0         Orbal expenses       29,480.14       17,652.3       23.68         Current tax       2435.25       8.8       8         Defered tax       (435.25       8.8       7(72.02)         MAT Credit utilisation / (Entitlement)       -       -       -         Forfit/(loss) after tax       (2,271.59)       (4,435.9)       0(4,435.9)         Other comprehensive income       -       -       -       -         (iem that will not be reclassified to profit or loss:       -       -       -       -         (a) Re-measurement (loss)/gain on defined benefit plans (net of taxes)       -       -       -       -         Other comprehensive income (loss) for the year, net of fax       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -	Amortisation of Intangible Assets	25	2,809.17	1,673.16
Investment Manager Fees       56.52       42.4         Custodian fees       0.09       0.1         Loss on sale of assets       0.01       -         Tair value loss on measurement of other payable       56.52       21.61.3         Other expenses       27       256.29       235.0         Post expenses       27       256.29       235.0         Post expenses       27       29.480.14       17.652.3         Post expenses       21.01.3       (2.304.47)       (5.147.3)         Park expenses       21.304.47)       (5.147.3)       (72.02         VAT Credit utilisation / (Entitlement)       -       -       -         Forth tax expenses       (32.88)       (711.3)       (72.02         VAT Credit utilisation / (Entitlement)       -       -       -         Forth tox breckastified to profit or loss:       (32.88)       (711.3)       (74.435.9)         (a) Re-measurement (loss)/gain on defined benefit plans (net of taxes)       -       -       -         Other comprehensive income       -       -       -       -         (a) Re-measurement (loss) for the year, net of tax       -       -       -       -         Other comprehensive income (loss) for the year       (2.271.59) <td>Finance costs (Interest)</td> <td>26</td> <td>9,005.28</td> <td>8,670.13</td>	Finance costs (Interest)	26	9,005.28	8,670.13
Custodian fees0.090.1Loss on sale of assets0.01-Fair value loss on measurement of other payable560.532,161.3Difter expenses27256.29235.0Profit/(loss) before tax(2,304.47)(5,147.3Tax expenses(2,304.47)(5,147.3Current tax435.258.8Deferred tax(468.13)(720.2MAT Credit utilisation / (Entitlement)Fortal tax expenses(32.88)(711.3)Profit/(loss) after tax(2,271.59)(4,435.9)Other comprehensive income(tem that will not be reclassified to profit or loss:-a) Re-measurement (loss) for the year, net of tax-Profit/(loss) after tax(2,271.59)(4,435.9)Other comprehensive income /(loss) for the year(2,271.59)(4,435.9)Profit/(loss) after tax(2,271.59)(4,435.9)Non-controlling interests0.59-Profit/loss) after tax0.59-Attributable to:0.59-Equity holders of the Project SPV Group(2,272.18)(4,435.9)Non-controlling interests0.59-Non-controlling interests0.59-Servings per unif (of Rs 100 each)43Basie(2.59)(5.2)	Finance costs (Others)	26	1,249.41	868.58
Loss on sale of assets0.01Fair value loss on measurement of other payable560.532,161.3Other expenses27256.29235.0Pothl (sos) before fax(2,304.47)(5,147.3Fax expenses(2,304.47)(5,147.3Current tax435.258.8Deferred tax(468.13)(702.2AVAT Credit utilisation / (Entitlement)Fotal tax expenses(32.88)(711.3)Profit/(loss) after tax(2,271.59)(4,435.9Other comprehensive incomeItem that will not be reclassified to profit or loss: (a) Re-measurement (loss) for the year, net of tax-Profit/(loss) after taxOther comprehensive income /(loss) for the year(2,271.59)Other comprehensive income /(loss) for the year, net of tax-Profit/(loss) after taxOwners of the Project SPV Group(2,271.59)Owners of the Project SPV Group(2,272.18)Non-controlling interests0.59-Static comprehensive income for the year0.59Attributable to: Equity holders of the Project SPV Group(2,272.18)Kattributable to: Equity holders of the Project SPV Group0.59Static comprehensive income for the year0.59Static comprehens	Investment Manager Fees		56.52	42.48
Fair value loss on measurement of other payable560.532,161.3Other expenses27256.29235.0Fold (loss) before fax(2,304.47)(5,147.3Tax expenses(2,304.47)(5,147.3Current tax435.258.8Defered tax(468.13)(702.2MAT Credit utilisation / (Entitlement)Forfit/(loss) after tax(32.88)(711.3)Profit/(loss) after tax(2,271.59)(4,435.9)Other comprehensive incomeItem that will not be reclassified to profit or loss:-a) Re-measurement (loss)/gain on defined benefit plans (net of taxes)-Other comprehensive income /(loss) for the year, net of tax-Forfit/(loss) after tax(2,271.59)Other comprehensive income /(loss) for the year-Profit/(loss) after tax-Other comprehensive income /(loss) for the year-Other comprehensive income /(loss) for the year-Other comprehensive income /(loss) for the year-Other comprehensive income /(loss) of the year-Other comprehensive income /(loss) of the year-Owners of the Project SPV Group(2,271.59)Non-controlling interests0.59Servings per unit (of Rs 100 each)43Basie(2.59)Other comp per unit (of Rs 100 each)43	Custodian fees		0.09	0.18
Differ expenses27256.29233.0Total expenses29,480.1417,652.3Profit/(loss) before tax(2,304.47)(5,147.3Tax expenses(2,304.47)(5,147.3Current tax435.258.8Deferred tax(468.13)(720.2MAT Credit utilisation / (Entitlement)Fortal tax expenses(232.88)(711.3Profit/(loss) after tax(2,271.59)(4,435.9Other comprehensive income(tem that will not be reclassified to profit or loss: (a) Re-measurement (loss)/gain on defined benefit plans (net of taxes)-Other comprehensive income (loss) for the year, net of taxFotal comprehensive income (loss) for the year(2,271.59)(4,435.9Other comprehensive income (loss) for the year(2,271.59)(4,435.9Profit/(loss) after tax(2,272.18)(4,435.9Non-controlling interests0.59-Profit/loss) after tax0.59-Attributable to: Equity holders of the Project SPV Group Non-controlling interests0.59-Catt comprehensive income for the year(2,272.18)(4,435.9Non-controlling interests0.59-Sasie(2,59)(5.2	Loss on sale of assets		0.01	
Differ expenses27256.29233.0Total expenses29,480.1417,652.3Profit/(loss) before tax(2,304.47)(5,147.3Tax expenses(2,304.47)(5,147.3Current tax435.258.8Deferred tax(468.13)(720.2MAT Credit utilisation / (Entitlement)Fortal tax expenses(232.88)(711.3Profit/(loss) after tax(2,271.59)(4,435.9Other comprehensive income(tem that will not be reclassified to profit or loss: (a) Re-measurement (loss)/gain on defined benefit plans (net of taxes)-Other comprehensive income (loss) for the year, net of taxFotal comprehensive income (loss) for the year(2,271.59)(4,435.9Other comprehensive income (loss) for the year(2,271.59)(4,435.9Profit/(loss) after tax(2,272.18)(4,435.9Non-controlling interests0.59-Profit/loss) after tax0.59-Attributable to: Equity holders of the Project SPV Group Non-controlling interests0.59-Catt comprehensive income for the year(2,272.18)(4,435.9Non-controlling interests0.59-Sasie(2,59)(5.2	Fair value loss on measurement of other payable			2,161.31
Profit/(loss) before tax(2,304.47)(5,147.3)Tax expenses(435.25)8.8Current tax(435.25)8.8Deferred tax(468.13)(720.2MAT Credit utilisation / (Entitlement)Total fax expenses(32.88)(711.3)Profit/(loss) after tax(2,271.59)(4,435.9Other comprehensive incomeItem that will not be reclassified to profit or loss:-(a) Re-measurement (loss)/gain on defined benefit plans (net of taxes)-Other comprehensive income / (loss) for the year, net of tax-Total comprehensive income / (loss) for the year(2,271.59)Other tax-Course of the Project SPV Group(2,272.18)Non-controlling interests0.59Cotal comprehensive income for the yearAttributable to:0.59Equity holders of the Project SPV Group(2,272.18)Non-controlling interests0.59Serie0.59		27		235.06
Profit/(loss) before tax(2,304.47)(5,147.3)Tax expenses(435.25)8.8Current tax(435.25)8.8Deferred tax(468.13)(720.2MAT Credit utilisation / (Entitlement)Total fax expenses(32.88)(711.3)Profit/(loss) after tax(2,271.59)(4,435.9Other comprehensive incomeItem that will not be reclassified to profit or loss:-(a) Re-measurement (loss)/gain on defined benefit plans (net of taxes)-Other comprehensive income / (loss) for the year, net of tax-Total comprehensive income / (loss) for the year(2,271.59)Other tax-Course of the Project SPV Group(2,272.18)Non-controlling interests0.59Cotal comprehensive income for the yearAttributable to:0.59Equity holders of the Project SPV Group(2,272.18)Non-controlling interests0.59Serie0.59	Total expenses		29,480,14	17.652.31
Tax expenses       435.25       8.8         Current tax       435.25       8.8         Deferred tax       (468.13)       (720.2         MAT Credit utilisation / (Entitlement)		-		
Current tax435.258.8Deferred tax(468.13)(720.2MAT Credit utilisation / (Entitlement)Fortal fax expenses(32.88)(711.3Profit/(Joss) after tax(2,271.59)(4,435.9Other comprehensive income(tem that will not be reclassified to profit or loss:-(a) Re-measurement (Joss)/gain on defined benefit plans (net of taxes)-Other comprehensive income /(Ioss) for the year, net of tax-Total comprehensive income /(Ioss) for the year(2,271.59)Other soft he Project SPV Group(2,271.59)Non-controlling interests0.59Total comprehensive income for the year0.59Cotal comprehensive income for the year0.59Cotal comprehensive income for the year0.59Equity holders of the Project SPV Group(2,272.18)Non-controlling interests0.59Seaic0.59Sasie(2,29)Sasie(2,59)			(det data)	X = 15.110
Deferred tax       (468.13)       (720.2         MAT Credit utilisation / (Entitlement)       -       -         Fotal tax expenses       (32.88)       (711.3         Profit/(loss) after tax       (2,271.59)       (4,435.9)         Other comprehensive income       -       -         Item that will not be reclassified to profit or loss:       -       -         (a) Re-measurement (loss)/gain on defined benefit plans (net of taxes)       -       -         Other comprehensive income /(loss) for the year, net of tax       -       -         Fotal comprehensive income /(loss) for the year       (2,271.59)       (4,435.9)         Profit/(loss) after tax       (2,271.59)       (4,435.9)         Owners of the Project SPV Group       (2,272.18)       (4,435.9)         Non-controlling interests       0.59       -         Fotal comprehensive income for the year       0.59       -         Attributable to:       -       0.59       -         Equity holders of the Project SPV Group       (2,272.18)       (4,435.9)         Non-controlling interests       0.59       -         Non-controlling interests       0.59       -         Sensic       (2,29)       (5.2 <td>Current tax</td> <td></td> <td>435.25</td> <td>8.87</td>	Current tax		435.25	8.87
MAT Credit utilisation / (Entitlement)       -         Fotal tax expenses       (32.88)         Profit/(loss) after tax       (2,271.59)         Other comprehensive income       -         (tem that will not be reclassified to profit or loss:       -         (a) Re-measurement (loss)/gain on defined benefit plans (net of taxes)       -         Other comprehensive income /(loss) for the year, net of tax       -         Fotal comprehensive income /(loss) for the year       (2,271.59)         Profit/(loss) after tax       (2,271.59)         Owners of the Project SPV Group       (2,272.18)         Non-controlling interests       0.59         Fotal comprehensive income for the year       0.59         Attributable to:       -         Equity holders of the Project SPV Group       (2,272.18)         Non-controlling interests       0.59         Fotal comprehensive income for the year       -         Equity holders of the Project SPV Group       (2,272.18)         Non-controlling interests       0.59         Sesic       0.59         Sesic       (2.59)         Sesic       (2.59)	Deferred tax			(720.23
Total tax expenses(32.88)(711.3Profit/(loss) after tax(2,271.59)(4,435.9)Other comprehensive income(item that will not be reclassified to profit or loss: (a) Re-measurement (loss)/gain on defined benefit plans (net of taxes)Other comprehensive income/ (loss) for the year, net of taxOther comprehensive income /(loss) for the year, net of taxProfit/(loss) after tax(2,271.59)(4,435.9)(4,435.9)Owners of the Project SPV Group(2,272.18)(4,435.9)Non-controlling interests0.59-Profit/lotable to: Equity holders of the Project SPV Group(2,272.18)(4,435.9)Attributable to: Equity holders of the Project SPV Group(2,272.18)(4,435.9)Non-controlling interests0.59Earnings per unit (of Rs 100 each)43Basic(2.59)(5.2)Basic(2.59)(5.2)-	MAT Credit utilisation / (Entitlement)			
Profit/(loss) after tax       (2,271.59)       (4,435.9)         Other comprehensive income       (2,271.59)       (4,435.9)         (a) Re-measurement (loss)/gain on defined benefit plans (net of taxes)       -       -         Other comprehensive income/(loss) for the year, net of tax       -       -         Other comprehensive income/(loss) for the year, net of tax       -       -         Fotal comprehensive income /(loss) for the year       (2,271.59)       (4,435.9)         Profit/(loss) after tax       (2,271.59)       (4,435.9)         Attributable to:       0       (2,272.18)       (4,435.9)         Owners of the Project SPV Group       (2,272.18)       (4,435.9)         Non-controlling interests       0.59       -         Fotal comprehensive income for the year       0.59       -         Attributable to:       0.59       -       -         Equity holders of the Project SPV Group       (2,272.18)       (4,435.9)         Non-controlling interests       0.59       -       -         Earnings per unit (of Rs 100 each)       43       -       -         Basic       (2.59)       (5.2)       (5.2)       -			(32.88)	(711.36
Item that will not be reclassified to profit or loss:         (a) Re-measurement (loss)/gain on defined benefit plans (net of taxes)         Other comprehensive income/(loss) for the year, net of tax         Fotal comprehensive income /(loss) for the year         Profit/(loss) after tax         Attributable to:         Owners of the Project SPV Group         Non-controlling interests         Other comprehensive income for the year         Attributable to:         Owners of the Project SPV Group         Non-controlling interests         Other comprehensive income for the year         Attributable to:         Equity holders of the Project SPV Group         Non-controlling interests         0.59         Earnings per unit (of Rs 100 each)         Basic       (2.59)	Profit/(loss) after tax			(4,435.98
(a) Re-measurement (loss)/gain on defined benefit plans (net of taxes)       -       -         Other comprehensive income /(loss) for the year, net of tax       -       -         Fotal comprehensive income /(loss) for the year       (2,271.59)       (4,435.9)         Profit/(loss) after tax       (2,271.59)       (4,435.9)         Attributable to:       0       (2,272.18)       (4,435.9)         Non-controlling interests       0.59       -         Fotal comprehensive income for the year       0.59       -         Attributable to:       0.59       -         Owners of the Project SPV Group       (2,272.18)       (4,435.9)         Non-controlling interests       0.59       -         Equity holders of the Project SPV Group       (2,272.18)       (4,435.9)         Non-controlling interests       0.59       -         Equity holders of the Project SPV Group       (2,272.18)       (4,435.9)         Non-controlling interests       0.59       -         Earnings per unit (of Rs 100 each)       43       -         Basic       (2.59)       (5.2)	Other comprehensive income			
Other comprehensive income / (loss) for the year, net of tax     -       Total comprehensive income / (loss) for the year     (2,271.59)       Profit/(loss) after tax     (2,271.59)       Owners of the Project SPV Group     (2,272.18)       Non-controlling interests     0.59       Fotal comprehensive income for the year     0.59       Attributable to:     0.59       Equity holders of the Project SPV Group     (2,272.18)       Non-controlling interests     0.59       Equity holders of the Project SPV Group     (2,272.18)       Non-controlling interests     0.59       Earnings per unit (of Rs 100 each)     43       Basic     (2.59)	Item that will not be reclassified to profit or loss:			
Other comprehensive income / (loss) for the year, net of tax     -       Total comprehensive income / (loss) for the year     (2,271.59)       Profit/(loss) after tax     (2,271.59)       Owners of the Project SPV Group     (2,272.18)       Non-controlling interests     0.59       Fotal comprehensive income for the year     0.59       Attributable to:     0.59       Equity holders of the Project SPV Group     (2,272.18)       Non-controlling interests     0.59       Equity holders of the Project SPV Group     (2,272.18)       Non-controlling interests     0.59       Earnings per unit (of Rs 100 each)     43       Basic     (2.59)	(a) Re-measurement (loss)/gain on defined benefit plans (net of taxes)			
Profit/(loss) after tax       (2,271.59)       (4,435.9)         Attributable to:       (2,272.18)       (4,435.9)         Owners of the Project SPV Group       (2,272.18)       (4,435.9)         Non-controlling interests       0.59       -         Fotal comprehensive income for the year       (4,435.9)       -         Attributable to:       (2,272.18)       (4,435.9)         Equity holders of the Project SPV Group       (2,272.18)       (4,435.9)         Non-controlling interests       0.59       -         Earnings per unit (of Rs 100 each)       43       -         Basic       (2.59)       (5.2)	Other comprehensive income/ (loss) for the year, net of tax		4.	4
Attributable to: Owners of the Project SPV Group (2,272.18) (4,435.9 Non-controlling interests 0.59 - Fotal comprehensive income for the year Attributable to: Equity holders of the Project SPV Group (2,272.18) (4,435.9 Non-controlling interests 0.59 - Earnings per unit (of Rs 100 each) 43 Basic (2.59) (5.2	Total comprehensive income /(loss) for the year		(2,271.59)	(4,435.98
Owners of the Project SPV Group     (2,272.18)     (4,435.9)       Non-controlling interests     0.59     -       Fotal comprehensive income for the year     (2,272.18)     (4,435.9)       Attributable to:     (2,272.18)     (4,435.9)       Equity holders of the Project SPV Group     (2,272.18)     (4,435.9)       Non-controlling interests     0.59     -       Earnings per unit (of Rs 100 each)     43     -       Basic     (2.59)     (5.2)	Profit/(loss) after tax		(2,271.59)	(4,435.98
Non-controlling interests     0.59       Fotal comprehensive income for the year       Attributable to: Equity holders of the Project SPV Group Non-controlling interests     (2,272.18)       Series     0.59       Earnings per unit (of Rs 100 each)     43       Basic     (2.59)       (5.2			(2.272.18)	(4 435 98
Attributable to: Equity holders of the Project SPV Group (2,272.18) (4,435.9 Non-controlling interests 0.59 Earnings per unit (of Rs 100 each) 43 Basic (2.59) (5.2				(1,102.00
Equity holders of the Project SPV Group     (2,272.18)     (4,435.9       Non-controlling interests     0.59     -       Sanic     43     (2,59)     (5.2	Fotal comprehensive income for the year			
Equity holders of the Project SPV Group     (2,272.18)     (4,435.9       Non-controlling interests     0.59     -       Earnings per unit (of Rs 100 each)     43     -       Basic     (2.59)     (5.2	Attributable to:			
Non-controlling interests 0.59 - Earnings per unit (of Rs 100 each) 43 Basic (2.59) (5.2			(2.272.18)	(4.435.99
Basic (2.59) (5.2				(1,105.50
Basic (2.59) (5.2	Farnings par unit (of De 100 each)	47		
		4.5	10 500	10.00
	Jasic Diluted		(2.59)	(5.26

#### IRB Infrastructure Trust Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended March 31, 2023

Summary of significant accounting policies

The accompanying summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (notes) are an integral part of Consolidated Financial Statements.

As per our report of even date For Gokhale & Sathe Chartered Accountants ICAT registration number 103264

CA Kaustubh Desilpande Partner Membership No. 121011

In ALE S. C. MUMBAI

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of MMK Toll Road Private Limited (As Investment Manager to IRB Infrastructure Trust) CIN : U45200MH2002PTC135512

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Virendra D. Mhaiskar Chairman DIN :00183554

Shilpa Todankar Chief Financial Officer

Place: Mumbai Date: 12.05.2023

D.K. Josh

Dhananjay K. Joshi Chief Executive officer

Kaustubh Shevade Company Secretary Membership No.A27833



Place: Mumbai Date: 12.05.2023

#### IRB Infrastructure Trust DISCLOSURES PURSUANT TO SEBI CIRCULARS (SEBI Circular No. CIR/IMD/DF/114/2016 dated 20-Oct-2016 and No. CIR/IMD/DF/127/2016 dated 29-Nov-2016

A. Consolidated statement of net assets at fair value

	As at March	( Rs. in Millions) As at March 31, 2022		
Particulars	Book value	Fair value	Book value	Fair value
A. Assets	2,43,478.49	2,99,372.54	2,31,574.87	2,52,287.18
B. Liabilities (at book value)	1,65,944.15	1,16,629.02	1,54,178.83	1,05,330.89
C. Net Assets (A-B)	77,534.34	1,82,743.52	77,396.04	1,46,956.29
D. Number of units (in millions)	879.29	879.29	855.04	855.04
E. NAV (C/D) (Amount in Rs.)	88.18	207.83	90.52	171.87

#### Project wise break up of fair value of total assets:

Name of the project	As at March 31, 2023
IRB Westcoast Tollway Limited (IRBWTL)	36,482.81
Solapur Yedeshi Tollway Limited (SYTL)	24,790.88
Yedeshi Aurangabad Tollway Limited (YATL)	43,312.69
Kaithal Tollway Limited (KTL)	25,383.75
AE Tollway Limited (AETL)	32,259.22
Udaipur Tollway Limited (UTL)	27,580.66
CG Tollway Limited (CGTL)	29,523.00
Kishangarh Gulabpura Tollway Limited (KGTL)	23,223.41
IRB Hapur Moradabad Tollway Limited (IRBHMTL)	43,631.92
Palsit Dankuni Tollway Private Limited (PDTPL)	12,478.53
Subtotal	2,98,666.88
Add : IRB Infrastructure Trust Assets	705.66
Total assets	2,99,372.54

### B. Consolidated statement of total returns at fair value :

	(Rs. in Millions)	
Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2023	For the year ended March 31, 2022
Total Comprehensive Income (As per the Statement of Profit and Loss)	(2,271.59)	(4,435.98)
Add/Less: other changes in fair value (e.g., in investment property, property, plant & equipment (if cost model is followed)) not recognized in total comprehensive income	1,05,209.18	69,560.25
Total Return	1,02,937.59	65,124.27

#### Notes :

Fair value of assets as at March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022 and other changes in fair value for the year then ended as disclosed in the above tables are derived based on the fair valuation reports issued by the independent valuer appointed under the InvIT Regulations.

As per our report of even date For Gokhale & Sathe Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration Number: 103264W

CA Kaustubh Deshpande Partner Membership No. 121011



For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of MMK Toll Road Private Limited (As Investment Manager to IRB Infrastructure Trust) CIN: U45200MH2002PTC135512

Virendra D.Mhaiskar Chairman DIN : 00183554

Shilpa Todankar Chief Financial Officer

Place: Mumbai Date: 12.05.2023

D. K. Josh

Dhananjay K. Joshi Chief Executive officer RUC MUME Kaustubh Shevade

Company Secretary Membership No.A27833

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended March 31, 2023

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2023	( Rs. in Millions For the year ended March 31, 2022
Cash flow from operating activities		
Profit/(loss) before tax	(2,304.47)	(5,147.34
Adjustment to reconcile profit before tax to net cash flows:		
Depreciation and amortisation	2,810.42	1,674.90
Resurfacing expenses	1,614.45	992.7
Fair value gain on mutual funds	(11.35)	(0.78
Net (gain) on sale of current Investment	(62.95)	(13.93
Finance costs	10,111.65	9,538.7
Interest income	(186.05)	(81.69
Gain/(loss) on fair value measurement of other payable	560.53	2,161.3
Operating profit before working capital changes	12,532.23	9,123.9
Movement in working capital:	2 1 1 1 1 1 1	
Increase/ (decrease) in trade payables	1,178.92	11,498.13
Increase/ (decrease) in provisions		
Increase/ (decrease) in other financial liabilities	435.72	306.40
(Decrease)/ increase in other liabilities	(45.01)	30.31
Decrease / (increase) in trade receivables	(33.12)	48.69
(Increase) / decrease in other financial assets	134.16	(989.59
Increase) / decrease in other assets	(343.36)	(167.40
Cash generated from operations	13,859.54	19,850.5
Taxes paid (net)	(345.84)	32.0
Net cash flows generated from operating activities (A)	13,513.70	19,882.5
-		
Cash flows from investing activities		
Purchase of property, plant and equipment including CWIP, intangible assets including intangible assets under development and capital advances	(11,055.81)	(17,617.12
Proceeds from sale/ (purchase) of current investments (net)	(549.25)	(72.3
investments in bank deposits (having original maturity of more than three	(2396.72)	(725.62
nonths) (net)		
Interest received	200.12	103.63
Net cash flows (used in) investing activities (B)	(13,801.66)	(18,311.44
Cash flows from financing activities		
Proceeds from non-current borrowings	32,302.27	3,988.2
Repayment of non-current borrowings	(25923.75)	(775.43
Proceed of current borrowings	1,532.48	4759.00
Repayment of current borrowings	(447.97)	(4828.83
ssue of equity share capital	2,425.00	3,816.3
Unit issue expenses	(15.33)	(3.2)
Finance cost paid		
	(9,140.79)	(8,653.52
Net cash flows (used in)/generated from financing activities (C)	731.91	(1,697.4)
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	443.95	(126.20
그는 그는 그는 것은 것은 것은 것은 것은 것은 것을 가지 않는 것을 수 있는 것을 수 있다. 것을 것을 것을 수 있는 것을 수 있다. 것을 것을 것을 것을 것을 것을 수 있는 것을 수 있다. 것을 것 같이 것을 것 같이 않는 것을 수 있는 것을 수 있다. 것을 것 같이 것 같이 것 같이 않는 것 않는 것 같이 않는 것 않는	287.23	413.4
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		413.43
Add: Cash acquired during business combination Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year (refer note 10)	0.13 731.31	287.23
	10150	
Components of cash and cash equivalents Balances with scheduled banks:		
	204.00	161 6
- Trust, retention and other escrow accounts	394.06	161.5
- Others	279.37	118.0
- In deposit accounts with original maturity less than 3 months	49.50	
Cash-on hand	8.38	7.6
Foral cash and cash equivalents	731.31	287,2
NUMBA SE	NUMBAI S	
A 10 PACEON	- SEE	

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

## Statement of changes in Unitholders equity

A. Unit capital:

			(.	Rs. in Millions)
	March 31,	2023	March 31, 2	2022
i) Units issued, subscribed and fully paid	No.	Rs.	No.	Rs.
Units having face value of Rs. 100/-				
Balance at the beginning of the year	85,50,43,265	85,504.33	81,68,80,000	81,688.00
Issue of Unit capital (Note 14)	2,42,50,000	2,425.00	3,81,63,265	3,816.33
Balance at the end of the year	87,92,93,265	87,929.33	85,50,43,265	85,504.33

B. Other equity

	(Rs. in Millions)
March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
rnings	
ne beginning of the year (8,108.29	) (3,669.05)
for the year (2,272.18	) (4,435.98)
ration profit	
expenses (15.33	) (3.26)
the end of the year (10,395.80	) (8,108,29)
the end of the year (10,	395.80

Summary of significant accounting policies

3

The accompanying summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (notes) are an integral part of Consolidated Financial Statements.

As per our report of even date attached

For Gokhale & Sathe Chartered Accountants ICAI registration number: 103264W



CA Kaustubh Deshpande Partner Membership No. 121011

MUMBA

Place: Mumbai Date: 12.05.2023 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of MMK Toll Road Private Limited (As Investment Manager to IRB Infrastructure Trust) CIN: U45200MH2002PTC135512

Virendra D. Mhaiskar Chairman DIN :00183554

Shilpa Todankar Chief Financial Officer

Place: Mumbai Date: 12.05.2023 D.K. Josh

Dhananjay K. Joshi Chief Executive officer

Kaustubh Shevade Company Secretary Membership No.A27833



### Additional Disclosures as required by Paragraph 6 to SEBI Circulars No. CIR/MD/DF/127/2016

### a. Net Distributable Cash Flow for the year ended March 31, 2023

### (i) IRB Infrastructure Trust

(Rs. in Millions)				
Sr. No.	Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2023#	Year ended March 31, 2022	
1	Cash flows received from Project SPVs in the form of Interest	2,097.00	825.00	
2	Cash flows received from Project SPVs in the form of Dividend			
3	Any other income accruing at the Trust level and not captured above, including but not limited to interest/return on surplus cash invested by the Trust	0.92	0.40	
4	Cash flows received from the project SPVs towards the repayment (Net) of the debt issued to the Project SPVs by the Trust	(1,928.34)	(1,682.67)	
5	Total cash inflow at the Trust level (A)	169.58	(857.27)	
	Less:			
6	Any payment of fees, interest and expense incurred at the Trust level, including but not limited to the fees of the Investment Manager	(113.33)	(63.38)	
7	Income tax (if applicable) at the Standalone Trust Level	<u>ن</u> ه	4	
8	Repayment of external debt			
9	Total cash outflows / retention at the Trust level (B)	(113.33)	(63.38)	
10	Net Distributable Cash Flows (C) = (A+B)	56.25	(920.65)	

# The same is earmarked towards capex for ongoing projects.

Note :

1

2

Excludes interest due but not received of Rs. 2,124.77 millions and Rs. 3,375 Millions for the year ended March 31, 2023 and year ended March 31, 2022.

Netted - off with disbursement of short-term unsecured loan to project SPVs. (Refer RPT disclosures of standalone financial results).





(ii) IRB	Westcoast	Tollway	Limited	(IRBWC)

Sr. No.	Description	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022
1	Profit after tax as per profit and loss account (A)	(1,135.93)	(815.33)
2	Add: Depreciation and amortisation as per Statement of profit and loss	164.74	113.19
3	Add/less: Any other item of non-cash expense / non cash income (net of actual cash flows for these items), if deemed necessary by the Investment Manager	137.31	64.76
4	Add: Interest paid/payable to the Trust	530.18	491.37
5	Add :- Provision for resurfacing expenses (Net)	10 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
6	Less: Principal repayment of external debt	(70.97)	(86.97)
7	Less: Tax paid		
8	Less: Creation of MMRA		
9	Less: Capital expenditure towards the project		1
10	Total adjustments (B)	761.26	582.35
11	Net Distributable Cash Flows (C) = (A+B)	(374.67)	(232.98)



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## (ii) Yedeshi Aurangabad Tollway Limited (YATL)

ii) reues	(Rs. in Million		
Sr. No.	Description	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022
1	Profit after tax as per profit and loss account (A)	(264.71)	(834.88)
2	Add: Depreciation and amortisation as per Statement of profit and loss	559.99	305.02
3	Add/less: Any other item of non-cash expense / non cash income (net of actual cash flows for these items), if deemed necessary by the Investment Manager	41.68	3.08
4	Add: Interest paid/payable to the Trust	581.77	560.00
5	Add :- Provision for resurfacing expenses (Net)	109.06	102.67
6	Less: Principal repayment of external debt	(60.29)	(361.08)
7	Less: Tax paid	V - 200 - 11	
8	Less: Creation of MMRA	(220.00)	
9	Less: Capital expenditure towards the project		1
10	Total Adjustments (B)	1,012.21	609.69
11	Net Distributable Cash Flows (C) = (A+B)	747.50	(225.19)



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		(F	(Rs. in Millions)	
Sr. No.	Description	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022	
1	Profit after tax as per profit and loss account (A)	(225.45)	(543.70)	
2	Add: Depreciation and amortisation as per Statement of profit and loss	168.97	116.74	
3	Add/less: Any other item of non-cash expense / non cash income (net of actual cash flows for these items), if deemed necessary by the Investment Manager	20.80	7.61	
4	Add: Interest paid/payable to the Trust	560.00	560.00	
5	Add :- Provision for resurfacing expenses (Net)	60.75	59.68	
6	Less: Principal repayment of external debt	(5.86)	(111.88)	
7	Less: Tax paid			
8	Less: Creation of MMRA	(80.00)		
9	Less: Capital expenditure towards the project		Section 2.	
10	Total Adjustments (B)	724.66	632.15	
11	Net Distributable Cash Flows (C) = (A+B)	499.21	88.45	

## (iii) Solpaur Yedeshi Tollway Limited (SYTL)





## (iii) Kaithal Tollway Limited (KTL)

		(F	ts. in Millions)
Sr. No.	Description	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022*
1	Profit after tax as per profit and loss account (A)	(848.69)	(896.42)
2	Add: Depreciation and amortisation as per Statement of profit and loss	212.13	52.97
3	Add/less: Any other item of non-cash expense / non cash income (net of actual cash flows for these items), if deemed necessary by the Investment Manager	96.97	77.30
4	Add: Interest paid/payable to the Trust	1,186.02	1,186.02
5	Add :- Provision for resurfacing expenses (Net)	176.65	171.38
6	Less: Principal repayment of external debt	(121.25)	(66.45)
7	Less: Tax paid		
8	Less: Creation of MMRA		
9	Less: Capital expenditure towards the project		
10	Total Adjustments (B)	1,550.52	1,421.22
11	Net Distributable Cash Flows (C) = (A+B)	701.83	524.80

\* Profit after tax is inclusive of compensation income towards toll suspension due to farmers agitation amounting to Rs.900.90 millions.





## (v) Agra Etawah Tollway Limited (AETL)

		(F	Rs. in Millions
Sr. No.	Description	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022*
1	Profit after tax as per profit and loss account (A)	(1,749.13)	(1,669.85)
2	Add: Depreciation and amortisation as per Statement of profit and loss	309.71	262.06
3	Add/less: Any other item of non-cash expense / non cash income (net of actual cash flows for these items), if deemed necessary by the Investment Manager	32.54	12.68
4	Add: Interest paid/payable to the Trust	1,333.98	1,333.98
5	Add :- Provision for resurfacing expenses (Net)	185.82	178.57
6	Less: Principal repayment of external debt	(68.51)	(37.63)
7	Less: Tax paid		
8	Less: Creation of MMRA		1
9	Less: Capital expenditure towards the project		2 7 0 1
10	Total Adjustments (B)	1,793.54	1,749.66
11	Net Distributable Cash Flows (C) = (A+B)	44.41	79.81

\* Profit after tax is inclusive of compensation income towards toll suspension due to farmers agitation amounting to Rs.64.26 millions.





## (vi) Udaipur Tollway Limited (UTL)

		(R	Rs. in Millions)
Sr. No.	Description	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022
1	Profit after tax as per profit and loss account (A)	(1,903.87)	(1,291.68)
2	Add: Depreciation and amortisation as per Statement of profit and loss	364.50	267.28
3	Add/less: Any other item of non-cash expense / non cash income (net of actual cash flows for these items), if deemed necessary by the Investment Manager	120.39	164.27
4	Add: Interest paid/payable to the Trust		
5	Add :- Provision for resurfacing expenses (Net)	432.11	349.85
6	Less: Principal repayment of external debt	(28.84)	(32.90)
7	Less: Tax paid		
8	Less: Creation of MMRA		
9	Less: Capital expenditure towards the project		
10	Total Adjustments (B)	888.16	748.50
11	Net Distributable Cash Flows (C) = (A+B)	(1,015.71)	(543.18)





## (vii) Chittorgarh Gulabpura Tollway Limited (CGTL)

Sr. No.	Description	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022
1	Profit after tax as per profit and loss account (A)	(936.67)	(213.49)
2	Add: Depreciation and amortisation as per Statement of profit and loss	371.14	243.63
3	Add/less: Any other item of non-cash expense / non cash income (net of actual cash flows for these items), if deemed necessary by the Investment Manager	(110.79)	145.29
4	Add: Interest paid/payable to the Trust		÷
5	Add :- Provision for Resurfacing Expenses (Net)	126.16	76.99
6	Less: Repayment of external debt (principal)	(79.44)	(51.48)
7	Less: Tax paid		1
8	Less: Creation of MMRA		
9	Less: Capital expenditure towards the project		
10	Total Adjustments (B)	307.08	414.43
11	Net Distributable Cash Flows (C) = (A+B)	(629.59)	200.94





## (viii) Kishangarh Gulabpura Tollway Limited (KGTL)

			(Rs. in Millions)		
Sr. No.	Description	Year ended March 31, 2023#	Year ended March 31, 2022		
1	Profit after tax as per profit and loss account (A)	(247.35)	(405.09)		
2	Add: Depreciation and amortisation as per Statement of profit and loss	212.76	103.80		
3	Add/less: Any other item of non-cash expense / non cash income (net of actual cash flows for these items), if deemed necessary by the Investment Manager Add: Interest paid/payable to the Trust		174.35		
4			-		
5	Add :- Provision for Resurfacing Expenses (Net)	110.67			
6	Less: Repayment of external debt (principal)	(36.32)	(15.94)		
7	Less: Tax paid				
8	Less: Creation of MMRA				
9	Less: Capital expenditure towards the project				
10	Total Adjustments (B)	536.46	262.21		
11	Net Distributable Cash Flows (C) = (A+B)	289.11	(142.88)		

# The said funds are earmarked towards NHAI premium payment.



MIMO.

## (ix) IRB Hapur Muradabad Tollway Limited (IRBHM)

Sr. No.	Description	Year ended March 31, 2023#	Year ended March 31, 2022	
1	1 Profit after tax as per profit and loss account (A)		(285.44)	
2	Add: Depreciation and amortisation as per Statement of profit and loss	351.78	210.21	
3	Add/less: Any other item of non-cash expense / non cash income (net of actual cash flows for these items), if deemed necessary by the Investment Manager Add: Interest paid/payable to the Trust		87.52	
4				
5	Add :- Provision for Resurfacing Expenses (Net)	270.19		
6	Less: Repayment of external debt (principal)	(134.90)	(11.10)	
7	Less: Tax paid			
8	Less: Creation of MMRA			
9	Less: Capital expenditure towards the project		(10.20)	
10	Total Adjustments (B)	545.06	276.43	
11	Net Distributable Cash Flows (C) = (A+B)#	469.58	(9.01)	

# The said funds are earmarked towards balance Capex.





(x) Palsit Dankuni Tollwa	y Private Limited (PDTPL)
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		(Rs. in Millions)
Sr. No.	Description	Year ended March 31, 2023#
1	Profit after tax as per profit and loss account (A)	1,430.69
2	Add: Depreciation and amortisation as per Statement of profit and loss	94.71
3	Add/less: Any other item of non-cash expense / non cash income (net of actual cash flows for these items), if deemed necessary by the Investment Manager	193.17
4	Add: Interest paid/payable to the Trust	
5	Add :- Provision for Resurfacing Expenses (Net)	
6	Less: Repayment of external debt (principal)	
7	Less: Tax paid	(363.10)
8	Less: Creation of MMRA	1
9	Less: Capital expenditure towards the project	(1,332.99)
10	Total Adjustments (B)	(1,408.21)
11	Net Distributable Cash Flows (C) = (A+B)	22.48

# The said funds are earmarked towards balance Capex.





Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

#### Corporate Information

The IRB Infrastructure Trust (the "Trust") is a trust settled pursuant to the indenture of trust dated August 27, 2019 which is registered under the Registration Act, 1908 and under the Securities Exchange Board of India (Infrastructure Investment Trusts) Regulations, 2014 as amended from time to time. The Trust is settled by the Sponsor, IRB Infrastructure Developers Limited ("IRB" or the "Sponsor"), an infrastructure development company in India. The Trustee to the Fund is IDBI Trusteeship Services Limited (the "Trustee"). Investment manager for the Trust is MMK Toll Road Private Limited (the "Investment Manager"). The Trust has received registration certificate from SEBI on November 25, 2019.

The Trust has been formed to invest in infrastructure assets primarily being in the road sector in India. The Trust's road projects are eligible infrastructure projects under the InvIT Regulations and held through special purpose vehicles ("Project SPVs" together as "Project SPV Group"). The Trust's portfolio comprises of ten road projects as listed below:-

Project SPV Name**	Residual Concession life*	Proposed shareholding	Nature of Investment	Status	Principal Activities	Country of incorporation
IRB Westcoast Tollway Limited (IRBWTL)	18 years 11 Months 2 days	100%	Subsidiary	Tolling and Construction	Construction and operation of road including toll collection.	India
Solapur Yedeshi Tollway Limited (SYTL)	20 years 9 Months 21 days	100%	Subsidiary	Operating		India
Yedeshi Aurangabad Tollway Limited (YATL)	18 years 3 Months 1 days	100%	Subsidiary	Operating		India
Kaithal Tollway Limited (KTL)	19 years 3 Months 15 days	100%	Subsidiary	Operating		India
AE Tollway Limited (AETL)	17 years 4 Months 2 days	100%	Subsidiary	Operating		India
Udaipur Tollway Limited (UTL)	15 years 5 Months 4 days	100%	Subsidiary	Operating		Indía
CG Tollway Limited (CGTL)	14 years 7 Months 5 days	100%	Subsidiary	Operating		India
Kishangarh Gulabpura Tollway Limited (KGTL)	14 years 10 Months 22 days	100%	Subsidiary	Operating		India
IRB Hapur Moradabad Tollway Limited (IRBHMTL)	18 years 1 Months 25 days	100%	Subsidiary	Operating		India
Palsit Dankuni Tollway Private Limited (PDTPL) w.e.f 02.04.2022	16 years 0 Months 1 days	100%	Subsidiary	Tolling and Construction		India

\* Represents residual concession life as at March 31, 2023 as per original concession period (without considering extension of concession period, if any).

\*\* Of the above Project SPVs, IRBWTL, SYTL, YATL, AETL, CGTL, UTL and IRBHMTL have been converted to public companies on November 13, 2019 and KTLand KGTL on November 14, 2019.

The registered office of the Investment Manager is Off No-11th Floor/1101 Hiranandani Knowledge Park, Technology Street, Hill Side Avenue, Powai Mumbai 400076. The financial statements were authorised for issue in accordance with resolution passed by the board of directors of the Investment manager on May 12, 2023. The Trust has been listed on NSE w.e.f. 03.04,2023.

#### 2 Basis of preparation

A.

#### Statement of compliance

The Consolidated Financial Statements of Project SPV Group comprises of Consolidated Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022, the Consolidated Statement of Project SPV group, the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flow Statement, the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity of the movement of the unit holders for the year ended March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022, the consolidated statement of Net Assets at Fair Value as at March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022 and the Consolidated Statement of Total Returns at Fair Value for the year ended March 31, 2023 and March 31,

The Consolidated Financial Statements of the Project SPV Group have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) as per the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 notified under Section 133 of the Act, read with SEBI (Infrastructure Investment Trusts) Regulations, 2014, as amended and the circulars issued thereunder ("InvIT Regulations") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. The Consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared on a accrued and historical cost basis, except for certain assets and liabilities which have been measured at fair value.

The Consolidated Financial Statements are presented in Rs. in millions, except when otherwise indicated. Wherever the amount represented '0' (zero) construes value less than Rupees five thousand.

#### B Basis of preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements

The Consolidated Financial Statements comprise the Financial Statements of the Project SPV Group.

Consolidated Financial Statements are prepared using uniform accounting policies for like transactions and other events in similar circumstances.

The Financial Statements of all Project SPVs used for the purpose of consolidation are drawn up to the same reporting date i.e. year ended on March 31.

Consolidation procedure:

(a) Consolidate like items of assets, liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows of Project SPVs.

(b) Eliminate in full intra Project SPVs assets and liabilities, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between Project SPVs of the Project SPV Group (profits or losses resulting from intra Project SPV Group transactions that are recognised in assets, such as inventory and property, plant and equipment, are eliminated in full). Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income (OCI) are attributed to the equity holders of the Project SPV Group and to the non-controlling interests, even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

#### 3 Summary of significant accounting policies

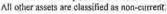
#### 3.01 Current versus non-current classification

The Project SPV Group has identified twelve months as its operating cycle. The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in each and cash equivalents.

The Project SPV Group presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/ non-current classification. An asset is treated as current when it is:

- Expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading
- Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period, or

- Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.







Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

- A liability is current when:
  - It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle
  - It is held primarily for the purpose of trading
  - It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
  - There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period
- The Project SPV Group classifies all other liabilities as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities respectively.

#### 3.02 Use of estimates and judgements

The preparation of the Project SPV Group's financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenue, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the accompanying disclosures, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets or liabilities affected in future years.

#### Estimates and assumptions

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the year in which the estimates are revised and future periods are affected.

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below. The Project SPV Group based its assumptions and estimates on parameters available when the financial statements were prepared. Existing circumstances and assumptions about future developments, however, may change due to market changes or circumstances arising that are beyond the control of the Group. Such changes are reflected in the assumptions when they occur.

Fair value measurement of financial instruments (refer note 31)

Provision for major maintenance (refer note 20) Impairment of non financial assets (refer note 3.19)

#### 3.03 Business Combinations

Business combinations are accounted for using the acquisition method. The cost of an acquisition is measured as the aggregate of the consideration transferred measured at fair value on acquisition date and the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree. For each business combination, the Group elects whether to measure the non-controlling interests in the acquiree at fair value or at the proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets.

At the acquisition date, the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed are recognised at their acquisition date fair values. For this purpose, the liabilities assumed include contingent liabilities representing present obligation and they are measured at their acquisition fair values irrespective of the fact that outflow of resources embodying economic benefits is not probable.

Goodwill is initially measured at cost, being the excess of the aggregate of the consideration transferred and the amount recognised for non-controlling interests, and any previous interest held, over the net identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed. If the fair value of the net assets acquired is in excess of the aggregate consideration transferred, the Group re-assesses whether it has correctly identified all of the assets acquired and all of the liabilities assumed and reviews the procedures used to measure the amounts to be recognised at the acquisition date. If the reassessment still results in an excess of the fair value of net assets acquired over the aggregate consideration transferred, then the gain is recognised in OCI and accumulated in equity as capital reserve. However, if there is no clear evidence of bargatin parchase, the entity recognises the gain directly in equity as capital reserve, without routing the same through OCI

After initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the acquiree are assigned to those units.

A cash generating unit to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment annually, or more frequently when there is an indication that the unit may be impaired. If the recoverable amount of the cash generating unit is less than its carrying amount, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the unit and then to the other assets of the unit pro rata based on the carrying amount of each asset in the unit.

Any impairment loss for goodwill is recognised in profit or loss. An impairment loss recognised for goodwill is not reversed in subsequent periods. Where goodwill has been allocated to a cashgenerating unit and part of the operation within that unit is disposed of, the goodwill associated with the disposed operation is included in the carrying amount of the operation when determining the gain or loss on disposal. Goodwill disposed in these circumstances is measured based on the relative values of the disposed operation and the portion of the cash-generating unit rotatined.

#### 3.04 Asset acquisition

The acquisition of an asset or a group of assets that does not constitute a business. In such cases the acquirer shall identify and recognise the individual identifiable asset acquired including those assets that meet the definition of, and recognition criteria for, intangible asset in IND AS 38, Intangible Assets and Liabilities assumed. The cost of the group is allocated to the individual identifiable assets and liabilities on the basis of their relative fail values at the date of purchase. Such a transaction or event does not give rise to goodwill.

#### 3.05 Fair value measurement

The Project SPV Group measures financial instruments, (refer note 31) at fair value at each balance sheet date.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability
- The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Project SPV Group.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Project SPV Group uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:





Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

Level 1 - Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities

Level 2- Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable

Level 3 -Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Project SPV Group determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the ltierarchy by re-assessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

The Project SPV Group's Management determines the policies and procedures for both recurring fair value measurement, such as derivative instruments and unquoted financial assets measured at fair value, and for non-recurring measurement, such as assets held for distribution in discontinued operations

At each reporting date, the Management analyses the movements in the values of assets and liabilities which are required to be remeasured or re-assessed as per the Project SPV Group's accounting policies. For this analysis, the Management verifies the major inputs applied in the latest valuation by agreeing the information in the valuation computation to contracts and other relevant documents.

The management also compares the change in the fair value of each asset and liability with relevant external sources to determine whether the change is reasonable.

On an annual basis, the Management presents the valuation results to the Investment Manager and the Project SPV Group's independent auditors. This includes a discussion of the major assumptions used in the valuations.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Project SPV Group has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.

This note summarises accounting policy for fair value. Other fair value related disclosures are given in the relevant notes.

Disclosures for valuation methods, significant estimates and assumptions (note 3.02)

Financial instruments (including those carried at amortised cost) (note 5,6,7,11,17,18,19,31)

Quantative disclosure of fair value measurement hierarchy (note 32)

#### 3.06 Revenue recognition

The Project SPV Group has applied the following accounting policy for revenue recognition:

#### Revenue from contracts with customers:

The Project SPV Group recognises revenue from contracts with customers based on a five step model as set out in Ind AS 115:

Step 1. Identify the contract(s) with a customer. A contract is defined as an agreement between two or more parties that creates enforceable rights and obligations and sets out the criteria for every contract that must be met.

Step 2. Identify the performance obligations in the contract: A performance obligation is a promise in a contract with a customer to transfer a good or service to the customer.

Step 3. Determine the transaction price: The transaction price is the amount of consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring promised goods or services to a customer, excluding amounts collected on behalf of third parties.

Step 4. Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract: For a contract that has more than one performance obligation, the Company will allocate the transaction price to each performance obligation in an amount that depicts the amount of consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for satisfying each performance obligation.

Step 5. Recognise revenue when (or as) the entity satisfies a performance obligation.

The Project SPV Group satisfies a performance obligation and recognises revenue over time, if one of the following criteria is met:

1. The customer sumultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the Project SPV Group's performance as the Project SPV Group performs; or

2. The Project SPV Group's performance creates or enhances an asset that the customer controls as the asset is created or enhanced; or

3. The Project SPV Group's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use to the Project SPV Group and the entity has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

#### Contract revenue

Contract revenue associated with the utility shifting incidental to construction of road are recognized as revenue by reference to the stage of completion of the projects at the balance sheet date. The stage of completion of project is determined by the proportion that contract cost incurrent for work performed up to the balance sheet date bears to the estimated total contract costs. Project SPVs operations involve levying of GST on the construction work. Goods and Service tax is not received by the project SPVs on its own account, rather, it is tax collected on value added to the commodity by the seller on behalf of the government. Accordingly, it is excluded from revenue.

Income from the concession arrangements earned under the intangible asset model consists of the (i) fair value of contract revenue, which is deemed to be fair value of consideration transferred to acquire the asset; and (ii) payments actually received from the users. The intangible asset is amortised over its expected useful life in a way that reflects the pattern in which the asset's economic benefits are consumed by the Project SPV Group, starting from the date when the right to operate starts to be used. Based on these principles, the intangible asset is amortised in line with the actual usage of the specific public utility facility, with a maximum of the duration of the concession.

#### Income from toll contracts

The income from Toll Contracts on BOT basis are recognised on actual collection of toll revenue (net of Premium and revenue share payable to NHAI) as per Concession Agreement. Revenue from electronic toll collection is recognised on accrual basis.

#### Interest income

For all financial assets measured either at amortised cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income, interest income is recorded using the effective interest rate (EIR). EIR is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash payments or receipts over the expected life of the financial instrument or a shorter period, where appropriate, to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset or to the amortised cost of a financial liability. When calculating the effective interest rate, the Project SPV Group estimates the expected cash flows by considering all the contractual terms of the financial instrument (for example, prepayment, extension, call and similar options) but does not consider the expected credit losses. Interest included in finance income in the statement of profit and loss

#### Dividends

Revenue is recognised when the Project SPV Group's right to receive the payment is established, which is generally when shareholders approve the dividend.

#### Trade receivables

A receivable represents the Project SPV Group's right to an amount of consideration that is unconditional i.e. only the passage of time is required before payment of consideration is due.

#### 3.07 Government Grants

Grants and subsidies from the government are recognised if the following conditions are satisfied.

There is reasonable assurance that the Project SPV Group will comply with the conditions attached to it.

### Such benefits are canned and casouable certainty exists of the collection.

Government grants are recognized in accordance with the terms of the respective grant on accrual basis considering the status of compliance of prescribed conditions and accertainment the the grant will be reverved.



No. DACCOU

Grant received and considered is a part of the total outlay of the construction project and accordingly, the same is reduced from the gross value of assets.



Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

#### 3.08 Taxes

#### Current income tax

Current income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities in accordance the Income Tax Act, 1961. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date in the country where the Company operates and generates taxable income.

Current income tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss (either in other comprehensive income or in equity). Current tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in equity. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate.

#### Deferred tax

Deferred tax is provided using the liability method on temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes at the reporting date.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences, except:

- When the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss.

- In respect of taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, when the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, the carry forward of unused tax credits and any unused tax losses. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised, except;

- When the deferred tax asset relating to the deductible temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are re-assessed at each reporting date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax relating to items recognised outside statement of profit and loss is recognised outside statement of profit and loss (either in other comprehensive income or in equity). Deferred tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in equity.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

Tax benefits acquired as part of a business combination, but not satisfying the criteria for separate recognition at that date, are recognised subsequently if new information about facts and circumstances change. Acquired deferred tax benefits recognised within the measurement period reduce goodwill related to that acquisition if they result from new information obtained about facts and circumstances existing at the acquisition date. If the carrying amount of goodwill is zero, any remaining deferred tax benefits are recognised in OCI/ capital reserve depending on the principle explained for bargain purchase gains. All other acquired tax benefits realised are recognised in the consolidated statement of profit and loss. Deferred tax is recognised in consolidated statement of profit and loss on the consolidated adjustments.

#### Minimum Alternate Tax (MAT)

Minimum Alternate Tax (MAT) paid as per Indian Income Tax Act, 1961 is in the nature of unused tax credit which can be carried forward and utilised when the Project SPV Group will pay normal income tax during the specified period. Being DTA tax credit is recognized to the extent that it is probable that the unused tax credit can be utilised in the specified future period. The net amount of tax recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as part of receivables or payables in the balance sheet.

#### Goods and service tax paid on acquisition of assets or on incurring expenses

Expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of goods and service tax paid, except:

When the tax incurred on a purchase of assets or services is not recoverable from the tax authority, in which case, the tax paid is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense item, as applicable.

When receivables and payables are stated with the amount of tax included. The net amount of tax recoverable from, or payable to, the tax authority is included as part of receivables or payables in the balance sheet.

#### 3.09 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses if any. Cost comprises the purchase price and any attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use. Any trade discount or rebates are deducted in arriving at the purchase price.

Depreciation is calculated on written down value method (WDV) using the useful lives as prescribed under the Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013 or re-assessed by the Project SPV Group based on technical evaluation. The Project SPV Group has estimated the following useful lives for its tangible fixed assets:

Asset class	Useful life			
Building	30 years*			
Office equipment	5 years			
Computers	3 years			
Furniture & fixtures	10 years			

\* The useful life of building has been calculated by management as per their technical estimate.

#### 3.10 Intangible assets

The Project SPV Group exercised first time adoption under Ind AS 101 and has elected to continue with the carrying value of its "Toll Collection Rights" (Intangible Assets) including corresponding obligation, as recognised in the financial statements as at the date of transition April 1, 2016 measured as per the Previous GAAP and uses that as its deemed cost as at date of transition.

Toll collection rights are stated at cost, less accumulated amortisation , impairment losses and grant from government. Cost includes:

a) For acquired Toll Collection Rights - Upfront payments towards acquisition and incidental expenses related thereto.
 b) Toll Collection Rights awarded by the grantor against construction service rendered by the Project SPV Group on BOT / DBFOT basis - Direct and indirect expenses on construction of roads, bridges, culverts, infrastructure and other assets at the toll plazas.

c) Toll Collection Rights in lieu of premium - Undiscounted premium obligation over the concession period.





Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

#### Amortisation

Toll Collection Rights are amortised over the period of concession, using revenue based amortisation as prescribed in Ind As-36. Under this method, the carrying value of the rights is amortised in the proportion of actual toll revenue for the year to projected revenue for the balance toll period, to reflect the pattern in which the assets economic benefits will be consumed. At each balance sheet date, the projected revenue for the balance toll period is reviewed by the management. If there is any change in the projected revenue from previous estimates, the amortisation of toll collection rights is changed prospectively to reflect any changes in the estimates.

#### Intangible assets under development

Expenditure related to and incurred during implementation of project are included under "Intangible Assets under Development". The same will be transferred to the respective intangible assets on completion of project.

#### 3.11 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalised as part of the cost of the asset. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they occur. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds. Borrowing cost also includes exchange differences between the foreign currency borrowing and the functional currency borrowing to the extent regarded as an adjustment to the borrowing costs.

#### 3.12 Leases

The determination of whether an arrangement is (or contains) a lease is based on the substance of the arrangement at the inception of the lease. The arrangement is, or contains, a lease if fulfilment of the arrangement is dependent on the use of a specific asset or assets and the arrangement conveys a right to use the asset or assets, even if that right is not explicitly specified in an arrangement.

#### Project SPV Group as a lessee

A leased asset is depreciated over the useful life of the asset. However, if there is no reasonable certainty that the Project SPV Group will obtain ownership by the end of the lease term, the asset is depreciated over the shorter of the estimated useful life of the asset and the lease term.

A lease is classified at the inception date as a finance lease or an operating lease. A lease that transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership to the Project SPV Group is classified as a finance lease.

Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense in the consolidated statement of profit and loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

#### Ind AS 116 - Leases

Ind AS 116, Leases, it sets out principles for the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of leases and requires lesses to account for all leases, except short-term leases and leases for low-value items, under a single on-balance sheet lease accounting model. A lesser recognises a right-of-use asset representing its right to use the underlying asset and a lease liability representing its obligation to make lease payments. Lessor accounting largely unchanged from the existing standard – i.e. lessors continue to classify leases as finance or operating leases.

Based on the preliminary assessment, the Company does not expect any significant impacts on transition to Ind AS 116. This assessment is based on currently available information and may be subject to changes arising from further reasonable and supportable information when the standard will be adopted.

#### Project SPV Group as a lessor

Leases in which the Project SPV Group does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of an asset are classified as operating leases. Rental income from operating lease is recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised over the lease term on the same basis as rental income. Contingent rents are recognised as revenue in the period in which they are earned.

Leases are classified as finance leases when substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership transfer from the Project SPV Group to the lessee. Amounts due from lessees under finance leases are recorded as receivables at the Project SPV Group's net investment in the leases. Finance lease income is allocated to accounting periods so as to reflect a constant periodic rate of return on the net investment outstanding in respect of the lease.

#### 3.13 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Project SPV Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. When the Project SPV Group expects some or all of a provision to be reimbursed, for example, under an insurance contract, the reimbursement is recognised as a separate asset, but only when the reimbursement is virtually certain. The expense relating to a provision is presented in the statement of profit and loss net of any reimbursement.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost. Provisions are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates.

#### 3.14 Resurfacing expenses

As per the Concession Agreements, the Project SPV Group is obligated to carry out resurfacing of the roads under concession. Provision required for resurfacing expenses are measured at the present value of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the end of reporting period. The discount rate used to determine the present value is a pre-tax rate that reflects risks specific to the liability. The increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as finance cost. Provision for the planned expenditure is made for the period upto end of the period for which periodic maintenance is required, out of the total entitled period. The same is stated in the consolidated statement of profit and loss in accordance with Ind AS 37 "Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets."

#### 3.15 Contingent liability and Contingent assets

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events whose existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events beyond the control of the Project SPV Group or a present obligation that is not recognised because it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation. A contingent liability also arises in extremely rare cases where there is a liability that cannot be recognised because it cannot be measured reliably. The Project SPV Group does not recognise a contingent liability but discloses its existence in the financial statements.

A contingent assets is not recognised unless it becomes virtually certain that an inflow of economic benefits will arise. When an inflow of economic benefits is probable, contingent assets are disclosed in the financial statements.

Contingent liabilities and contingent assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date.





Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

#### 3.16 Financial instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

#### **Financial** assets

#### Initial recognition and measurement

All financial assets are recognised initially at fair value plus, in the case of financial assets not recorded at fair value through statement of profit and loss, transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset.

On initial recognistion, a financial asset is classified as measured of

- amortised cost

- FVOCI - Debt instruments - FVOCI - equity instruments

- FVTPL

Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition, except if and in the year, the Project SPV Group changes its business model for managing financial assets.

#### Debt instruments at amortised cost

- A 'debt instrument' is measured at the amortised cost if both the following conditions are met:
- The asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets for collecting contractual cash flows, and
- Contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding.

After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR anortisation is included in finance income in the statement of profit and loss. The losses arising from impairment are recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

#### Debt instrument at FVTOCI

A 'debt instrument' is classified as at the FVTOCI if both of the following criteria are met:

- The objective of the business model is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling the financial assets, and
- The asset's contractual cash flows represent SPPL

Debt instruments included within the FVTOCI category are measured initially as well as at each reporting date at fair value. Fair value movements are recognized in the other comprehensive income (OCI). However, the Project SPV Group recognizes interest income, impairment losses and reversals and foreign exchange gain or loss in the statement of profit and loss. On derecognizion of the asset, cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in OCI is reclassified from the equity to Statement of profit and loss. Interest earned whilst holding FVTOCI debt instrument is reported as interest income using the EIR method.

#### Debt instrument at FVTPL

FVTPL is a residual category for debt instruments. Any debt instrument, which does not meet the criteria for categorization as at amortized cost or as at FVTOCI, is classified as at FVTPL.

In addition, the Project SPV Group may elect to designate a debt instrument, which otherwise meets amortized cost or FVTOCI criteria, as at FVTPL. However, such election is allowed only if doing so reduces or eliminates a measurement or recognition inconsistency (referred to as 'accounting mismatch'). The Project SPV Group has designated certain debt instrument as at FVTPL.

Debt instruments included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair value with all changes recognized in the Statement of profit and loss.

#### Equity investments

All equity investments in scope of Ind AS 109 are measured at fair value. Equity instruments which are held for trading are classified as at FVTPL. For all other equity instruments, the Project SPV Group may make an irrevocable election to present in other comprehensive income subsequent changes in the fair value. The Project SPV Group makes such election on an instrumentby instrument basis. The classification is made on initial recognition and is irrevocable.

If the Project SPV Group decides to classify an equity instrument as at FVTOCI, then all fair value changes on the instrument, excluding dividends, are recognized in the OCI. There is no recycling of the amounts from OCI to P&L, even on sale of investment. However, the Project SPV Group may transfer the cumulative gain or loss within equity.

Equity instruments included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair value with all changes recognized in the Statement of profit and loss.

#### Derecognition

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a Project SPV Group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised (i.e. removed from the Project SPV Group's consolidated balance sheet) when:

#### - The rights to receive cash flows from the asset has expired, or

-The Project SPV Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; and either (a) the Project SPV Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Project SPV Group has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Project SPV Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if and to what extent it has retained the risks and rewards of ownership. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset, nor transferred control of the asset, the Project SPV Group continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of the Project SPV Group's continuing involvement. In that case, the Project SPV Group also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Project SPV Group has retained.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Project SPV Group could be required to repay.





Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

#### Impairment of financial assets

In accordance with Ind AS 109, the Project SPV Group applies expected credit loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss on the following financial assets and credit risk exposure:

-Financial assets that are debt instruments, and are measured at amortised cost e.g., loans, debt securities, deposits, trade receivables and bank balance

-Financial assets that are debt instruments and are measured as at FVTOCI -Lease receivables under Ind AS 17

-Trade receivables or any contractual right to receive cash or another financial asset that result from transactions that are within the scope of Ind AS 18 (referred to as contractual revenue receivables' in these financial statements)

-Loan commitments which are not measured as at FVTPL

-Financial guarantee contracts which are not measured as at FVTPL

The Project SPV Group follows 'simplified approach' for recognition of impairment loss allowance on:

-Trade receivables; and

-Other receivables

The application of simplified approach does not require the Project SPV Group to track changes in credit risk. Rather, it recognises impairment loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date, right from its initial recognition.

For recognition of impairment loss on other financial assets and risk exposure, the Project SPV Group determines that whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk aince initial recognition. If credit risk has not increased significantly, 12-month ECL is used to provide for impairment loss. However, if credit risk has increased significantly, lifetime ECL is used. If, in a subsequent period, credit risk since initial recognition, then the entity reverts to recognising impairment loss allowance based on 12-month ECL.

Lifetime ECL are the expected credit losses resulting from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. The 12-month ECL is a portion of the lifetime ECL which results from default events that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date.

ECL is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Project SPV Group in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the entity expects to receive (i.e., all cash shortfalls), discounted at the original EIR. When estimating the cash flows, an entity is required to consider:

-All contractual terms of the financial instrument (including prepayment, extension, call and similar options) over the expected life of the financial instrument. However, in rare cases when the expected life of the financial instrument cannot be estimated reliably, then the entity is required to use the remaining contractual term of the financial instrument. -

-Cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms -Financial assets measured as at amortised cost, contractual revenue receivables and lease receivables. ECL is presented as an allowance, i.e., as an integral part of the measurement of those assets in the balance sheet. The allowance reduces the net carrying amount. Until the asset meets write-off criteria, the Project SPV Group does not reduce impairment allowance from the gross carrying amount.

#### **Financial liabilities**

#### Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through Statement of profit and loss, loans and borrowings, or payables, as appropriate.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The Project SPV Group's financial liabilities include trade and other payables, loans and borrowings including bank overdrafts and derivative financial instruments.

#### Subsequent measurement

The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification, as described below:

#### Financial liabilities at fair value through Statement of profit and loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through statement of profit and loss. Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are incurred for the purpose of repurchasing in the near term. This category also includes derivative financial instruments entered into by the Project SPV Group that are not designated as hedging instruments in hedge relationships as defined by Ind AS 109.

Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognised in the consolidated statement of profit and loss.

#### Loans and borrowings

This is the category most relevant to the Project SPV Group. After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognised in statement of profit and loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the EIR amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in the statement of profit and loss.

This category generally applies to borrowings. For more information refer note 16.

#### Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the consolidated statement of profit and loss.

#### Offsetting of financial Instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the standalone balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

#### 3.17 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalent in the balance sheet comprises of cash at banks and on hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and short-term deposits, as defined above, as they are considered an integral part of the Project SPV Group's cash management.

#### 3.18 Cash dividend to equity holders of the Project SPV Group

The Project SPV Group recognises a liability to make cash or non-cash distributions to equity holders of the parent when the distribution is authorised and the distribution is no longer at the discretion of the Project SPV Group. As per the corporate laws in India, a distribution is authorised when it is approved by the shareholders. A corresponding amount is recognised directly in equity.

#### 3.19 Impairment of non-financial assets

The Project SPV Group assesses, at each reporting date, whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Project SPV Group estimates the asset's recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or cash-generating unit's (CGU) fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. Recoverable amount is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or Project SPV Group's of assets. When the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.





#### Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. In determining fair value less costs of disposal, recent market transactions are taken into account. If no such transactions can be identified, an appropriate valuation model is used. These calculations are corroborated by valuation multiples, quoted share prices for publicly traded companies or other available fair value indicators.

The Project SPV Group bases its impairment calculation on detailed budgets and forecast calculations, which are prepared separately for each of the Project SPV Group's CGUs to which the individual assets are allocated. These budgets and forecast calculations generally cover a period of five years. For longer periods, a long-term growth rate is calculated and applied to project future cash flows after the fifth year. To estimate cash flow projections beyond periods covered by the most recent budgets/forecasts, the Project SPV Group extrapolates cash flow projections in the budget using a steady or declining growth rate for subsequent years, unless an increasing rate can be justified. In any case, this growth rate does not exceed the long-term average growth rate for the products, industries, or country or countries in which the entity operates, or for the market in which the asset is used.

For assets excluding goodwill, an assessment is made at each reporting date to determine whether there is an indication that previously recognised impairment losses no longer exist or have decreased. If such indication exists, the Project SPV Group estimates the asset's or CGU's recoverable amount. A praviously recognised impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the assumptions used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognised. The reversal is limited so that the carrying amount of the asset does not exceed its recoverable amount, nor exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. Such reversal is recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

Goodwill is tested for impairment annually as at 31 March and when circumstances indicate that the carrying value may be impaired.

Impairment is determined for goodwill by assessing the recoverable amount of each CGU (or Project SPV Group of CGUs) to which the goodwill relates. When the recoverable amount of the CGU is less than its carrying amount, an impairment loss is recognised. Impairment losses relating to goodwill cannot be reversed in future periods.

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives are tested for impairment annually as at 31 March at the CGU level, as appropriate, and when circumstances indicate that the carrying value may be impaired.

#### 3.20 Segment information

Based on "Management Approach" as defined in Ind AS 108 - Operating Segments, the Management ("the Board of Directors") evaluates the Project SPV Group's performance and allocates the resources based on an analysis of various performance indicators by business segments. Inter segment sales and transfers are reflected at market prices. Unallocable items includes general corporate income and expense items which are not allocated to any business segment.

#### Segment policies:

Based on "Management Approach" as defined in Ind AS 108 -Operating Segments, the Management evaluates the Project SPV Group's performance and allocates the resources based on an analysis of various performance indicators by business segments. Inter segment sales and transfers are reflected at market prices.

Unallocable items includes general corporate income and expense items which are not allocated to any business segment.

The Project SPV Group prepares its segment information in conformity with the accounting policies adopted for preparing and presenting the financial statements of the Project SPV Group as a whole. Common allocable costs are allocated to each segment on an appropriate basis.

#### 3.21 Earnings per unit

Basic earnings per unit are calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to unitholders by the weighted average number of units outstanding during the period. For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per unit, the net profit or loss for the period attributable to unitholders and the weighted average number of units outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential units.

#### 3 22 Foreign currencies

The Trust's financial statements are presented in INR, which is also the Trust's functional currency. The Trust does not have any foreign operation and has assessed the functional currency to be INR.

#### Transactions and balances

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded by the Trust at their respective functional currency spot rates at the date the transaction first qualifies for recognition. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the functional currency spot rates of exchange at the reporting date.

Differences arising on settlement or translation of monetary items are recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions.

#### 3.23 Recent pronouncements

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standards or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. On March 31, 2023, MCA amended the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2023, as below:

Ind AS 1: Disclosure of Material Accounting policy information and similar consequential amendment to Ind AS 34.

Ind AS 1: Disclosure of the judgements, apart from those involving estimations, that management has made in the process of applying the entity's accounting policies and that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements.

Ind AS 8: Definition of Accounting Estimate as "Accounting estimates are monetary amounts in financial statements that are subject to measurement uncertainty". Further amendments to paragraphs defineating Changes to Accounting Estimates.

Ind AS 12: Amendments to taxable temporary difference, initial recognition of asset or liability and Deductible taxable differences.

Ind AS 12: Deferred tax related to assets and liabilities arising from Single Transaction.

Ind AS 107: Information about measurement basis (or bases) for financial instruments to be disclosed as material accounting policy.

Ind AS 109: Amendment to paragraph on reassessment of embedded derivative.

Ind AS 115: Amendments to Appendix 1 which gives there in the major differences, if any, between Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) 115 and the corresponding International Financial Reporting Standard (IFRS) 15, Revenue from Contracts with Customers, IFRIC 12, Service Concession Arrangements and SIC 29 Service Concession Arrangements: Disclosures, issued by the International Accounting Standards Board

Based on the preliminary assessment, the company does not expect these amendment to have any significant impact on its consolidated financial statements.





Note 4 : Property, Plant and Equipment

	Premises	Computer	Office Equipments	Furniture and Fixture	Total
At 31 March 2021	16.09	0.30	1.40	0.39	18.18
Additions	×	-	- ÷.:		
Disposals/ Adjustments		÷			
At 31 March 2022	16.09	0.30	1.40	0.39	18.18
Additions		-			•
Disposals/ Adjustments	Sec	÷	0.09	÷	0.09
At 31 March 2023	16.09	0.30	1.31	0.39	18.10
Depreciation					
At 31 March 2021	5.79	0.28	1.18	0.34	7.59
Additions	1.61	0.00	0.09	0.04	1.74
Disposals/ Adjustments		-	-		÷
At 31 March 2022	7.40	0.29	1.28	0.38	9.34
Additions	1.20	0.00	0.03	0.01	1.25
Disposals/ Adjustments			0.08		0.08
At 31 March 2023	8.60	0.29	1.23	0.39	10.51
Net Book value					
At 31 March 2023	7.49	0.01	0.08	0.00	7.59
At 31 March 2022	8.69	0.02	0.12	0.02	8.85

Net Book value	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Property, Plant and Equipment	7.59	8.85





Note 4 : Intangible Assets and Intangible Assets under development

At 31 March 2021         Additions         Deletions         Adjustments         At 31 March 2022         Additions         Deletions         Additions         Deletions         Adjustments         At 31 March 2023         Amortisation         At 31 March 2021         Additions         Deletions         Adjustments         At 31 March 2021         Additions         Deletions         Adjustments	Toll Collection Rights 2,16,344.42 11,814.99 - - 2,28,159.42 9,663.30 295.32 - 2,37,527.40 4,626.78 1,673.16 - - - 6,299.93 2,809.17	Total 2,16,344.42 11,814.99 2,28,159.42 9,663.30 295.32 2,37,527.40 4,626.78 1,673.16
Additions Deletions Adjustments At 31 March 2022 Additions Deletions Adjustments At 31 March 2023 Amortisation At 31 March 2021 Additions Deletions Adjustments At 31 March 2022	11,814.99 	11,814.99 2,28,159.42 9,663.30 295.32 2,37,527.40 4,626.78
Deletions Adjustments At 31 March 2022 Additions Deletions Adjustments At 31 March 2023 Amortisation At 31 March 2021 Additions Deletions Adjustments At 31 March 2022	2,28,159.42 9,663.30 295.32 2,37,527.40 4,626.78 1,673.16 - - 6,299.93	2,28,159.42 9,663.30 295.32 2,37,527.40 4,626.78
Adjustments At 31 March 2022 Additions Deletions Adjustments At 31 March 2023 Amortisation At 31 March 2021 Additions Deletions Adjustments At 31 March 2022	9,663.30 295.32 2,37,527.40 4,626.78 1,673.16 - - 6,299.93	9,663.30 295.32 <b>2,37,527.40</b> 4,626.78
At 31 March 2022 Additions Deletions Adjustments At 31 March 2023 <u>Amortisation</u> At 31 March 2021 Additions Deletions Adjustments At 31 March 2022	9,663.30 295.32 2,37,527.40 4,626.78 1,673.16 - - 6,299.93	9,663.30 295.32 <b>2,37,527.40</b> 4,626.78
Additions Deletions Adjustments At 31 March 2023 Amortisation At 31 March 2021 Additions Deletions Adjustments At 31 March 2022	9,663.30 295.32 2,37,527.40 4,626.78 1,673.16 - - 6,299.93	9,663.30 295.32 <b>2,37,527.40</b> 4,626.78
Deletions Adjustments At 31 March 2023 Amortisation At 31 March 2021 Additions Deletions Adjustments At 31 March 2022	295.32 2,37,527.40 4,626.78 1,673.16 - - 6,299.93	295.32 2,37,527.40 4,626.78
Adjustments At 31 March 2023 Amortisation At 31 March 2021 Additions Deletions Adjustments At 31 March 2022	2,37,527.40 4,626.78 1,673.16 - - 6,299.93	2,37,527.40
At 31 March 2023          Amortisation         At 31 March 2021         Additions         Deletions         Adjustments         At 31 March 2022	4,626.78 1,673.16 - - - 6,299.93	4,626.78
Amortisation At 31 March 2021 Additions Deletions Adjustments At 31 March 2022	4,626.78 1,673.16 - - - 6,299.93	4,626.78
At 31 March 2021 Additions Deletions Adjustments At 31 March 2022	1,673.16 - - 6,299.93	
Additions Deletions Adjustments At 31 March 2022	1,673.16 - - 6,299.93	
Deletions Adjustments At 31 March 2022	6,299.93	1,673.16
Adjustments At 31 March 2022		
At 31 March 2022		
	2 200 17	6,299.93
Additions	2,009.17	2,809.17
Deletions	-	-
Adjustments		
At 31 March 2023	9,109.10	9,109.10
Net Book value		
At 31 March 2023	2,28,418.29	
At 31 March 2022	2,21,859.48	
Particulars	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Toll Collection Rights	2,28,418.29	2,21,859.48
Total	2,28,418.29	2,21,859.48
Intangible assets under development		
		(Rs. in Millions)
Particulars	March 31, 2023	March 31, 202
Toll Collection Rights		
At the beginning of the year	1,290.89	4,684.26
Add : development during the year	11,128.99	835.34
	12,419.88	5,519.60
Less : Transfer to Intangible Asset Toll Collection Rights)	9,998.21	4,228.70
Closing balance	2,421.67	1,290.89
Total	2,421.67	1,290.89

Tangible and Intangible assets given as security Tangible and Intangible assets are subject to first charge to secured long-term borrowings from the lenders.





Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

		March 31, 2023			March 31, 2022			
Particulars	Face Value Rs.	No of Units	Current	Non- current	Face Value Rs.	No of Units	Current	Non- current
Financial Assets								
Note 5 : Investment								
i) Investments in Mutual Funds (quoted)								
Fair Value Through Profit or Loss (FVTPL)		1.1.1.1						
Canara Robeco Liquid Fund - Direct Plan - Growth	1,000	18,486.04	49.85		1,000			
Canara Robeco Overnight Fund - Direct Plan - Growth	1,000	5,174.20	6.00		1,000			-
DBI Liquid Fund - Direct Plan - Growth	1,000	64,718.69	156.76		1,000	48,116.73	110.24	
ABSL Liquid Fund - Direct Plan - Growth	100				100	53,926.78	18.50	
SBI Liquid Fund - Direct Growth	1,000	2,91,778.24	1,028.03	÷.	1,000	1,53,238.96	510.75	-
SBI Overnight Fund - Direct Growth	1,000	11,632.96	42.44		1,000	5,790.54	20.04	
			1,283.09				659.54	
Total			1,283.09		_		659.54	
Aggregate book value of quoted investments			1,271.74				658.76	
Market value of quoted investments			1,283.09				659.54	
Aggregate amount of unquoted investments								
Aggregate amount of impairment in value of investments								
Refer note 31 for determination of fair value of investments							1.2	

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			(	Rs. in Millions)
	March 3	1, 2023	March 3	1,2022
	Current	Non-current	Current	Non-current
Note 6 : Trade receivable				
(Unsecured, considered good)				
Related parties	0.61	141	0.51	C - 20
Others	84.05	-	51.03	2
Total	84.67	-	51.55	¥.
Less: Allowances for expected credit loss/ bad and doubtful debt	1	÷		ž
Total	84.67		51.55	

The Group has not identifed any credit impairment loss as at March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022.

Total	1,448.56	0.33	1,604.18	2,74
Security and other deposits	10.99	0.33	6.89	2.74
Other receivable	75.65		56.15	
Receivable from Government Authorities (NHAI)	816.07		965.24	- R. I
Retention money receivable	530.54		526.28	5 L.
Interest receivable from others	3.73		23.99	
Interest accrued on fixed deposits	11.57		25.64	
(Unsecured, considered good)				
Note 7 : Other financial assets				





		( Rs. in Millions)
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Note 8 : Deferred tax assets		
Deferred tax liabilities (net): Deferred tax liabilities: Difference in Depreciation and other differences in block of Property, Plant and equipment and Intangible assets as per tax books & financial books	36.80	1,350.50
Deferred tax assets:		
Effect of expenditure debited to profit and loss account in the current year but allowed for tax purposes in following years	•	
Deferred tax liabilities (net)	36.80	1,350.50
Deferred tax assets:		
Deferred tax assets:		
Depreciation		428.55
MAT credit entitlement		582.83
Deferred Tax assets on Fair valuation	792.60	626.79
Deferred Tax Assets	792,60	1,638.17
Deferred Tax liabilities: Difference in Depreciation/ amortisation and other differences		
Tax losses		
Deferred tax (assets) / liabilities	(755.80)	(287.67)
Note 9 : Other non - current assets		
Duties and taxes receivable	174.07	656.55
Total	174.07	656.55





Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

		(Rs. in Millions)
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Note 10 : Cash and cash equivalents	2000	
Cash and Bank balances		
Balances with banks:		
-on current accounts	279.37	118.03
-on trust, retention and other escrow accounts*	394.06	161.56
Deposits with banks		
-Original maturity less than 3 months	49.50	φ.
Cash on hand	8.38	7.64
Total	731.31	287.23
Note 11 : Bank balance other than cash and cash equivalent		
Maturity more than 3 months less than 12 months		
Other deposits	15.09	102.53
Debt service reserve account with banks /earmarked balance**	3,459.60	2,365.43
Major Maintenance Reserve Account	1,390.00	
Maturity more than 12 months		
Debt service reserve account with banks /earmarked balance**		
Other deposits	2.00	2.00
Total	4,866.69	2,469.97

Debt service reserve account/ major maintenance reserve account and trust, retention and other escrow accounts Bank deposits are marked lien / pledged against the non current secured loan as per term loan agreement with the lender,

further the lenders have first charge on trust, retention and other escrow accounts.

\* First charge on above to the extent of amount payable as per the waterfall mechanism as defined in the Concession Agreement / Common Loan Agreement.

\*\* The deposits to the extent of Rs. 3,459.60 millions (March 31, 2022 : Rs. 2,365.43 millions) maintained by the Project SPV Group with bank includes time deposits, which are held against Debt Service Reserve (DSR), are considered as current portion under the head "Other bank balances" since the same are encashable by the lenders in the event of default by the Project SPV Group, if any.

Current deposits are made for varying periods of between one day and three months, depending on the immediate cash requirements of the group and earn interest at the respective current deposit rates. Other time deposits earn interest at the rate of 4.70% to 7.95% p.a.

Refer note 16 for details of security against term loans.

For the purpose of statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise the following:

	March 31, 2023	(Rs. in Millions) March 31, 2022	
Balance with banks:	March 01, 2020		
-on current accounts	279,37	118.03	
-on trust, retention and other escrow accounts	394.06	161.56	
Fixed deposits less than 3 months	49,50		
Cash on hand	8.38	7,64	
Less: Bank overdraft			
Fotal	731.31	287.23	
Note 12 : Current tax assets (net)			
Advance income-tax (net of provision for tax)	24,81	114,22	
Fotal	24.81	114.22	
Note 13 : Other current assets			
Unsecured, considered good unless otherwise stated)			
Advance with suppliers			
Related parties (refer note 34)	1,347.33	502.89	
Others	45,29	32.22	
Mobilisation advances (refer note 34)	33.68	435.80	
Prepaid expenses	45.88	0.51	
Duties and taxes receivable	1,184.89	706.04	
Total	2,657.07	1,677.46	





#### Note : 14 : Unit capital

(Amount in Millions.				
	March 31, 2023 March 31,		2022	
Unit capital Authorised Unit capital				
Units having face value of Rs.100 each	87,92,93,265	87,929.33	85,50,43,265	85,504.33
	87,92,93,265	87,929.33	85,50,43,265	85,504.33
Issued Unit capital Units having face value of Rs.100 each	87,92,93,265	87,929.33	85,50,43,265	85,504.33
Total	87,92,93,265	87,929.33	85,50,43,265	85,504.33

#### Terms / rights attached to equity shares

The Project SPVs have only one class of equity shares having par value of Rs. 100/- per share Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. The Project SPVs declares and pays dividend in Indian rupees.

In the event of liquidation of the Project SPV, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Project SPV, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

#### Reconciliation of the number of unit outstanding and the amount of Unit capital:

	March 31,	2023	March 31, 2022	
Units issued, subscribed and fully paid	No. of units	Rs.	No. of units	Rs.
Units having face value of Rs. 100/-				
At the beginning of the year	85,50,43,265	85,504.33	81,68,80,000	81,688.00
Issued during the year	2,42,50,000	2,425.00	3,81,63,265	3,816.33
At the end of the year	87,92,93,265	87,929.33	85,50,43,265	85,504.33

Details of unit holders holding more than 5% units:

	March 3	1, 2023	March 3	1, 2022
	No. of units	% of total unit capital	No. of units	% of total unit capital
IRB Infrastructure Developers Limited	44,84,39,840	51%	43,60,72,332	51%
Anahera Investments Pte Ltd	21,98,23,181	25%	21,37,60,685	25%
Bricklayers Investments Pte Ltd	5,27,57,561	6%	5,13,02,562	6%
Chiswick Investments Pte Ltd	5,27,57,561	6%	5,13,02,562	6%
Stretford End Investments Pte Ltd	5,27,57,561	6%	5,13,02,562	6%
Dangenham Investments Pte Ltd	5,27,57,561	_6%	5,13,02,562	6%
Details of Sponsor units	March 3	1, 2023	March 3	1, 2022
IRB Infrastructure Developers Limited	44,84,39,840	51%	43,60,72,332	51%

Note : 15 : Other equity

Attributable to the equity holders

Other	reserves
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Retained earnings At the beginning of the year Profit for the year Less: Appropriations Pre-incoporation Profits Unit Issue expenses At the end of the year



(15.33)	(3.26)
(10,395.80)	(8,108.29)
(10,395.80)	(8,108.29)

(3,669.05)

(4, 435.98)

March 31, 2023 March 31, 2022

(8,108.29)

(2,272.18)

	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Financial liabilities		
Note : 16 : Borrowings		
Non-current Borrowings		
Term loans		
Indian rupee loan from banks (secured) Project loans for SPVs	61,005.36	78,298.59
Less : current maturities expected to be settled within 12 month from balance sheet date	(639.16)	(429.15
Total (a)	60,366.20	77,869.44
Indian rupee loan from financial institutions (secured)		
Project loans for SPVs	6,931.65	10,328.45
Less : current maturities expected to be settled within 12 month from balance sheet date	(9.75)	(59.79
Total (b)	6,921.90	10,268.66
Non-convertible debentures (secured)	33,432.82	5,497.18
Less : current maturities expected to be settled within 12 month from balance sheet date	(130.59)	(110.76
Total (c)	33,302.22	5,386.42
Less: Unamortised transaction cost (d)	(1,646.37)	(964.70
Total non current borrowings ( $e = a + b + c + d$ )	98,943.95	92,559.82
Current Borrowings		
Short-term borrowings (secured)		
Current maturity of long term loans		
ndian rupee loan from banks (secured)	639.16	429.15
ndian rupee loan from financial institutions (secured)	9.75	59.79
Non convertible debentures (secured)	130.59	110.76
Interest accrued but not due on borrowings	5.43	33.73
Unsecured, repayable on demand and interest free)		
Loan from related parties (refer note 34)	5,350.72	4,085.74
Total current borrowings (f)	6,135,65	4,719.18
Fotal borrowings (e+f)	1,05,079.60	97,279.00
Aggregate secured loans	99,723.46	93,159.52
Aggregate unsecured loans	5,350.72	4,085.74
(i) Project loans for SPVs		21/1 (Q
March 31, 2023: Rs.1,01,369.83 millions; March 31, 2022: Rs. 94,124.22 millions; pertain	s to term loans taken by SI	vis (Special Purpos

#### Vehicles) for Project financing.

#### Rate of interest

Rate of interest on the Indian Rupee loan from banks and financial institutions varies from 7.75% to 10.75% p.a. (March 31, 2022: 8.25% to 10.40% p.a.) and are secured by pledge of shares of its subsidiaries and subservient charge on the current assets of the company to the extent of 125% of the outstanding loan.

#### Nature of security

i) Secured by first charge on the movable/immovable asset by way of mortgage/hypothecation; first charge on all intangible assets, present and future; assignment of all receivables; book debts and all rights and interest in project, both present and future, excluding the Project Assets of respective companies;

ii) Secured by first charge on the Escrow Account, Debt Service Reserve Account and any other reserves and other bank accounts of the respective Companies,

iii) An irrevocable and unconditional corporate guarantee from IRB Infrastructure Developers Limited to meet shortfall (if any) between debt due and termination payments received from Concessioning Authority in case of termination of Concession Agreement for any reason in case of Project SPV's.

#### Repayment terms

The Indian rupee loans are repayable in structured monthly installments commencing after commercial operation date such that the total

tenor does not exceed 17 years and repayable as per the repayment schedule specified in common loan agreement with the Lenders.

#### Note : 17 : Trade payables

Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises (refer note 29)	1.61	3.69	
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises			
- Related parties (refer note 34)	13,812.18	10,022.93	
- Others	1,491.69	1,191.71	
Total	15,305.48	11,218.34	
(S MUMBAI)			
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# Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

				(Rs. in Millions
	March 3	31, 2023	March 3	1, 2022
	Current	Non-current	Current	Non-current
Note 18 : Other financial liabilities				
Obligation for construction	1,102.31		2,009.01	1
Directors sitting fees payable	0.44		0.36	1.2
Deposit	1.18		1.13	
Retention money payable				
Related parties (refer note 34)	636.46		256,48	
Others	295.83	2.77	336.92	
Revenue share payable	345.46		225.81	14 A
Other payable				
- Related parties (refer note 34)	167.70	35,778.03	193.42	35,168.79
Fotal	2,549.37	35,780.80	3,023.13	35,168.7
		March 31, 2023		March 31, 2022
Note : 19 : Trade payables		1.000		
ince i 17 . I faue payables				
a) Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and	small enterprises			
<ul> <li>a) Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and nicro and small enterprises</li> </ul>	small enterprises	4.165.72		5.998.8
a) Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and	small enterprises	4,165.72 4,165.72		
<ul> <li>a) Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and nicro and small enterprises</li> <li>'- Related parties</li> </ul>	small enterprises			
<ul> <li>a) Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and micro and small enterprises</li> <li>'- Related parties</li> </ul>	small enterprises	4,165.72	March 3	5,998.85
<ul> <li>a) Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and nicro and small enterprises</li> <li>'- Related parties</li> </ul>		4,165.72	March 3 Current	5,998.8
a) Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and micro and small enterprises '- Related parties Note 20 : Provisions	March 3	4,165.72		5,998.83
a) Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and micro and small enterprises '- Related parties Note 20 : Provisions	March 3	4,165.72 31, 2023 Non-current 2,965.03		Non-current 1,350.57
<ul> <li>a) Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and nicro and small enterprises         <ul> <li>Related parties</li> </ul> </li> <li>Note 20 : Provisions</li> <li>Others</li> <li>Major maintenance expenses</li> </ul>	March 3	4,165.72 31, 2023 Non-current		5,998.85 51, 2022 Non-current 1,350.57
a) Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and micro and small enterprises '- Related parties Note 20 : Provisions Others Major maintenance expenses Fotal	March 3 Current	4,165.72 81, 2023 Non-current 2,965.03 2,965.03		5,998.83 51, 2022 <u>Non-current</u> 1,350.5' 1,350.5'
a) Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and micro and small enterprises '- Related parties Note 20 : Provisions Others Major maintenance expenses Fotal	March 3 Current	4,165.72 31, 2023 Non-current 2,965.03		5,998.8 5,998.8 51, 2022 Non-current 1,350.5 1,350.5
a) Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and micro and small enterprises '- Related parties Note 20 : Provisions Others Major maintenance expenses Total The movement in provision for resurfacing exp	March 3 Current	4,165.72 81, 2023 Non-current 2,965.03 2,965.03		5,998.8 91, 2022 Non-current 1,350.5 1,350.5 March 31, 2022
a) Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and micro and small enterprises '- Related parties Note 20 : Provisions Others Major maintenance expenses Total The movement in provision for resurfacing exp Opening balance	March 3 Current	4,165.72 31, 2023 Non-current 2,965.03 2,965.03 March 31, 2023 1,350.57		5,998.8 01, 2022 <u>Non-current</u> 1,350.5 1,350.5 March 31, 2022 357.8
<ul> <li>a) Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and micro and small enterprises</li> </ul>	March 3 Current	4,165.72 31, 2023 Non-current 2,965.03 2,965.03 March 31, 2023		5,998.85 51, 2022 Non-current 1,350.57

The above provisions are based on current best estimation of expenses that may be required to fulfill the resurfacing obligation as per the service concession agreement with regulatory authorities. It is expected that significant portion of the costs will be incurred over the period. The actual expense incurred may vary from the above. No reimbursements are expected from any sources against the above obligation.

	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Note 21 : Other current liabilities		
Duties and taxes payable	64.12	129.65
Advance from customer- Others	34.03	10.50
Total	98.15	140.15

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	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Note 22 : Revenue from operations		
Contract revenue (road construction)	11,672.04	1,054.40
income from toll collection (gross)	21,097,46	12,377.4
Less - Revenue Share to NHAI	(5,671.70)	(1,779.30
ncome arising out of toll collection (net)	15,425.76	10,598.0
Revenue share to NHAI- Fastag	(185.44)	(212.87
Other operating revenue	0.23	965.10
Fotal	26,912.59	12,404.84
Note 23 : Other income		
interest income on		
- Bank deposits	178.88	73.64
- Others	7.17	8.0
Profit on sale of investments	62.95	13.93
Fair value gain on mutual funds	11.35	0.7
Other non operating income	2.73	3.73
l'otal	263.08	100.13
Note 24 : Road work and site expenses		
Contract expenses	11,330.91	1,036.43
Operation and maintenance expenses	1,471,41	939.15
Site and other direct expenses	0.00	
Sub-contracting / Security expenses	0.35	0.73
Fechnical consultancy and supervision charges	62.84	53.20
fotal	12,865.52	2,029.53
Note 25 : Depreciation and amortisation expenses		
Depreciation on property, plant and equipment (refer note 4)	1.25	1.74
Amortisation on intangible assets (refer note 4)	2,809.17	1,673.16
Fotal	2,810.42	1,674.90
Note 26 : Finance cost		
nterest expense		
- Banks and financial institutions	7,387.76	8,670.13
- Debentures	1,617.52	
- Unwinding of retention money		48.7
Other borrowing costs		
- Amortisation of Transaction cost	128.80	78.03
- Unwinding of discount on provision of MMR	143.04	39.6
- Interest unwinding on loan/retention money	48.71	
- Interest unwinding of Trade Payable- Associates	765.06	655.78
- Others	163.82	46.44
Fotal	10,254.69	9,538.70





	(Amount in Millions.)		
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022	
Note 27 : Other expenses			
Rent	0.03	0.24	
Rates and taxes	81.75	31.64	
Water charges			
Travelling and conveyance	0.01	×.	
Director sitting fees	1.83	1.61	
Legal and professional expenses	163.58	186.84	
Corporate social responsibilities expenditure		8.00	
Donations	2.50		
Bank charges	2.83	5.54	
Miscellaneous expenses	3.76	1.19	
Fair value loss on measurement of other payable			
Fotal	256.29	235.06	
Note 27A : Payment to auditor (including GST)			
As auditors:			
- Statutory audit fees	1.42	1.23	
- Limited review fees	2.05	1.70	
In other capacity		4	

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- Other services (certification fees) Reimbursement of expenses

Total



0.17

0.04

3.13

1.37

0.20

5.04

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

# Note 28 : Commitment and Contingencies

#### a, Leases

Rent / lease payments under operating lease are recognised as an expense in the Consolidated Statement of profit and loss on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Operating lease		(Rs in millions)
Conference of the second	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
a) Future lease rental payments under non-cancellable operating lease are as follows:-		
i) Not later than one year		
ii) Later than one year and not more than five year	÷	
iii) Later than five year		
b) Lease payment recognised in the consolidated statement of profit and loss	0.03	0.24
c) General description of the leasing agreement		
i) Leased assets - accommodation for employees	2.0	8
ii) Future lease rentals are determined on agreed terms		8
b. Capital commitments		
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Estimated value of contracts in capital account remaining to be executed	14,295.07	625.98
c. Contingent liabilities		
Contingent liabilities not provided for		
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Guarantees given by the Group to suppliers, government bodies and performance guarantee		
For Service Tax, ESIC, Custom Duty, Other Finance expenses and Stamp duty matters	-	•
Total		(*C

UTL, CGTL and KGTL have filed Writ petition with Hon'ble Rajasthan High Court with prayer to commence payment of Premium to National Highways Authority of India (NHAI) six months post actual completion of the project construction work. The Hon'ble High Court prima facie agreed with the contention of these companies and had provided interim relief from payment of premium. Vide judgement order dated 25th August, 2021, the Hon'ble High Court found merit in the contention of the companies and has directed the parties to resolve the dispute under Arbitration. The said matter is currently pending under Arbitration.

During the year premium payment to NHAI has been commenced in IRBHM and KGTL. Note 29 : Trade payable

Under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 ('MSMED') which came into force from 2 October 2006, certain disclosures are required to be made relating to Micro, Small and Medium enterprises. On the basis or the information and records available with the management, there are no overdue amount to the Micro and Small enterprises as defined in the Micro, Small Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 as set out in the following disclosures:

The disclosure in respect of the amount payable to enterprises which have provided goods and services to the Group and which qualify under the definition of micro and small enterprises, as defined under Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 has been made in the consolidated financial statement as at March 31, 2023 based on the information received and available with the Group.

Particulars	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Principal amount remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the period end	1.61	3.69
Interest due thereon		
Amount of interest paid by the Company in terms of section 16 of the MSMED, along with the amount of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during the accounting period.		-9
Amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the period) but without adding the interest specified under the MSMED, 2006	1÷	+
Amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of the accounting period		
The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under the MSMED Act, 2006		-





a) MSME ageing schedule as at		
Particulars	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
MSME Undisputed Dues		Î.
Less than 1 year	1.61	3.69
1-2 Years		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
2-3 Years	(÷.	+
More than 3 years		
Total dues to micro and small enterprises as per MSMED Act, 2006	1.61	3,69

There are no disputed dues to micro and small enterprises as per MSMED Act, 2006. The amounts payable to MSME are not due for payments.

## b) Ageing of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises as at

Particulars	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Undisputed Dues		
Less than 1 year	7,438.37	13,369.16
1-2 Years	9,433.59	3,808.21
2-3 Years	2,559.45	12.82
More than 3 years	38.18	23.32
Total dues to creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises as at	19,469.59	17,213.50

c) out of	the above	unbilled	amount
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# 2,660.17 3,191.66

# Note 30 : Intangble Asset under development ageing schedule

a) Intangible asset under development		(Rs in millions)
Particulars	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Less than 1 year	2,339.97	1,055.74
1-2 Years	54.59	59.90
2-3 Years	27.11	175.24
More than 3 years		· · ·
Total	2,421.67	1,290.89

b) Intangible asset under development		
Particulars	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
To be completed in		
Less than 1 year	2,421.67	1,290.89
1-2 Years		
2-3 Years		-
More than 3 years		
Total	2,421.67	1,290.89





# Note 31 : Fair values

The carrying values of financials instruments of the Group are reasonable and approximations of fair values.

	Carrying	amount	Fair V	alue
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Financial assets				
Financial assets measured at amortised cost				
Loans				÷.
Other Financial assets	1,448.89	1,606.92	1,448.89	1,606.92
Financial assets measured at fair value through statement of Profit &				
Loss				
Investments (Quoted)	1,283.09	659.54	1,283.09	659.54
Financial assets measured at amortised cost				
Investments (Unquoted)		~		
Trade receivable	84.67	51.55	84.67	51.55
Cash and cash equivalents	731.31	287.23	731.31	287.23
Other Bank balances	4,866.69	2,469.97	4,866.69	2,469.97
Financial liabilities				
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost				
Trade payables	19,471.20	17,217.19	19,471.20	17,217.19
Borrowings	1,05,079.60	97,279.00	1,05,079.60	97,279.00
Other financial liabilities	38,330.17	38,191.92	38,330.17	38,191.92

The management assessed that the fair value of cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, trade payables, bank overdrafts and other current liabilities approximate their carrying amounts largely due to the short-term maturities of these instruments.

The fair value of the financial assets and liabilities is included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale.

The discount for lack of marketability represents the amounts that the Group has determined that market participants would take into account when pricing the investments.

# Note 32 : Fair value hierarchy

All financial instruments for which fair value is recognised or disclosed are categorised within the fair value hierarchy described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole.

Level 1: Quoted (unadjusted) price in active market for identical assets or liabilities

Level 2: Valuation technique for which the lowest level input that has a significant effect on the fair value measurement are observed, either directly or indirectly

Level 3: Valuation technique for which the lowest level input has a significant effect on the fair value measurement is not based on observable market data.





Quantitative disclosures fair value measurement hierarchy for financial instruments as at March 31, 2023:

			(AS III IIIIIIIOUS		
As on Mar 31, 2023 1 1,283.09 84.67 731.31 4,866.69 - 1,448.89 1,05,079.60 19,471.20	Fair value measurement at end of the reporting year us				
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3		
1,283.09	1,283.09				
			84.67		
731.31			731.31		
4,866.69	1. 1.	1.0	4,866.69		
-					
1,448.89			1,448.89		
1,05,079.60			1,05,079.60		
19,471.20			19,471.20		
38,330.17		<u></u>	38,330.17		
	2023 1,283.09 84.67 731.31 4,866.69 1,448.89 1,05,079.60 19,471.20	As on Mar 31, 2023 Level 1 1,283.09 1,283.09 84.67 - 731.31 - 4,866.69 - - 1,448.89 - 1,05,079.60 - 19,471.20 -	As on Mar 31, 2023 Level 1 Level 2 1,283.09 1,283.09 - 84.67 731.31 4,866.69 1,448.89 1,05,079.60 19,471.20		

Quantitative disclosures fair value measurement hierarchy for financial instruments as at March 31, 2022:

(Rs in millions)

(Re in millione)

As on Mar 31, 2022 Level 1	Fair value measurement at end of the reporting year using				
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3		
659.54	659.54				
51,55			51,55		
287.23		1.2	287.23		
2,469.97	a.		2,469.97		
1010		4			
1,606.92		~	1,606.92		
97,279.00	- Cec	· · ·	97,279.00		
17,217.19			17,217.19		
38,191.92	1.2	~	38,191.92		
	2022 659.54 51.55 287.23 2,469.97 1,606.92 97,279.00 17,217.19	As on Mar 31, 2022 Level 1 659.54 659.54 51.55 - 287.23 - 2,469.97 - - 1,606.92 - 97,279.00 - 17,217.19 -	As on Mar 31, 2022 Level 1 Level 2 659.54 659.54 - 51.55 - 287.23 - 2,469.97 - 1,606.92 - 97,279.00 - 17,217.19 -		

There has been no transfer between Level 1, Level 2 & Level 3 during the year.

# Note 33 : Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group's risk management policies are established to identify and analyse the risks faced by the Group, to set appropriate risk limits and controls, and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Group's activities.

The Board of Directors have overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Group's risk management framework.

In performing its operating, investing and financing activities, the Group is exposed to the Credit risk, Liquidity risk and Currency risk.

# Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: interest rate risk, currency risk and other price risk, such as equity price risk and commodity risk. Financial instruments affected by market risk include loans and borrowings, deposits, FVTOCI investments and derivative financial instruments.





Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

#### Credit risk on financial assets

Credit risk is the risk that counterparty will not meet its obligations under a financial instrument or customer contract, leading to a financial loss. The Company is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities (primarily trade receivables) and from its financing activities, including deposits with banks and financial institutions, foreign exchange transactions and other financial instruments.

#### **Financial instruments**

Credit risk from balances with banks, trade receivables, loans and advances and financial institutions is managed by the Group's management in accordance with the Group's policy. Investments of surplus funds are made only with approved counterparties and within credit limits assigned to each counterparty. Counterparty credit limits are reviewed by the top management on an annual basis, and may be updated throughout the year subject to approval of the Company's board of directors. The limits are set to minimise the concentration of risks and therefore mitigate financial loss through counterparty's potential failure to make payments.

#### Trade receivables and Loans and Advances

Customer credit risk and Loans and advances is managed by each business unit subject to the Group's established policy, procedures and control relating to customer credit risk management. An impairment analysis is performed at each reporting date on an individual basis for major trade receivables and loan and advances. The Group has not identified any impairment loss as at March 31, 2023.

The following table provides information about the ageing of gross carrying amount of trade recievables as at :

		(Rs in millions)
Gross Carrying Amount	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Undisputed Trade recievables -		*
Less than 6 months	33.02	
6 months - 1 year	0.10	29.37
1-2 Years	29.37	0.51
2-3 Years	0.51	21.66
More than 3 years	21.66	
Total	84.67	51.55

#### Other financial assets

Credit risk from balances with banks and financial institutions is managed by the Group in accordance with the Group's policy. Investments of surplus funds are made only in highly marketable debt instruments with appropriate maturities to optimise the cash return on instruments while ensuring sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities.

#### Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The

Group's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to the Group's long-term debt obligations with floating interest rates.

The Group manages its interest rate risk by having a balanced portfolio of fixed and variable rate borrowings.

#### Interest rate sensitivity

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in interest rates on that portion of loans and borrowings affected, after excluding the credit exposure on fixed rate borrowing. With all other variables held constant, the Group's profit before tax is affected through the impact on floating rate borrowings, as follows:





	a construction	the second second		(Rs in millions)
	Borrowings	Fixed Deposits	Borrowings	Fixed Deposits
Balance of Fixed Deposit and Borrowings	March	31, 2023	March 3	1, 2022
- INR Millions	1,01,369.82	4,866.69	94,124.22	2,469.97
Increase in basis points - INR	50 bps	50 bps	50 bps	50 bps
Effect on profit before tax	C. S.			
- INR Millions	(506.85)	) 24.33	(470.62)	12.35
Decrease in basis points - INR	50 bps	50 bps	50 bps	50 bps
Effect on profit before tax - TNR Millions	506.85	(24.33)	470.62	(12.35)

#### Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group may not be able to meet its present and future cash and collateral obligations without incurring unacceptable losses. The Group's objective is to, at all times maintain optimum levels of liquidity to meet its cash and collateral requirements. The Group closely monitors its liquidity position and deploys a robust cash management system. It maintains adequate sources of financing including debt from banks at an optimised cost.

The table below summarises the maturity profile of the Group's financial liabilities based on contractual undiscounted payments:

As at March 31, 2023	Carrying amt	Total	On Demand	Less than 1 year	1 to 5 years	>5 years
Long term Borrowings (Gross of unamortised transaction cost)	1,06,725.97	1,06,725.97	5,350.72	784.93	17,853.83	82,736.49
Other financial liabilities	38,330.17	38,330.17		2,549.37	35,780.80	
Trade payables	19,471.20	19,471.20		15,305.48	4,165.72	
Total	1,64,527.34	1,64,527.34	5,350.72	18,639.78	57,800.35	82,736.49
As at March 31, 2022	Carrying amt	Total	On Demand	Less than 1 year	1 to 5 years	> 5 years
Long term Borrowings (Gross of unamortised transaction cost)	98,243.70	98,243.70	4,085.74	633,43	14,152.24	79,372.29
Other financial liabilities	38,191.92	38,191.92		3,023.13	35,168.79	
Trade payables	17,217.19	17,217.19		11,218.34	5,998.85	
Total	1,53,652.81	1,53,652.81	4,085.74	14,874.90	55,319.88	79,372.29

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Notes to Condensed Interim Special Purpose Consolidated / Combined Financial Statements

Note 34 : Related party disclosures

(i)	Parties to the InvIT	IRB Infrastructure Developers Limited (Sponsor and Project Manager)
		MMK Toll Road Private Limited (Investment Manager)
		IDBI Trusteeship Services Limited (Trustee of the IRB Infrastructure Trust)
(ii)	Associates, Promoters, Directors and Partners of the persons mentioned in clause (i) and (ii)	As per table below

# List of associates, promoters, directors and partners of the persons mentioned in clause (i) and (ii)

Particulars	IRB Infrastructure Developers Limited (Sponsor and Project Manager)	MMK Toll Road Private Limited (Investment Manager)	IDBI Trusteeship Services Limited ( Trustee of IRB Infrastructure Trust)					
Promoters	Mr. Virendra D. Mhaiskar Mrs. Deepali V. Mhaiskar Mr. Virendra D. Mhaiskar (HUF)	IRB Infrastructure Developers Limited (IRBIDL)	IDBI Bank Limited LIC Corporation Limited General Insurace Corporation					
Directors	Mr. Virendra D. Mhaiskar	Mr. Virendra D. Mhaiskar	Mr. Samuel Joseph Jebaraj					
- Terrers	Mrs. Deepali V. Mhaiskar Mr. Jose Tamariz Martel Goncer Mr. Ravindra Dhariwal	Mr. Kunnasagaran Chinniah	Mr. Pradeep Kumar Jain Mrs. Jayashree Vijay Ranade Mr. Pradeep Kumar Malhotra					
	Independent Directors Mr. Chandrashekhar S. Kaptan Mr. Sunil H. Talati Mr. Sandeep J. Shah	Ms, Baljinder Kaur Mandal						
	Mrs. Priti Savla							
Associates	<ul> <li>A) Holding Company of Sponsor / Project Manager IRB Holding Private Limited (Formerly Mhaiskar Ven</li> <li>B) Subsidiary Companies of Sponsor / Project Man</li> <li>Project SPVs</li> <li>I. IRB Westcoast Tollway Limited (IRBWTL)</li> </ul>	ntures Private Limited)						
	<ol> <li>IRB Westcoast Tollway Limited (IRBWTL)</li> <li>Solapur Yedeshi Tollway Limited (SYTL)</li> <li>Yedeshi Aurangabad Tollway Limited (YATL)</li> <li>Kaithal Tollway Limited (KTL)</li> <li>AE Tollway Limited (AETL)</li> <li>Udaipur Tollway Limited (UTL)</li> </ol>							
	<ol> <li>CG Tollway Limited (CGTL)</li> <li>Kishangarh Gulabpura Tollway Limited (KGTL)</li> <li>IRB Hapur Muradabad Tollway Limited (IRBHMTL)</li> <li>Palsit Dankuni Tollway Private Limited (PDTPL)</li> </ol>							
	Others I. Ideal Road Builders Private Limited (IRBPL) 2. Mhaiskar Infrastructure Private Limited (MIPL) 3. Modern Road Makers Private Limited (MRMPL) 4. Aryan Toll Road Private Limited (ATRPL)							
	<ol> <li>5. ATR Infrastructure Private Limited (ATRFL)</li> <li>6. IRB Infrastructure Private Limited (IRBFL)</li> </ol>							
	<ol> <li>Thane Ghodbunder Toll Road Private Limited (TGTRPL)</li> <li>Aryan Infrastructure Investments Private Limited (AIIPL)</li> <li>IRB MP Expressway Private Limited (formerly known as NKT Road and Toll Private Limited)</li> </ol>							
	<ol> <li>MMK Toll Road Private Limited (MMK)</li> <li>IRB Kolhapur Integrated Road Development Company Private Limited (IRBK)</li> <li>A construction of the Private Limited (AURI)</li> </ol>							
	<ol> <li>Aryan Hospitality Private Limited (AHPL)</li> <li>IRB Sindhudurg Airport Private Limited (IRBSA)</li> <li>IRB Goa Tollway Private Limited (IRB Goa)</li> </ol>							
	<ol> <li>IRB PS Highway Private Limited (formerly known as MRM Highways Private Limited) (IRBPS)</li> <li>IRB Ahmedabad Vadodara Super Express Tollway Private Limited (IRBAV)</li> </ol>							
EBS	<ol> <li>MRM Mining Private Limited (Formerly "J J Patel Infrastructural and Engineering Private Limited") (Subsidiary of MRMPL)</li> <li>GE1 Expressway Private Limited (formerly known as IRB PP Project Private Limited)</li> <li>VK1 Expressway Private Limited (VK1)</li> </ol>							
MEAL TO A	<ol> <li>Modern Estate (Partnership Firm)</li> <li>Pathankot Mandi Highway Private Limited</li> </ol>		150					
ACCOUNT	<ol> <li>Chittoor Thachur Highway Private Limited</li> <li>Meerut Budaun Expressway Limited - Subsidiary u</li> <li>VM7 Expressway Private Limmited</li> </ol>	upto October 14, 2022 and Entity with Joint Control w	e.f. October 15,2022					
	25. Samakhiyali Tollway Private Limited w.e.f 14.03.2	2023	Jol					

397 W C) Other Associate Companies of Sponsor / Project Manager

1. Virendra D. Mhaiskar (HUF)

2. VCR Toll Services Private Limited

3. VDM Ventures Private Limited

4. DEUX Farming Films Private Limited

5. IRB Charitable Foundation

Key Managerial personnel of Project SPV Group (Only with whom Project SPV Group had transactions during the year/ there was balance outstanding at the year end)

1. Ms. Shilpa Todankar

2. Mr. Abhay Phatak (w.e.f. March 09, 2022)

3. Mr. Darshan Sangurdekar

4. Mr. Omprakash Singh

5. Mr. Chandrashekhar Kaptan

6. Mrs. Ranjana Paranjape (w.e.f October 06, 2021)

7. Mrs. Arati Taskar

8. Mr. Sudhir Rao Hoshing

9. Mr. Amitabh Murarka

10. Mr. Jitendra Sharma (upto February 28, 2022)

11. Mrs. Heena Raja (upto October 01, 2021)





Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

Sr.		Sponsor a Man	nd Project ager	Investmen	t Manager	Fellow sub Project SI	sidiaries of V Group	Key Man Personnel of Gro			e of IRB ture Trust
No.	raritculars	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
ı	Contract expenses					858.69	629,52				
	IRB Infrastructure Developers Limited Modern Road Makers Private Limited	1		-		858.69	629.52		3	-	7
			1.2.2		- C.	050.05	027.02				
2	Operation & Main. Expenses IRB Infrastructure Developers Limited	2,719,41 2,719,41	1,906.45 1,906.45	1.			3	÷.	i i	÷.	1
3	Finance Cost -Interest unwinding on Trade					768.06	655.79			4	
3	payable Modern Road Makers Private Limited		-		1	765.06 765.06	655.79		-	-	
		1.000				105.00	000.00				
4	Mobilisation advances recovered IRB Infrastructure Developers Limited	509.07 509.07	743.02 743.02	1	1.2	1.2	1	÷.,	1	1	12
5	Material Aggregate Purchase				1.1.1	588.05	1,555.19				
3	Modern Road Makers Private Limited		-	8	i.	588,05	1,555.19	-	1		÷
6	Advance given including BG margin given	896.12	451.03				62,57		- 11		
	IRB Infrastructure Developers Limited	896.12	451.03	5				1.2	1.1		1
	Modern Road Makers Private Limited		8		1.1	- e)	62.57				+
7	General advance recovered - EPC	5.	394.25	÷.	1.4		62.48	-		1.4	
	IRB Infrastructure Developers Limited Modern Road Makers Private Limited	2	394.25	+	- T	10	62.48	÷.	1	1.1	5
									1.1		
8	Construction cost IRB Infrastructure Developers Limited	11,171.92 11,171.92	8,484.71 8,484.71	-		1	2	1.2		1	
	Modern Road Makers Private Limited		-			1.1.4	-		-		÷
9	Amount held up	77.81				74.86	2.76	÷.		1.4.	
	IRB Infrastructure Developers Limited Modern Road Makers Private Limited	77.81	1			74.86	2.76	4			2
10	Retention / Held up release during Year		1.20	1.2	1.1	45.63			÷.		
	Modern Road Makers Private Limited		•	-		45.63	1.0		2	*	
11		560.52	2,161.31		1.9-1	48.73	48.71	- ÷		- 192	1
	IRB Infrastructure Developers Limited Mhaiskar Infrastructure Private Limited	560.52	2,161.31		1	48.71	48.71	12	1.1	1.12	1.1.1
	Modern Road Makers Private Limited	-		-		0.02	40.71		1		÷
12	Expenses incurred on our behalf		1.77	(Q)			100	1			
	IRB Infrastructure Developers Limited		1.77	+		÷.	1.00				
13	Unsecured Loan received	1,532.48	4,759.00		+						
	IRB Infrastructure Developers Limited	1,532.48	4,759.00	1		1.1.1	-				+
14	Unsecured Loan repaid	267.50	4,828.83		-			-	-		
	IRB Infrastructure Developers Limited	267.50	4,828.83	~		-	1	-	T		*
15	Units Issued	1,236.75	1,946.33	1 12			1	2	÷.	1.5	2
	IRB Infrastructure Developers Limited	1,236.75	1,946.33	1	+						
16	Trade payable IRB Infrastructure Developers Limited	212.45			12.88	12.80		1	- 2		
	Modern Road Makers Private Limited				•	12,80			Ç.,	i a	-
	MMK Toll Road Private Limited		-	+	12.88	1000	1	÷ .		2	÷
17	Additional Intangible Asset	3	3	4			7,148.39		÷-		
	Modern Road Makers Private Limited	•			1.5	2	7,148.39	•	•	•	•
18	Deletion Intangible Asset			1.8	÷.,	23.46	14		*		1.4
	Modern Road Makers Limited		*	3	~	23.46	Ť		+		1
0	Interest unwinding of Intangible Asset				141	33.74					





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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

Sr. No.	Particulars	Sponsor and Project Manager		Investment Manager		Fellow subsidiaries of Project SPV Group		Key Management Personnel of Project SPV Group		Trustee of IRB Infrastructure Trust	
		March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
20	Investment Management Fees			56.52	42.48						
	MMK Toll Road Pvt Limited			56.52	42.48	1.1					- A
21	Trustee Fees									5,30	3.33
	IDBI Trusteeship Services Limited	-	•			-	1.1.1			5.30	3.33
22	Director sitting fees paid							1.83	1.65	1.83	1.65
	Mrs. Arati Taskar					1.4		0.06		0.06	52
	Mr. Darshan Sangurdekar		-					0.22	0.23	0.22	0.23
	Mr.Omprakash Singh	1.1.2			×	1.1	e	0.19	0.23	0.19	0.23
13	Mr. Sudhir Hoshing	~						0.06		0.06	
	Mr. Jitendra Sharma							•	0.41		0.41
	Mrs. Heena Raja		(	1.1		1.1			0.06	1.41	0.06
	Mr. C S Kaptan	1.00					1.1.1	0.33	0.39	0.33	0.39
	Ms. Shilpa Todankar	1.00	Э				-	0.51	0.26	0.51	0.26
	Mrs.Ranjana Paranjape					-		0.13	0.05	0.13	0.05
	Mr. Abhay Pathak							0.25	0.02	0.25	0.02
	Mr. Amitabh Murarka			1				0.06		0.06	





# Notes to Condensed Interim Special Purpose Consolidated / Combined Financial Statements

# II. Related party balances

Sr.	Particulars	Sponsor and Project Manager		Investment Manager		Fellow subsida SPV (		Key Management Personne of Project SPV Group	
No.		March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
1	Short-term borrowings	477.81	477.81			1			
Ċ.	IRB Infrastructure Developers Limited	477.81	477.81	-		-	i i i		i.
2	Trade payable	4,931.60	1,189.05	78.54	80.31	12,475.69	11,888.28		
1	IRB Infrastructure Developers Limited	4,931.60	1,189.05	-	-	-	-	1.1	
	Modern Road Makers Private Limited	1 e -	· · ·	*		12,475.69	11,888.28	1991	
	MMK Toll Road Private Limited	.7		78.54	80.31			•	-
3	Mobilisation advances	33.68	435.80				100		
	IRB Infrastructure Developers Limited	33,68	435.80	18.1		( ) ( <del>)</del> (	×.	1.81	
4	Advance given	451.18	502.86	1.4.0		0.03	0.03		1.4
	IRB Infrastructure Developers Limited	451.18	502.86				•	1.40	
	Modern Road Makers Private Limited	1 X 1	1.1		~	0.03	0.03		
5	Retention payable	~	-			281.35	256.49		
	Modern Road Makers Private Limited				•	281.35	256.49		-
6	Other payable including BG margin payable	32,246.65	31,711.77	₹1	•	3,697.39	3,648.68		×
	IRB Infrastructure Developers Limited	32,246.65	31,711.77	-	-		÷.	-	÷
	Modern Road Makers Private Limited	18	1.8	1.0	्रः	1,800.84	1,800.83		
	IRB Goa Tollway Private Limited Mhaiskar Infrastructure Private Limited	1			1.12	1,544.86 351.69	1,544.86	100	
	Innaiskar innastructure Frivate Littited		~	<u></u>	-	331.09	302.98	Ť	1
7	Other payable ( Exp incurred on our behalf)	1.77	1.77	14	*	1.4	÷.	-	1
	IRB Infrastructure Developers Limited	1.77	1.77		*		1		
8	Unsecured Loan / other payable	4,872.91	3,607.93	4		40	1.1		1.1
	IRB Infrastructure Developers Limited	4,872.91	3,607.93		-	-	141	141	-
9	Trade Receivable					0.61	0.51	1.1	
	Modern Road Makers Private Limited			-	1	0.61	0.51		
0	Expense payable	491.53	938.23		1.4	2	14	0.51	
	IRB Infrastructure Developers Limited	491.53	938.23	(B)	1	1.12		•	1.1
	Modern Road Makers Private Limited IDBI Trusteeship Services Limited		2					0.51	1
1	Other receivable			0.08			1.1		
	MMK Toll Road Private Limited	-	-	0.08	1		÷	÷.	
2	Director sitting fees Payable		1.1	1.00	1.1	- D	1.12	0.44	0.4
	Mr. Mukeshlal Gupta	÷1.	1.4		-	- E 1	*		-
	Mr. Dhananjay K. Joshi	1.1.1	-		1 × 1	1.4		1.00	
	Mr. Ajay P. Deshmukh		- CE 1		· •	- e			-
	Mr. Rajendra kumar Agarwal Mrs. Aarti Taskar				1		- <u>3</u>	0.01	0.0
	Mr. Darshan Sangurdekar	-		5		÷.	2	0.01	0.0
	Mr. Omprakash Singh			2.1	-			0.04	0.0
	Mr. Sudhir Hoshing							0.01	
	Mr. Jitendra Sharma				- 19 - E	1.4.1	÷.	0.02	0.
	Mr. Rajpaul S. Sharma	- 10		1.60					-
	Mrs. Heena Raja	121 .		1.00	-		- ÷		
	Mr. C S Kaptan Mrs. Kshama Vengsarkar	1 1 .			-	10	UCZ	0.08	0.
	Miss Shilpa Todankar	SE :	-		-	132	13	0.13	0.0
	Mr. Abhay Pathak	1.5		-	2		Ima Mal	0.07	-
	Mr. Amitabh Murarka	1 -				ELM	MBAI	0.01	
13	Mrs. Ranjana Paranjape		÷			15M	100H	0.03	0.

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#### Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

#### Note 35 : Capital management

Capital includes equity attributable to the unitholders to ensure that it maintains an efficient capital structure and healthy capital ratios in order to support its business and maximise unitholder value. The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it, in light of changes in economic conditions or its business requirements. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Project SPV Group may adjust the dividend payment to unitholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes during the year ended March 31, 2023.

The Group monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is net debt divided by total capital plus net debt. Net debt is calculated as loans and borrowings less cash and cash equivalents.

	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Borrowings	1,05,079.60	97,279.00
Less: cash and cash equivalents (Note 10)	(731.31)	(287,23)
Net debt	1,04,348.29	96,991.77
Equity (Note 14 and 15)	77,533.53	77,396.04
Total equity	77,533.53	77,396.04
Capital and net debt	1,81,881,82	1,74,387.81
Gearing ratio (%)	57.37%	55.62%

In order to achieve this overall objective, the Group's capital management, amongst other things, aims to ensure that it meets financial covenants attached to the interest-bearing loans and borrowings that define capital structure requirements. Breaches in meeting the financial covenants would permit the bank to immediately call loans and borrowings. There have been no breaches in the financial covenants of any interest-bearing borrowings in the current period.

#### Note 36: Details of Project management fees and Investment management fees

Details of fees paid to project manager and investment manager as required pursuant to SEBI Circular No, CIRIMD/DFII27i2016, dated November 29,2016 are as under:

#### i) Project Management Fees

In accordance with the Project Implementation Agreements, the fees and remuneration payable by the Project SPVs to the Project Manager has been worked out and agreed upon for the duration of current financial year, between the Project Manager, Investment Manager and the respective Project SPV, on an arm's length basis, after taking into account the extent of work to be done in respect of maintenance and other services to be provided by the Project Manager to such Project SPV.

#### ii) Investment Management Fees

Pursuant to the terms of the Investment Management Agreement, the fees will be paid to the Investment Manager for the services provided by it ("Management Fees"). The Management Fees have been revised for the Financial Year with the approval of the Unitholders, where the votes cast by Unitholders so entitled and voting in favor of a resolution are not less than one-and-a-half times the votes cast against such resolution. Pursuant to a resolution of the Unitholders, the Management Fees for the Financial Year 2023 has been revised to Rs.47.70 millions

### Note 37: Revenue share / premium payment to NHAI

(a) During the year ended March 31, 2023, the Group has paid/accrued Rs. 5,671.70 millions (March 31, 2022, Rs. 1,779.36 millions) as Revenue Share to National Highways Authority of India ("NHAI") out of its toll collection in accordance with the Concession Agreements entered with NHAI. Income from Operations in the financials for the above periods is net off the above Revenue Share to NHAI.

(b) During the year ended March 31, 2017, AE Tollway Limited (AETL) has entered into a Concession agreement (CA) with NHAI for a period of 24 years. As per the terms of the CA, AETL has agreed to pay a premium in the form of "Additional Concession Fee" equal to Rs. 810.00 millions for the first year and each subsequent year such premium shall be determined by increasing the amount of premium in the respective year by an additional 5% as compared to the immediately preceding year. Management based on the legal opinion obtained and their evaluations of the terms of the CA, believes that such premium payable is restricted to the toll collection during the year and is in the form of revenue sharing arrangement. Accordingly, the premium payable for the year is accounted for as revenue share. The said treatment has been followed in case of KGTL and IRBHM where premium payment has commenced during the current year.





# Note 38: Grant from Government Authorities

As per Article 25 of the respective Concession Agreement with the National Highways Authority of India ('NHAI' or 'the Grantor'), the Concessionaires are entitled to receive Grant for meeting the part of the project cost subject to the conditions laid down in the concession agreement. The details are as under:

(Rs	in	mill	ions)

Name of the Company	Eligible for Grant		Grant received in FY 2017-18	Grant received in FY 2018-19	Grant yet to be received
SYTL	1,890.00	1,391.70	403.80	94.50	
KTL	2,340.00	1,533.79	806.21	1	
YATL	5,580.00	· · · · · · · · ·	4,230.24	1,349.76	
IRBWTL	5,362.20	4,512.30	•	849.90	
Total	15,172.20	7,437.79	5,440.25	2,294.16	

Note 39 : Events after reporting period

The Trust has been listed on NSE from April 3, 2023.

# Note 40: Information on segment reporting pursuant to Ind AS 108 - Operating Segments

The Project SPV Group has identified business segment in accordance with Indian Accounting Standard 108 "Operating Segment" notified under section 133 of the Companies Act 2013, read together with relevant rules issued thereunder. The Group has identified Built, Operate and Transfer ('BOT') as its single reportable segment. Moreover the Group's activities are restricted within India and hence no separate geographical segment disclosure is considered necessary.





#### IRB Infrastructure Trust Notes to Condensed Interim Special Purpose Consolidated / Combined Financial Statements

Note 41 : Debt payment history

				(Amount in Millions.)
Particulars	Opening Balance as on April 1, 2022	Loan availed during the period	Loan repaid during the period	Closing Balance as at March 31, 2023
Secured loan from Bank and Financial Institution	88,627.04	5,109.36	25,799.39	67,937.01
Debenture	5,497.18	28,060.00	124.36	33,432.82
Loan from related party	4,085.74	1532.48	267.5	5,350.72
Total	98,209.96	34,701.84	26,191.25	1,06,720.55
Particulars	Opening Balance as on April 1, 2021	Loan availed during the period	Loan repaid during the period	Closing Balance as at March 31, 2022
Secured loan from Bank and Financial Institution	85,269.71	4,066.31	708.98	88,627.04
Debenture	5,563.63		66.45	5,497.18
Loan from related party	4,155.57	3746.5	3816.326547	4,085.74
Total	94,988.91	7,812.81	4,591.75	98,209.96





Particulars	As at Mar 31, 2023
	As at 141al 51, 2025
Shareholders' Funds:	
Unit Capital	87,929.33
Subordinate Debt	
Other Equity	(10,395.80)
Minority interest	0.81
Total Shareholders' Funds	77,534.34
Borrowings	
Borrowings from related parties	5,350.72
Long term borrowings	98,943.95
Current maturities of long term borrowings	784.93
Total Debt	1,05,079.60
Total Capitalisation	1,82,613,94

# Note 43: Earnings Per Unit (EPU)

EPU amounts are calculated by dividing the profit for the period attributable to unit holders by the weighted average number of Units outstanding during the year.

The following reflects the income and share data used in the EPU computations:			(Rs in millions)
		March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Profit attributable to unit holders for earnings		(2,271.59)	(4,435.98)
Weighted average number of Units for EPU		87,79,64,498	84,29,14,666
Face value per unit ( in Rs )		100	100
Earning per unit (in Rs.)		(2.59)	(5.26)
Note 44 : Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Activities :			
			(₹ in Millions)
		As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Gross amount required to be spent by the company during the period		*	5.69
a) Amount spent during the year ending on March 31, 2023	In cash	Yet to be paid in	Total
i) Construction/acquisition of any asset			
ii) On purposes other than (i) above (including previous year unspent amount)	÷.		
	-	•	
	In cash	Yet to be paid in	Total
a) Amount spent during the year ending on March 31, 2022			
i) Construction/acquisition of any asset			
ii) On purposes other than (i) above	8.00		8.00
b) Yet to be paid in cash for ongoing project			· · · · · ·
	8.00		8.00

Note 45 : Contributed Equity

Units are classified as equity. Incremental costs attributable to the issue of units are directly recorded in equity, net of tax.





Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

# Note 46 : Other Statutory information

i) The Group have not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency during the financial year.
 ii) The Group does not hold benami property and no proceedings under Benami transaction (Prohibition) Act 1988 have been initiated against the Group.

#### iii) The Group do not have any transactions with companies struck off.

iv) The Group have not any such transaction which is not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961.

v) The Group did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contract for which there were any material foreseeable losses.vi) The Group has not declared a wilful defaulter by any bank/ financial institution or any other lender during the year.

#### Note 47 : Previous year comparatives

Previous period's figures have been regrouped/reclassified, wherever necessary, to confirm current period's classification.





#### Note 48 : Disclosure pursuant to Appendix - A to Ind AS 11 - " Service Concession Arrangements" ('SCA')

(A) Disclosures with regard to Toll Collection Rights (Intangible Assets)

Sr. No.	Name of Concessionaire	Start of concession period under concession agreement (Appointed date)	End of concession period under concession agreement	Period of concession since the appointed date	Construction completion date or expected construction completion date, as applicable
.1.	IRB Westcoast Tollway Limited	March 3, 2014	March 2, 2042	28 years	June 30, 2022
2	Solapur Yedeshi Tollway Limited	January 21, 2015	January 20, 2044	29 years	October 15, 2019
3	Yedeshi Aurangabad Tollway Limited	July 1, 2015	June 30, 2041	26 years	September 24, 2020
4	Kaithal Tollway Limited	July 15, 2015	July 14, 2042	27 years	March 29, 2019
5	AE Tollway Limited	August 1, 2016	July 31, 2040	24 years	November 24, 2020
6	Udaipur Tollway Limited	September 3, 2017	September 2, 2038	21 years from Appointed Date	June 01, 2021
7	CG Tollway Limited	November 4, 2017	November 3, 2037	20 years from Appointed Date	August 14, 2021
8	Kishangarh Gulabpura Tollway Limited	February 21, 2018	February 20, 2038	20 years from Appointed Date	June 30, 2022
9	IRB Hapur Moradabad Tollway Limited	May 28, 2019	May 26, 2041	22 years from Appointed Date	June 30, 2022
10	Palsit Dankuni Tollway Private Limited	April 2, 2022	April 1, 2039	17 years from Appointed Date	Under construction

#### Note:

The above BOT/DBFOT projects shall have following rights/ obligations in accordance with the Concession Agreement entered into with the Respective Government Authorities:-

- a. Rights to use the Specified assets
- b. Obligations to provide or rights to expect provision of services
- c. Obligations to deliver or rights to receive at the end of the Concession.

# Note 49 : Segment reporting

The Group's activities comprise of Toll collection in various parts of India based on the guiding principles given in Ind AS - 108 "Operating Segments", this activity falls within a single operating segment and accordingly the disclosures of the standard have not separately been given.

As per our report of even date For Gokhale & Sathe Chartered Accountants ICAI registration number: 103264W

CA Kaustubh Deshpande Partner Membership No. 121011

Place: Mumbai Date: 12.05.2023 MUMBAI MUMBAI MUMBAI MUMBAI MUMBAI MUMBAI MUMBAI MUMBAI MUMBAI For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of MMK Toll Road Private Limited (As Investment Manager to IRB Infrastructure Trust) CIN: U45200MH2002PTC135512

Virendra D. Mhaiskar Chairman DIN :00183554

Shilpa Todankar Chief Financial Officer

Place : Mumbai Date; 12.05.2023 b. K. Josh

Dhananjay K. Joshi Chief Executive officer

Kaustubh Shevade Company Secretary Membership No.A27833





304/308/309, udyog mandir no 1, 7-c, bhagoji keer marg, mahim, mumbai 400 016.

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

# To the Unit Holders of IRB Infrastructure Trust

# REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE STANDALONE IND AS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# OPINION

We have audited the accompanying Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements of IRB Infrastructure Trust ("the InvIT" or "the Trust"), which comprise the Standalone Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2023, the Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Standalone Statement of Cash Flows, the Standalone Statement of Changes in Unit Holders' Equity and the Standalone Statement of Net Assets at Fair value as at March 31, 2023 and the Standalone Statement of Total Returns at Fair Value and the Standalone Statement of Net Distributable Cash Flows ('NDCFs') for the year then ended, and notes to the Standalone Financial Statements including a Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Other Explanatory Information (hereinafter referred to as "the standalone financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Standalone Financial Statements give the information required by the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Infrastructure Investment Trusts) Regulations, 2014 as amended from time to time including any guidelines and circulars issued thereunder (together referred to as the "SEBI InvIT Regulations") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) and/or any addendum thereto as defined in the rule 2(1)(a) of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the State of Affairs of the Trust as at March 31, 2023, its profits and total comprehensive income, movement of Unit Holders' fund and its Cash flows for the year ended March 31,2023, its Net Assets at fair value as at March 31, 2023, its total returns at Fair Value and the net distributable cash flow for the year ended on that date.

# BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit of the Standalone Financial Statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing ("SAs") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements section of this report. We are independent of the Trust in accordance with the code of ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Standalone Financial Statements under the provisions of the SEBI InvIT Regulations and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on the Standalone Financial Statements.

# KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the Standalone Financial Statements of the financial period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the Standalone Financial Statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a



separate opinion on these matters. We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

AR	TICULARS	HOW THEY WERE ADDRESSED IN OUR AUDIT
	Loss on fair value measurement of other	
•	payable / deferred consideration payable to	
	IRB Group.	
	Pursuant to settlement of IRB Infrastructure Trust by IRB Infrastructure Developers Limited (Sponsor), as a Private INVIT, the Trust has entered into Debt Novation Agreements (DNA). As per the terms of DNA, in consideration of assets taken over in 9 SPVs, Trust has issued units and	<ul> <li>We reviewed the Placement Memorandum filed with SEBI and the consequential legal documentation entered into by the Trust, including inter alia th Debt Novation Agreements and their reflection in th underlying SPVs.</li> </ul>
	agreed to transfer to the Sponsor, the claim amounts when and to the extent the same are eventually received by Project SPVs, on account of Sponsor Claims.	• We have reviewed the methodology adopted by th valuer in deriving the value including th assumptions made.
	Such Sponsor Claims shall be lodged after obtaining COD by respective SPVs. The amount realizable against claims has been estimated by	<ul> <li>We assessed the estimates of Fair Value provided in the Valuation Report and realizability of claims a indicated therein.</li> </ul>
	the valuers appointed by the Management based on the weighted average of probabilities of realization of such claims.	<ul> <li>We also reviewed the reasonableness of the variable applied in the said computation.</li> </ul>
	Based on the fair value of liability as estimated by the valuers, a resultant impact in the value of liability has been recognized under the head 'Loss on fair value measurement of other payable'.	<ul> <li>Based on the above, the fair value of liability to th Sponsor, as estimated by the valuer, taking int consideration the weighted average of probabilities of realization has been validated.</li> </ul>
2.	Impairment Testing	
	The Group has toll collection rights as intangible assets pursuant to the concession agreement. The carrying value of these rights acquired under BOT basis is being compared to the recoverable value (which is value in use in the instant case) thereof to ascertain if there is any impairment.	• We evaluated management's assessment of impairment for intangible assets under development and intangible assets – toll collection rights by testin the assumptions and methodologies used by the Management.
	to ascertain if there is any impairment. The process involves estimating the value in use of the asset which is determined by forecasting and discounting future cash flows. The same is	<ul> <li>Referred to valuation reports and Traffic Growt Study Reports and determined reasonableness of future toll revenue.</li> </ul>
	sensitive to changes in discount rate, traffic growth rates, toll growth rates etc. The determination of the recoverable amount of the toll collection right involves significant judgment due to inherent uncertainty in the assumptions supporting the recoverable amount of these	<ul> <li>Evaluated the potential changes in major component as compared to previous year vis-à-vis actua performance in order to evaluate whether the input and assumptions used in the cash flow forecasts wer suitable.</li> </ul>
	rights. Accordingly, the evaluation of impairment of toll collection rights has been determined as a Key	<ul> <li>Assessed the appropriateness of the weighted averag cost of capital used in determining recoverabl amount.</li> </ul>
	Audit Matter.	<ul> <li>Performed sensitivity analysis of key assumption used in valuation.</li> </ul>





# INFORMATION OTHER THAN THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND AUDITOR'S REPORT THEREON

The Board of Directors of Investment Manager is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Report of Investment Manager including annexures to Investment Manager's Report and other information as required to be given by SEBI InvIT Regulations, but does not include the standalone financial statements and our report thereon.

Our opinion on the standalone financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. In connection with our audit of the standalone financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the standalone financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

# RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF INVESTMENT MANAGER FOR THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Board of Directors of Investment Manager is responsible for the preparation of these Standalone Financial Statements that give a true and fair view of the Standalone financial position as at 31 March 2023, financial performance including other comprehensive income, movement of Unit Holders' fund and its Cash flows for the year ended March 31, 2023, its Net Assets at fair value as at March 31, 2023, its total returns at Fair Value and the net distributable cash flow of the trust for the year ended March 31, 2023 in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards specified and/or any addendum thereto as defined in Rule 2(1)(a) of Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended read with the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Infrastructure Investment Trusts) Regulation 2014 as amended from time to time including any guidelines and circulars issued thereunder (together referred to as the "InvIT Regulations").

This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the InvIT Regulations for safeguarding of the assets of the Trust and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud and error.

In preparing the Standalone Financial Statements, the Board of Directors of Investment Manager is responsible for assessing the Trust's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors of Investment Manager either intends to liquidate the Trust or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors of Investment Manager are also responsible for overseeing the Trust's financial reporting process.

# AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE AUDIT OF THE STANDALONE IND AS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance whether the Standalone Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also,

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal financial control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Board of Directors of Investment Manager.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of use of the going concern basis of accounting by the Board of Directors of Investment Manager and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Trust's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Trust to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the standalone financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.





We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the Standalone Financial Statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

# REPORT ON OTHER LEGAL AND REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

Based on our audit and as required by SEBI InvIT Regulations, we report that:

- a. We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit;
- b. The Balance Sheet and the Statement of Profit and Loss including other comprehensive income, dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account of the Trust; and
- c. In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards specified under Rule 2(1)(a) of Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended.

# For Gokhale & Sathe,

Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No.: 103264W

CA Kaustubh Deshpande, Partner Membership No. 121011 UDIN: 23121011 BCXX WA 9139 Date: 12<sup>th</sup> May 2023 Place: Mumbai



IRB Infrastructure Trust Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2023

		Note No.	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31. 2022
	ASSETS			
I				
(1)	Non-current assets Financial assets	4	10	
	i) Investments		94 424 44	90,929.80
	i) Loans			30,302.98
	Total non-current assets		1,24,776.13	1,21,232.78
(2)	Current assets			
	Financial assets	5		
	i) Investments	5.1	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	20.04
	ii) Cash and cash equivalents	5.2	6.56	0.25
	iii) Loans	5.3	5,421.29	3,492.95
	iv) Other financial assets	5.4	7,965.17	5,610.67
	Other current assets	6	4.48	-
	Total current assets		13,417.58	9,123.92
	TOTAL ASSETS		1,38,193.71	1,30,356.70
п	EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
	Equity			
	Unit capital	7	87,929.33	85,504.33
	Other equity	8	9,526.42	5,992.74
	Total unit holder's equity		97,455.75	91,497.07
(1)	Non-current liabilities		<u>.</u>	
	Financial liabilities			
	i) Other financial liabilities	9		35,168.79
	Total non- current liabilities		35,778.03	35,168.79
(2)				
	Financial liabilities			
	i) Borrowings		4,872.91	3,607.93
	ii) Trade payables	10.2		
	small enterprises and small enterprises b) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro		0.01	•
	enterprises and small enterprises		81.34	81.71
	Other Current liabilities	11	5.67	1.20
	Total current liabilities		4,959.93	3,690.84
	Total liabilities		40,737.96	38,859.63
	TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		1,38,193.71	1,30,356.70
	Summary of significant accounting policies	3		

Summary of significant accounting policies See accompanying notes to the financial statements.

As per our report of even date For Gokhale & Sathe Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration Number: 103264W For and on behalf of MMK Toll Road Private Limited (Investment Manager of IRB Infrastructure Trust)

LE & MUMBA t CA. Kaustubh Deshpande Partner DAC Membership No.: 121011

Virendra D. Mhaiskar Chairman DIN : 00183554

Shilpa Todankar Chief Financial officer

Place : Mumbai Date : 12.05.2023

D.K. Josh

Dhananjay K. Joshi Chief Executive officer

Kaustubh Shevade Company secretary Membership No. A27833



Place: Mumbai Date : 12.05.2023

# IRB Infrastructure Trust Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended March 31, 2023

Statement of Profit and Loss for the year cheed r		For the year ended	( Rs. in Millions) For the year ended
	Note No.	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Income			
Other income	12	4,222.87	4,200.44
TOTAL INCOME		4,222.87	4,200.44
Expenses		56.52	42.48
Investment Manager Fees	13	617.34	2,182.21
Other expenses	13	673.86	2,224.69
TOTAL EXPENSES	*	3,549.01	1,975.75
Profit / (Loss) before tax			1,575.75
Tax expenses		3,549.01	1,975.75
Profit / (Loss ) after tax (A)		5,545.01	2,575.75
Other comprehensive income / (loss) for the year	(net of tax)		
Re-measurement gains/ (losses) on defined benefit p Other comprehensive income/(loss) for the year (n	lans (net of taxes) net of tax) (B)		
Total comprehensive income for the year, net of ta	ax : (A+B)	3,549.01	1,975.75
			68. UU
Earnings per unit			2.24
Basic	t:	4.04	2.34
Diluted		4.04	2.34
Summary of significant accounting policies	3		

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.

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As per our report of even date For Gokhale & Sathe Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration Number: 103264W

CA. Kaustubh Deshpande Partner Membership No.: 121011

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Place: Mumbai Date : 12.05.2023 For and on behalf of MMK Toll Road Private Limited (Investment Manager of IRB Infrastructure Trust)

Virendra D. Mhaiskar Chairman DIN : 00183554

Shilpa Todankar Chief Financial officer

Place: Mumbai Date : 12.05.2023

D. K. Josh

Dhananjay K. Joshi Chief Executive officer

C

Kaustubh Shevade Company secretary Membership No. A27833



IRB Infrastructure Trust Statement of changes in Equity for the year ended March 31, 2023

		( Rs. in Millions)
	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
. Unit Capital		
At the beginning of the year	85,504.33	81,688.00
Issued during the year	2,425.00	3,816.33
At the end of the year	87,929.33	85,504.33
. Other Equity		
Retained earnings		
At the beginning of the year	5,992.74	4,020.25
Profit for the year	3,549.01	1,975.75
Unit issue expenses	(15.33)	(3.26
At the end of the year	9,526.42	5,992.74

Summary of Significant accounting policies (refer note no.3)

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See accompanying notes to the financial statements.

As per our report of even date For Gokhale & Sathe Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration Number: 103264W

e CA. Kaustubh Deshpande Partner Membership No.: 121011

Place: Mumbai Date : 12.05.2023 For and on behalf of MMK Toll Road Private Limited (Investment Manager of IRB Infrastructure Trust)

Virendra D. Mhaiskar Chairman DIN : 00183554

Shilpa Todankar Chief Financial officer

Place : Mumbai Date : 12.05.2023

D.K. Josh

Dhananjay K. Joshi Chief Executive officer

Kaustubh Shevade Company secretary Membership No. A27833



### IRB Infrastructure Trust DISCLOSURES PURSUANT TO SEBI CIRCULARS (SEBI Circular No. CIR/IMD/DF/114/2016 dated 20-Oct-2016 and No. CIR/IMD/DF/127/2016 dated 29-Nov-2016

# A. Statement of Net Asset at Fair Value

-			
As at March 31	, 2023	As at Marc	h 31, 2022
Book value	Fair value	Book value	Fair value
1,38,193.71	1,87,704.45	1,30,356.70	1,50,647.12
40,737.96	4,959.93	38,859.63	3,690.84
97,455.75	1,82,744.52	91,497.07	1,46,956.29
879.29	879.29	855.04	855.04
110.83	207.83	107.01	171.87
-	Book value 1,38,193.71 40,737.96 97,455.75 879.29	1,38,193.71         1,87,704.45           40,737.96         4,959.93           97,455.75         1,82,744.52           879.29         879.29	Book value         Fair value         Book value           1,38,193.71         1,87,704.45         1,30,356.70           40,737.96         4,959.93         38,859.63           97,455.75         1,82,744.52         91,497.07           879.29         879.29         855.04

### B. Statement of total returns at Fair Value

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2023	For the year ended March 31, 2022	
Total Comprehensive Income (As per the Statement of Profit and Loss)	3,549.01	1,975.75	
Add/(less): Other Changes in Fair Value	85,288.77	55,459.22	
Comprehensive Income -	88,837.78	57,434.97	

#### Notes :

Fair value of assets as at March 31, 2023 and other changes in fair value for the year then ended as disclosed in the above tables are derived based on the fair valuation reports issued by the independent valuer appointed under the InvIT Regulations.

As per our report of even date For Gokhale & Sathe Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration Number: 103264W

LE&

MUMBAI



Partner

Place: Mumbai Date : 12.05.2023 For and on behalf of MMK Toll Road Private Limited (Investment Manager of IRB Infrastructure Trust)

Virendra D. Mhaiskar Chairman DIN: 00183554

Shilpa Todankar

Chief Financial officer

Place: Mumbai Date : 12.05.2023

D.K. Josh

Dhananjay K. Joshi Chief Executive officer

Kaustubh Shevade Company secretary Membership No. A27833



Cash Flow statement for the year ended March 31, 2023

(Rs. in Millions) For year ended For year ended Particulars March 31, 2023 March 31, 2022 Cash flow from operating activities 3.549.01 1.975.75 Profit / (Loss) before tax Adjustments to reconcile profit before tax to net cash flows: (0.18)Fair value gain on investments (0.92)(0.40)Profit on sale of investments Fair value loss on measurement of other payable 560.53 2,161.31 Interest income on (4,221.77) (4,200.00) - Others Operating profit/(loss) before working capital changes (113.33) (63.33) Movement in working capital: (0.36)14.10 Increase/(decrease) in trade payables 48.71 Increase/(decrease) in other financial liabilities 50.48 Increase/(decrease) in other current liabilities 4.48 (0.50)(Increase)/decrease in Other current assets (4.48)0.03 (1,928.34)(1,682.67) (Increase)/decrease in loans (Increase)/decrease in Other Financial assets (229.72)(0.89)Cash generated from/(used in) operations (2,223.05) (1,682.80) Direct taxes paid (net of refunds) Net cash flows from/(used in) operating activities (A) (2,223.05) (1,682.80) Cash flows from investing activities (1,212.00)(615.00) Investment in subsidiaries Investment in sub debt of subsidiaries (2,282.64) (2,264.49)(48.71) (48.71) Loan given to subsidiaries Long term 2,097.00 825.00 Interest received from related parties (302.98) (383.38) Purchase of units of Mutual Fund 304.04 Proceeds on sale of units of Mutual Fund 413.74 Net cash flows from/(used in) investing activities (B) (1,445.29) (2,072.84) Cash flow from financing activities Other Equity Proceeds from issuance of unit capital 2,425.00 3,816.33 1,532.48 4,266.50 Proceeds of curent borrowings (267.50) (4,336.33) Repayment of curent borrowings (15.33)(3.26) Unit Issue Expenses Net cash flows from/(used in) financing activities (C) 3,674.65 3,743.24 Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C) 6.32 (12.40) Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period 0.25 12.65 Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period (refer 5.2) 6.56 0.25 Components of cash and cash equivalents -Cash on hand Balances with scheduled banks 6.56 0.25 - On Current Account Total Cash and cash equivalents (refer note 5.2) 6.56 0.25





Cash Flow statement for the year ended March 31, 2023

ebt reconciliation statement in accordance with Ind AS 7	For year ended	For year ended
articulars	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
opening balances		
ong term borrowings	-	-
hort term borrowings	3,607.93	3,677.7
	· ·	
Aovements		
ong term borrowings	-	-
Short term borrowings	(1,264.98)	69.8
	-	÷
Closing balances		
Long term borrowings Short term borrowings	4,872.91	3,607.9

Summary of significant accounting policies (refer note 3) See accompanying notes to the financial statements.

#### Notes:

1. All figures in bracket are outflow.

2. Taxes paid are treated as arising from operating activities and are not bifurcated between investing and financing activities.

3. Reconciliation between opening and closing balances for liabilities arising from financing activities

4. The cash flow statement has been prepared under Indirect Method as per Ind AS 7 "Statement of Cash Flows" as notified under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013.

As per our report of even date

For Gokhale & Sathe

Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration Number: 103264W

CA. Kaustubh Deshpande Partner Membership No.: 121011

Place: Mumbai Date : 12.05.2023 For and on behalf of MMK Toll Road Private Limited (Investment Manager of IRB Infrastructure Trust)

Virendra D. Mhaiskar Chairman DIN : 00183554

Shilpa Todankar Chief Financial officer

Place : Mumbai Date : 12.05.2023 D. K. Joshi

Dhananjay K. Joshi Chief Executive officer

Kaustubh Shevade Company secretary Membership No. A27833



Additional Disclosures as required by Paragraph 6 of Annexure A to SEBI Circular No. CIR/IMD/DF/127/2016: a) Net Distributable Cash Flows as at the Standalone Trust level

	tributable Cash Flows as at the Standalone Trust level	1 1	(Rs. in millions
Sr. No.	Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2023#	Year ended March 31, 2022
1	Cash flows received from Project SPVs in the form of Interest (Refer note 1)	2,097.00	825.00
2	Cash flows received from Project SPVs in the form of Dividend		-
3	Any other income accruing at the Trust level and not captured above, including but not limited to interest/return on surplus cash invested by the Trust	0.92	0.40
4	Cash flows received from the project SPVs towards the repayment of the debt issued to the Project SPVs by the Trust (Net) (Refer note 2)	(1,928.34)	(1,682.67
5	Total cash inflow at the Trust level (A)	169.58	(857.27
	Less:		
6	Any payment of fees, interest and expense incurred at the Trust level, including but not limited to the fees of the Investment Manager	(113.33)	(63.38
7	Income tax (if applicable) at the Standalone Trust Level	UE)	-
8	Repayment of external debt	-	÷
9	Total cash outflows / retention at the Trust level (B)	(113.33)	(63.38
10	Net Distributable Cash Flows (C) = (A+B)	56.25	(920.65

# The said amount would be utilised towards Capex in ongoing projects.

Notes:

1

Excludes interest due but not received of Rs. 2,124.77 millions and Rs. 3,375 Millions for the year ended March 31, 2023 and year ended March 31, 2022.

2 Netted - off with disbursement of short-term unsecured loan to project SPV.





# Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

# 1. Trust Information and Nature of Operations

IRB Infrastructure Trust (the "Trust") is a trust settled pursuant to the indenture of trust dated August 27, 2019 which is registered under Indian Trust Act, 1882 and under the Securities Exchange Board of India (Infrastructure Investment Trusts) Regulations, 2014 as amended from time to time. The Trust is settled by the Sponsor, IRB Infrastructure Developers Limited ("IRB" or the "Sponsor"), an infrastructure development company in India. The Trustee to the Trust is IDBI Trusteeship Services Limited (the "Trustee"). Investment manager for the Trust is MMK Toll Road Private Limited (the "Investment Manager"). The Trust has received registration certificate from SEBI having registration number IN/InviT/19-20/0012.

The Trust has been formed to invest in infrastructure assets primarily being in the road sector in India. The Trust's road projects are eligible infrastructure projects under the InvIT Regulations and held through special purpose vehicles ("Project SPVs" together as "Project SPV Group"). The Trust's portfolio comprises of ten road projects as listed below:-

The Trust had acquired the projects at Sr no 1 to 9 from the Sponsor which are road infrastructure projects developed on DBFOT basis. The SPV at Sr. no 10 has been added to portfolio from 02.04.2022.

Sr. No.	Project SPV Name
1	AE Tollway Limited (AETL)
2	CG Tollway Limited (CGTL)
3	IRB Hapur Moradabad Tollway Limited (IRBHMTL)
4	IRB Westcoast Tollway Limited (IRBWTL)
5	Kishangarh Gulabpura Tollway Limited (KGTL)
6	Kaithal Tollway Limited (KTL)
7	Solapur Yedeshi Tollway Limited (SYTL)
8	Udaipur Tollway Limited (UTL)
9	Yedeshi Aurangabad Tollway Limited (YATL)
10	Palsit Dankuni Tollway Private Limited(PDTPL) ( w.e.f.
	02.04.2022)

The registered office of the Investment Manager is Off No-11th Floor/1101 Hiranandani Knowledge Park, Technology Street, Hill Side Avenue, Powai Mumbai 400076.

The financial statements were authorised for issue in accordance with resolution passed by the board of directors of the Investment manager on May 12, 2023.

The Trust has been listed on NSE w.e.f. 03.04.2023

# 2. Basis of preparation

The financial statements of IRB Infrastructure Trust have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards as defined in Rule 2(1)(a) of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, prescribed under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("Ind AS") read with SEBI (Infrastructure Investment Trusts) Regulations, 2014, as amended and the circulars issued thereunder ("InvIT Regulations") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India.

The financial statements have been prepared on an accrual basis and under the historical cost convention except for certain financial assets and liabilities (refer accounting policy regarding financial instruments) which have been measured at fair value.

The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupee ('INR') which is the functional currency of the Trust and all values are rounded to the nearest millions, except when otherwise indicated. Wherever the amount represented '0' (zero) construes value less than Rupees five thousand.

# 3. Summary of significant accounting policies

# 3.1. Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the results of operations during the reporting period end. Although these estimates are based upon management's best knowledge of current events and actions, actual results could differ from these estimates.

# 3.2. Current versus non-current classification

The Trust presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/ non-current classification.

An asset is treated as current when it is:

- Expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading





Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period, or
Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.
All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is current when:

- It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle

- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading

- It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or

- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities respectively.

The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents. The Trust has identified twelve months as its operating cycle.

# 3.3. Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Trust and the revenue can be reliably measured, regardless of when the payment is being made. Revenue is measured at the transaction price of the consideration received or receivable, taking into account contractually defined terms of payment and excluding taxes or duties collected on behalf of the government.

The specific recognition criteria described below must also be met before revenue is recognised:

### Interest income

Revenue is recognised on a time proportion basis taking into account the amount outstanding and the rates applicable. For all debt instruments measured either at amortised cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income, interest income is recorded using the effective interest rate (EIR).

### Dividends

Revenue is recognised when the Trust's right to receive the payment is established, which is generally when shareholders approve the dividend.

### 3.4. Taxes

## Current income tax

Current income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date in the countries where the Trust operates and generates taxable income.





Current income tax relating to items recognised outside the Statement of Profit and Loss is recognised outside the Statement of Profit and Loss (either in other comprehensive income or in equity). Current tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in equity. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate.

### Deferred tax

Deferred tax is provided using the liability method on temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes at the reporting date.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences, except:

- When the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss.

- In respect of taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, when the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, the carry forward of unused tax credits and any unused tax losses. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised, except:

- When the deferred tax asset relating to the deductible temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are re-assessed at each reporting date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax relating to items recognised outside statement of profit and loss is recognised outside statement of profit and loss (either in other comprehensive income or in equity).

Deferred tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in equity. Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if a





legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

# 3.5. Goods and Services Tax (GST) paid on acquisition of assets or on incurring expenses

Expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of goods and service tax paid, except:

When the tax incurred on a purchase of assets or services is not recoverable from the tax authority, in which case, the tax paid is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense item, as applicable.

When receivables and payables are stated with the amount of tax included. The net amount of tax recoverable from, or payable to, the tax authority is included as part of receivables or payables in the balance sheet.

### 3.6. Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalised as part of the cost of the asset. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they occur. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of Trusts. Borrowing cost also includes exchange differences to the extent regarded as an adjustment to the borrowing costs.

## 3.7. Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Trust has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. When the Trust expects some or all of a provision to be reimbursed, for example, under an insurance contract, the reimbursement is recognised as a separate asset, but only when the reimbursement is virtually certain. The expense relating to a provision is presented in the Statement of Profit and Loss net of any reimbursement.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost.

# 3.8. Contingent liabilities and contingent assets

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events whose existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events beyond the control of the Trust or a present obligation that is not recognised because it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation. A contingent liability also arises in extremely rare cases where there is a





liability that cannot be recognised because it cannot be measured reliably. The Trust does not recognise a contingent liability but discloses its existence in the financial statements. A contingent asset is not recognised unless it becomes virtually certain that an inflow of economic benefits will arise. When an inflow of economic benefits is probable, contingent assets are disclosed in the financial statements.

Contingent liabilities and contingent assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date.

# 3.9. Financial instrument

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

### **Financial** assets

# Initial recognition and measurement

All financial assets are recognised initially at fair value plus, in the case of financial assets not recorded at fair value through Statement of Profit and Loss, directly attributable transaction cost to the acquisition of the financial asset. Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within a time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place (regular way trades) are recognised on the trade date, i.e., the date that the Trust commits to purchase or sell the asset.

# Subsequent measurement

For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified in following categories;

- at amortised cost
- at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)
- at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)

# Financial Assets at amortised cost

A financial asset is measured at the amortised cost if both the following conditions are met:

- a) The asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets for collecting contractual cash flows, and
- b) Contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding.

This category is the most relevant to the Trust. All the Loans and other receivables under financial assets (except Investments) are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market.

After initial measurement such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The losses arising from impairment are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.





# Financial Assets at Fair Value through Statement of Profit and Loss/Other comprehensive income

All investments in scope of Ind AS 109 are measured at fair value. The Trust has investment in Debt oriented mutual Trust which are held for trading, are classified as at FVTPL. The Trust makes such election on an instrument by instrument basis. The classification is made on initial recognition and is irrevocable. The gain/ loss on sale of investments are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Instruments included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair value with all changes recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

### Derecognition

A financial asset is primarily derecognised (i.e. removed from the Trust's balance sheet) when:

The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or

The Trust has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; and either (a) the Trust has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Trust has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Trust has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if and to what extent it has retained the risks and rewards of ownership. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset, nor transferred control of the asset, the Trust continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of the Trust's continuing involvement. In that case, the Trust also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Trust has retained.

## 3.10. Impairment of assets

# Impairment of financial assets

Expected credit losses are recognized for all financial assets subsequent to initial recognition other than financial assets in FVTPL category.

For financial assets other than trade receivables, as per Ind AS 109, the Trust recognizes 12 month expected credit losses for all originated or acquired financial assets if at the reporting date the credit risk of the financial asset has not increased significantly since its initial recognition. The expected credit losses are measured as lifetime expected credit losses if the credit risk on financial assets increases significantly since its initial recognition.

The impairment losses and reversals are recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss.

# Impairment of non-financial assets





The Trust assesses, at each reporting date, whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Trust estimates the asset's recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or cash-generating unit's (CGU) fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. Recoverable amount is determined for an individual asset unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or Trust's assets. When the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

# **Financial liabilities**

# Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, loans and borrowings, or payables, as appropriate.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The Trust's financial liabilities include trade and other payables, loans and borrowings.

# Subsequent measurement

The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification, as described below:

# Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss. Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are incurred for the purpose of repurchasing in the near term. This category also includes derivative financial instruments entered into by the Trust that are not designated as hedging instruments in hedge relationships as defined by Ind AS 109.

# Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

# Loans and borrowings

This is the category most relevant to the Trust. After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are de-recognised as well as through the EIR amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in the statement of profit and loss.





# **De-recognition**

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the de-recognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

# Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the standalone balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

# 3.10 Investment in subsidiaries

Investments (equity instruments as well as subordinate debt) in subsidiaries are carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any. Where an indication of impairment exists, the carrying amount of the investment is assessed and written down immediately to its recoverable amount. On disposal of investments in subsidiaries, the difference between net disposal proceeds and carrying amounts are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

# 3.11Foreign currencies

The Trust's financial statements are presented in INR, which is also the Trust's functional currency. The Trust does not have any foreign operation and has assessed the functional currency to be INR.

# Transactions and balances

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded by the Trust at their respective functional currency spot rates at the date the transaction first qualifies for recognition. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the functional currency spot rates of exchange at the reporting date.

Differences arising on settlement or translation of monetary items are recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions.

# 3.12 Fair value measurement

The Trust measures financial instruments, such as, derivatives at fair value at each balance sheet date.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:





▶ In the principal market for the asset or liability, or

▶ In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Trust.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Trust uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

Level 1 — Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities

► Level 2 — Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable

► Level 3 — Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Trust determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

The Trust's Management determines the policies and procedures for both recurring fair value measurement, such as derivative instruments and unquoted financial assets measured at fair value, and for non-recurring measurement, such as assets held for distribution in discontinued operations.

At each reporting date, the Management analyses the movements in the values of assets and liabilities which are required to be remeasured or re-assessed as per the Trust's accounting policies. For this analysis, the Management verifies the major inputs applied in the latest valuation by agreeing the information in the valuation computation to contracts and other relevant documents.

The management also compares the change in the fair value of each asset and liability with relevant external sources to determine whether the change is reasonable.

On an annual basis, the Management of Investment Manager presents the valuation results to the Audit Committee and the Trust's independent auditors. This includes a discussion of the major assumptions used in the valuations.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Trust has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.

This note summarises accounting policy for fair value. Other fair value related disclosures are given in the relevant notes.

- Disclosures for valuation methods, significant estimates and assumptions (note 28)
- Financial instruments (including those carried at amortised cost) (note 24 and 25)
- Quantitative disclosure of fair value measurement hierarchy (note 24 and 25)





# 3.13 Contributed Equity

Units are classified as equity. Incremental costs attributable to the issue of units are directly recorded in equity, net of tax.

# 3.14 Distribution to unit holders

The Trust recognises a liability to make cash distributions to unit holders when the distribution is authorised and a legal obligation has been created. As per the InvIT Regulations, a distribution is authorised when it is approved by the Board of Directors of the Investment Manager. A corresponding amount is recognised directly in equity.

# 3.15 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents in the balance sheet comprise cash at banks and on hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and short-term deposits, as defined above, net of outstanding bank overdrafts as they are considered an integral part of the Trust's cash management.

# 3.16 Earnings Per Unit (EPU)

Basic earnings per unit are calculated by dividing the net profit for the year attributable to unit holders by the weighted average number of units outstanding during the year.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per unit, the weighted average number of units outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential units.

# 3.17 Segment Information

The Trust is engaged in to invest in infrastructure assets primarily being in the road sector in India which in the context of Ind AS 108 - Operating Segments is considered as the only segment. The Trust's activities are restricted within India and hence no separate geographical segment disclosure is considered necessary.





# 3.17 New pronouncements issued but not effective

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standards or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. On March 31, 2023, MCA amended the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2023, as below:

Ind AS 1: Disclosure of Material Accounting policy information and similar consequential amendment to Ind AS 34.

Ind AS 1: Disclosure of the judgements, apart from those involving estimations, that management has made in the process of applying the entity's accounting policies and that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements.

Ind AS 8: Definition of Accounting Estimate as "Accounting estimates are monetary amounts in financial statements that are subject to measurement uncertainty". Further amendments to paragraphs delineating Changes to Accounting Estimates.

Ind AS 12: Amendments to taxable temporary difference, initial recognition of asset or liability and Deductible taxable differences.

Ind AS 12: Deferred tax related to assets and liabilities arising from Single Transaction.

Ind AS 107: Information about measurement basis (or bases) for financial instruments to be disclosed as material accounting policy.

Ind AS 109: Amendment to paragraph on reassessment of embedded derivative.

Ind AS 115: Amendments to Appendix 1 which gives there in the major differences, if any, between Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) 115 and the corresponding International Financial Reporting Standard (IFRS) 15, Revenue from Contracts with Customers, IFRIC 12, Service Concession Arrangements and SIC 29 Service Concession Arrangements: Disclosures, issued by the International Accounting Standards Board





		( Rs. in Millions)
	As at	As at
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Note 4 : Financial assets (Non-current)		
4.1 Investments		
A) Investments at cost		
Investments in equity instruments of subsidiaries (unquoted)		
436,500,000 equity shares of AE Tollway Limited	4,365.00	4,365.00
203,500,000 equity shares of CG Tollway Limited	2,035.00	2,035.00
371,500,000 equity shares of IRB Hapur Moradabad Tollway Limited	3,715.00	3,715.00
174,194,303 equity shares of IRB Westcoast Tollway Limited	1,741.94	1,741.94
155,500,000 equity shares of Kishangarh Gulabpura Tollway Limited	1,555.00	1,555.00
328,000,000 equity shares of Kaithal Tollway Limited	3,280.00	3,280.00
98,250,000 equity shares of Solapur Yedeshi Tollway Limited	982.50	982.50
116,800,000 equity shares of Udaipur Tollway Limited	1,168.00	1,168.00
215,757,001 equity shares of Yedeshi Aurangabad Tollway Limited	2,157.57	2,157.57
121,200,000 equity shares of Palshit Dankuni Tollway Private Limited	1,212.00	
Investments in subsidiaries (unquoted)	22,212.01	21,000.01
Other equity instruments (unquoted) (FVTOCI)		
B) Investments at cost		
B) Investments in sub debt of subsidiaries (unquoted)		
AE Tollway Limited	10,265.88	10,265.88
CG Tollway Limited	2,727.80	2,727.80
IRB Hapur Moradabad Tollway Limited	9,798.52	9,414.76
IRB Westcoast Tollway Limited	12,203.92	12,203.92
Kishangarh Gulabpura Tollway Limited	2,495.38	1,809.50
Kaithal Tollway Private Limited	4,426.04	4,426.04
Solapur Yedeshi Tollway Limited	4,423.70	4,423.70
Udaipur Tollway Limited	8,338.40	8,338.40
Yedeshi Aurangabad Tollway Limited	16,319.79	16,319.79
Palshit Dankuni Tollway Private Limited	1,213.00	-
Subordinated Debt to Related parties ( Interest free)	72,212.43	69,929.79
Total non-current investments ( A + B )	94,424.44	90,929.80

Aggregate amount of unquoted investments



94,424.44

MUMBA

90,929.80

		( Rs. in Millions)
	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
I.2 Loans		
Unsecured, considered good, unless otherwise stated)	-	
		-
mm n	9,528.41	9,528.41
AE Tollway Limited	4,000.00	4,000.00
RB Westcoast Tollway Limited	8,471.59	8,471.59
Kaithal Tollway Limited Solapur Yedeshi Tollway Limited	4,000.00	4,000.00
Yedeshi Aurangabad Tollway Limited	4,000.00	4,000.00
Less: Current maturities of loan to related parties	-	-
- Interest free	-	
Kaithal Tollway Limited	351.69	302.98
Total	30,351.69	30,302.98
Note 5 : Financial assets (current)		
5.1 Investments		
Investments at fair value through Profit & Loss		
Investments in mutual fund (quoted)		
	20.08	20.04
Investments in Mutual Funds (quoted) (FVTPL)	20.08	20.04
(SBI Liquid Fund Direct Growth - March 31,2023 - 3333.09 units)		
	20.08	20.04
5.2 Cash and cash equivalent		
Balances with banks:		
- In current accounts	6.56	0.25
	6.56	0.25
		<u>.</u>
LUNALE & SALL	5	RUCT
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		( Rs. in Millions	
	As at	As at	
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022	
5.3 Loans			
(Secured, considered good, unless otherwise stated)			
(Unsecured, considered good, unless otherwise stated)			
Loans to related parties			
AF Tollway Limited	478.89	478.8	
IRB Hapur Moradabad Tollway Limited	-	37.2	
IRB Westcoast Tollway Limited	2,348.08	1,116.9	
Kaithal Tollway Limited	156.71	681.8	
Solapur Yedeshi Tollway Limited	24.00	24.0	
Udaipur Tollway Limited	1,335.31	214.4	
CG Tollway Limited	558.50	316.3	
Kishangarh Gulabpura Tollway Limited	-	106.0	
Yedeshi Aurangabad Tollway Limited	519.80	517.3	
	5,421.29	3,492.9	
5.4 Other financial assets			
(Unsecured, considered good, unless otherwise stated)			
Interest receivable from others	7,681.04	5,556.2	
Other receivables	284.13	54.4	
- related parties	7,965.17	54.4	
	7,505.17	5,610.6	
Note 6 : Other current assets			
Duties and taxes receivable	3.30	-	
Prepaid expenses	1.18	-	
Total	4.48	5 <b>-</b>	





IRB Infrastructure Trust Notes to financial statement for the year ended March 31, 2023 Note 7 : Equity

	(Rs. in Millions)
As at	As at
March 31 ,2023	March 31,2022
	and the second sec

I. Unit capital

a. Issued, subscribed and fully paid up Unit Capital

Unit capital of Rs. 100 each issued, subscribed and fully paid up

Issued during the year At the end of the year	87,929.33	85,504.33
	2,425.00	3,816.33
At the beginning the year	85,504.33	81,688.00

II. Reconciliation of the number of units outstanding and the amount of unit capital:

	As at March	As at March 31 ,2023		As at March 31,2022	
	No. of units	Amount in Millions	No. of units	Amount in Millions	
At the beginning of the year	85,50,43,265	85,504.33	81,68,80,000	81,688.00	
Issued during the year	2,42,50,000	2,425.00	3,81,63,265	3,816.33	
At the end of the year	87,92,93,265	87,929.33	85,50,43,265	85,504.33	

# III. Details of Promoter

	As at March 31,2023		As at March 31,	2022
	No. of units	%	No. of units	%
IRB Infrastructure Developers Limited	44,84,39,840	51%	43,60,72,332	51%
Anahera Investments Pte Ltd	21,98,23,181	25%	21,37,60,685	25%
Bricklayers Investments Pte Ltd	5,27,57,561	6%	5,13,02,562	6%
Chiswick Investments Pte Ltd	5,27,57,561	6%	5,13,02,562	6%
Stretford End Investments Pte Ltd	5,27,57,561	6%	5,13,02,562	6%
Dangenham Investments Pte Ltd	5,27,57,561	6%	5,13,02,562	6%
Total	87,92,93,265	100%	85,50,43,265	100%

### Note :8 Other Equity

	As at March 31 ,2023	As at March 31,2022
Retained earnings		
At the beginning of the year	5,992.74	4,020.25
Profit/(loss) for the year	3,549.01	1,975.75
Unit issue expenses	(15.33)	(3.26)
Total Other Equity	9,526.42	5,992.74



Notes to financial statement for the year ended March 31, 2023

		(Rs. in Millions)
	As at	As at
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
9 Other financial liabilities		
Other Payable		
- related party	35,778.03	35,168.79
	35,778.03	35,168.79
Note 10 : Current financial liabilities		
10.1 Borrowing		
Unsecured loan		
Loan from related parties		
- Interest free	4,872.91	3,607.93
Total	4,872.91	3,607.93
		1.1
10.2 Trade Payables		
a) total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	0.01	а <del></del>
b) Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small		
enterprises	78.54	80.31
- related parties	2.80	1.40
- others	81.35	81.71

Note 11 : Other current liabilities

Statutory dues payable (including PF, TDS, GST & others) Total

 5.67	1.20
 5.67	1.20





Notes to financial statement for the year ended material,		( F	s. in Millions)
	For the year ended March 31, 2023	For the year ended March 31, 2022	
Note 12 : Other income			
Interest income on			
Interest income from Related parties	4,221.77		4,200.00
Gain on sale of investment	0.92		0.40
Fair value gain on investments	0.18		0.04
	4,222.87		4,200.44
Note 13 : Other expenses			
Rates & taxes	0.60		4.73
Legal and professional fees	54.19		15.49
Payment to auditor (refer note below)	1.63		0.64
Bank charges	0.03		0.03
Miscellaneous expenses	0.36		-
Fair value loss on measurement of other payable	560.53		2,161.31
	617.34		2,182.21
Payment to auditor			
- Statutory audit fees	0.29		0.27
Special audit fees	0.80		8
- Limited review fees	0.42		0.36
- Other services (certification fees)	0.42		-
Reimbursement of expenses	0.09		0.01
45 22 33 34 66 2 1 1 3 1 3 1 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	2.03		0.64





### Note 14 : Earnings per unit (EPU)

The following reflects the income and unit data used in the basic and diluted EPU computations;

	 ( Rs. in Million		
		For the year ended March 31, 2023	For the year ended March 31, 2022
Profit attributable to unit holders of the Trust for basic & diluted earnings		3,549.01	1,975.75
Weighted average number of unit for basic & diluted EPU* (in Millions)		87,79,64,498	84,29,14,666
Basic earning per unit (Amount in Rs.)		4.04	2.34
Diluted earning per unit (Amount in Rs.)		4.04	2.34
Note 15 : Capital and other commitments	1.64	-	

There are no capital and other commitments as at March 31, 2023. ( As on 31.03.2022 Nil )

### Note 16 :Contingent liabilities

The Trust has provided Corporate guarantee for the subsidiary companies i.e. SYTL and YATL in respect of the NCDs issued during the FY 2022-23.. (As on 31.03.2022 Nil )

# Note 17 : Details of dues to micro and small enterprises as per MSMED Act, 2006

The following details regarding Micro and small Enterprises has been determined to the extent such parties has been identified on the basis of information available with the Trust.

		(Rs. in Millions)
Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Principal amount remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the period end	0.01	
Interest due thereon	-	
Amount of interest paid by the Company in terms of section 16 of the MSMED, along with the amount of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during the accounting period.	×	-
Amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the period) but without adding the interest specified under the MSMED, 2006		
Amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of the accounting period		
The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under the MSMED Act, 2006	-	

### a) MSME ageing schedule as at

Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
MSME disputed Dues	-	
MSME Undisputed Dues	-	
Less than 1 year	0.01	
1-2 Years	÷	
2-3 Years	-	-
More than 3 years	-	-
Total dues to micro and small enterprises as per MSMED Act, 2006	0.01	-

### b) Ageing of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises as at

Particulars			As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
disputed Dues				).
Undisputed Dues				
Less than 1 year	2		50.56	* 35.28
1-2 Years			30.78	46.43
2-3 Years				
More than 3 years				

Total dues to creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises as at

b) out of the above unbilled amount





81.34

0.27

81.71

0.87

Notes to financial statement for the year ended March 31, 2023 Note 18 : Operating segment

The Trust is engaged in to invest in infrastructure assets primarily being in the road sector in India which in the context of Ind AS 108 - Operating Segments is considered as the only segment. The Trust's activities are restricted within India and hence no separate geographical segment disclosure is considered necessary.

### Note 19 : Other Statutory Information

i) The Trust have not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency during the financial year.

ii) The Trust does not hold benami property and no proceedings under Benami transaction (Prohibition) Act 1988 have been initiated against the Trust.

iii) The Trust does not have any transactions with companies struck off.

iv) The Trust does not have any such transaction which is not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961.

v) The Trust did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contract for which there were any material foreseeable losses.

vi) The Trust has not declared a wilfull defaulter by any bank / financial institution or any other lender during the year.

### Note 20 : Loans or advances to specified persons

				( R	s. in Millions)	
	As at March	As at March 31, 2023		As at March 31, 2022		
Types of borrower	Amount outstanding*	% of Total ^		Amount outstanding*	% of Total ^	
Promoters	( <b>**</b> )			-		
Directors	-		-	-		-
KMPs	an a		-	tana mangana ang		-
Related Parties	35,772.98	100%		33,795.94	100%	
Total aggregate loans	35,772.98	100%		33,795.94	100%	_

\* represents loan or advance in the nature of loan

represents percentage to the total Loans and Advances in the nature of loan

Note 21 : Particulars in respect of loans and advances in the nature of loans given to subsidiaries as required by Regulation 53(f) of the SEBI (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirements) Regulation, 2015

	As at Mar	ch 31, 2023	As a	t March 31, 2022
	Balances outstanding	Maximum balance Outstanding during the year	Balances outstanding	Maximum balance Outstanding during year
AE Tollway Limited	10,007.30	10,007.30	10,007.30	10,007.30
Kaithal Tollway Limited	8,979.99	9,456.38	9,456.38	9,456.38
Kishangarh Gulabpura Tollway Limited	-	106.00	106.00	106.00
Udaipur Tollway Limited	1,335.31	1,335.31	214.41	214.41
CG Tollway Limited	558.50	558.50	316.30	316.30
IRB Hapur Muradabad Tollway Limited	-		37.26	37.26
IRB Westcoast Tollway Limited	6,348.08	6,348.08	5,116.98	5,116.98
Solapur Yedeshi Tollway Limited	4,024.00	4,024.00	4,024.00	4,024.00
Yedeshi Aurangabad Tollway Limited	4,519.80	4,519.80	4,517.30	4,517.30

### Note 22 : Basis of preparation of financial statements

The Trust has presented these standalone financial information (for all the periods presented there in ) in accordance with the requirement of SEBI (Infrastructure Investment Trusts) Regulations, 2014.





### Note 23 : Related party transaction

### I. List of Related Parties

i. Subsidiaries/ SPVs	AE Tollway Limited
	CG Tollway Limited
	Hapur Muradabad Tollway Limited
	IRB Westcoast Tollway Limited
	Kishangarh Gulabpura Tollway Limited
	Kaithal Tollway Private Limited
	Solapur Yedeshi Tollway Limited
	Udaipur Tollway Limited
	Yedeshi Aurangabad Tollway Limited
	Palsit Dankuni Tollway Private Limited
ii. Parties to the Fund *	IRB Infrastructure Developers Limited (Sponsor and Project Manager)
	MMK Toll Road Private Limited (Investment Manager)
	IDBI Trusteeship Services Limited (Trustee of the IRB Infrastructure Trust)

# iii. Subsidiaries Company of Sponsor and Project Manager

Mhaiskar Infrastructure Private Limited
Modern Road Makers Private Limited
IRB Goa Tollway private Limited

\*As per Invit Regulation

# iii. Promoters/ Directors of the parties to the Fund specified in (ii) above

Particulars	IRB Infrastructure Developers Limited (Sponsor and Project Manage)	MMK Toll Road Private Limited (Investment Manager)	IDBI Trusteeship Services Limited (Trustee of the IRB Infrastructure Trust)
Promoters	Mr. Virendra D. Mhaiskar Mrs. Deepali V. Mhaiskar Virendra D. Mhaiskar HUF	IRB Infrastructure Developers Limited	IDBI Bank Limited Life Insurance Corporation of India General Insurance Corporation of India
Directors	Mr. Virendra D. Mhaiskar, Chairman and Managing Director Mrs. Deepali V. Mhaiskar, Whole Time Director Mr. Jose Tamariz Martel Goncer Mr. Ravindra Dhariwal	Virendra D Mhaiskar Mr. Kunnasagaran Chinniah	Mr. Samuel Joseph Jebaraj Mr. Pradeep Kumar Jain Mrs. Jayashree Vijay Ranade Mr. Pradeep Kumar Malhotra Ms. Baljinder Kaur Mandal
	Independent directors	Independent directors	
	Mr. Chandrashekhar S. Kaptan Mr. Sunil H. Talati Mr. Sandeep J. Shah Ms. Priti Savla, Independent Director (wef February 10, 2022) Mrs. Heena Raja, Independent Director (utpo February 10, 2022)	K G Krishnamurthy Ranjana Paranjape	





sociates	A) Holding Company of Sponsor / Project Manager
	IRB Holding Private Limited (Formerly Mhaiskar Ventures Private Limited)
	B) Subsidiary Companies of Sponsor /
	Ideal Road Builders Private Limited (IRBPL)
	Mhaiskar Infrastructure Private Limited
	Modern Road Makers Private Limited
	Aryan Toll Road Private Limited (ATRPL)
	ATR Infrastructure Private Limited (ATRFL)
	IRB Infrastructure Private Limited (IRBFL)
	Thane Ghodbunder Toll Road Private Limited (TGTRPL)
	Aryan Infrastructure Investments Private Limited (AIIPL)
	IRB MP Expressway Private Limited
	MMK Toll Road Private Limited (MMK) - Entity with Joint Control
	IRB Kolhapur Integrated Road Development Company Private Limited (IRBK)
	Aryan Hospitality Private Limited (AHPL)
	IRB Sindhudurg Airport Private Limited (IRBSA)
	IRB Goa Tollway Private Limited (IRB Goa)
	IRB PS Highway Private Limited (IRBPS)
	IRB Ahmedabad Vadodara Super Express Tollway Private Limited (IRBAV)
	MRM Mining Private Limited (Subsidiary of MRMPL)
	GE1 Expressway Private Limited (Formerly known as IRB PP Project Private Limited)
	VK1 Expressway Private Limited (VK1) - Upto October 12, 2022
	IRB Infrastructure Trust - Entity with Joint Control
	VM7 Expressway Private Limited
	Palsit Dankuni Tollway Private Limited - Upto April 1, 2022
	Pathankot Mandi Highway Private Limited
	Chittoor Thachur Highway Private Limited
	Meerut Budaun Expressway Limited - Subsidiary upto October 14, 2022 and Entity with Joint Control w.e.f. October 15,2022
	Samakhiyali Tollway Private Limited w.e.f 14.03.2023
	C) Other Associate Companies of Sponsor / Project Manager
	1. Virendra D. Mhaiskar (HUF)
	2. VCR Toll Services Private Limited
	3. VDM Ventures Private Limited
	Sherman and a second state of the second states
	4. DEUX Farming Films Private Limited
	5. IRB Charitable Foundation
	Key Managerial personnel of Project SPV Group (Only with whom Project SPV Group had transactions during the year/ there was balance outstanding at the year end)
	1. Ms. Shilpa Todankar
	2. Mr. Abhay Phatak (w.e.f. March 09, 2022)
	3. Mr. Darshan Sangurdekar
	4. Mr. Omprakash Singh
	5. Mr. Chandrashekhar Kaptan
	6. Mrs. Ranjana Paranjape (w.e.f October 06, 2021)
	7. Mrs. Arati Taskar
	8. Mr. Sudhir Rao Hoshing
6	9. Mr. Amitabh Murarka
	10. Mr. Jitendra Sharma (upto February 28, 2022)
	11. Mrs. Heena Raja (upto October 01, 2021)
	11, sua, ricena raja (apo ostovo or, aver)





II ) Related party transaction during the year

r. No.	Particulars	Relation	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022
			1,212.00	615.0
1	Equity Investment IRB Hapur Muradabad Tollway Limited	Subsidiary		615.00
	Palshit Dankuni Tollway Private Limited	Subsidiary	1,212.00	
2	Subordinated Debt		2,282.64	2,264.4
•	CG Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	(H)	240.3
	IRB Hapur Muradabad Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	383.76	1,765.0
	IRB Westcoast Tollway Limited	Subsidiary		
	Kishangarh Gulabpura Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	685.88	
	Udaipur Tollway Limited	Subsidiary		259.1
	Palshit Dankuni Tollway Private Limited	Subsidiary	1,213.00	
3	Long term loan ( Interest free)		48.71	48.7
3	Kaithal Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	48.71	48.7
4	Short Term Loan given		2,643.20	1,682.6
.4	AE Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	-	231.3
	IRB Hapur Muradabad Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	46.50	33.7
	IRB Westcoast Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	1,231.10	158.0
	Kaithal Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	-	502.4
	Solapur Yedeshi Tollway Limited	Subsidiary		4.0
	Udaipur Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	1,120.90	214.4
	CG Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	242.20	314.3
	Kishangarh Gulabpura Tollway Limited	Subsidiary		76.0
	Yedeshi Aurangabad Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	2.50	148.5
5	Short Term Loan repaid		525.10	
1000	IRB Hapur Muradabad Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	the second second	
	Kaithal Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	525.10	
	Kishangarh Gulabpura Tollway Limited	Subsidiary		1.5
6	Unit Capital Issued		1,236.75	1,946.3
	IRB Infrastructure Developers Limited	Sponsor and Project Manager	1,236.75	1,946.3
7	Interest income		4,221.77	4,200.0
1	Solapur Yedeshi Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	560.00	560.0
	Yedeshi Aurangabad Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	581.77	560.0
	Kaithal Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	1,186.02	1,186.0
	IRB Westcoast Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	560.00	560.0
	AE Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	1,333.98	1,333.9





В	party transaction during the year Inestment Management Fees		56.52	42.4
	MMK Toll Road Pvt Limited	Investment Manager	56.52	42.4
9	Expenses incurred on behalf of others		358.05	0.8
	AE Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	1.11	•
	CG Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	48.45	*
	Kishangarh Gulabpura Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	194.00	•
	IRB Hapur Muradabad Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	32.63	÷
	IRB Westcoast Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	7.61	-
	Udaipur Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	16.08	0.8
	Solapur Yedeshi Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	3.78	+
	Yedeshi Aurangabad Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	8.69	-
	Kaithal Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	0.01	-
	Palsit Dankuni Tollway Private Limited	Subsidiary	45.60	
	MMK Toll Road Pvt Limited	Investment Manager	0.08	
10	Reimbursement received on expenses incurred on behalf of others		128.32	
		Subsidiary	1.10	
	AE Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	1.10	
	CG Tollway Limited Kishangarh Gulabpura Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	22.68	
	IRB Hapur Muradabad Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	9.73	
	IRB Westcoast Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	7.77	
		Subsidiary	2.95	
	Udaipur Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	27.89	
	Solapur Yedeshi Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	11.02	
	Yedeshi Aurangabad Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	0.01	
	Kaithal Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	Contraction of the International Contractional Contra	
	Palsit Dankuni Tollway Private Limited	Subsidiary	44.06	
1		Sponsor and Project	1,532.48	4,759.0
	IRB Infrastructure Developers Limited	Manager	1,532.48	4,759.0
1	2 Unsecured Loan paid	Spansor - Destant	267.50	4,828.8
	IRB Infrastructure Developers Limited	Sponsor and Project Manager	267.50	4,828.8
	3 Expenses incurred on our behalf of (reimbursement)			1.7
	IRB Infrastructure Developers Limited	Sponsor and Project Manager		1.7
	14 Other Payable		609.23	2,210.0
	IRB Infrastructure Developers Limited	Sponsor and Project Manager	560.52	2,161.3
	Mhaiskar Infrastructure Private Limited	Subsidiaries Company of Sponsor and Project Manager	48.71	48.7
	15 Trustee Fees		2.53	0.3
1	IDBI Trusteeship Services Limited	Trustee	2.53	0.3

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III ) Related party outstanding balances

r. No.	Particulars	Relation	As on March 31,2023	As on March 31,2022
	a de la contract		22,212.01	21 000 0
1	Equity Investment AE Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	4,365.00	21,000.0
	CG Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	2,035.00	4,365.0
	IRB Hapur Muradabad Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	3,715.00	3,715.0
	IRB Westcoast Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	1,741.94	1,741.9
	Kishangarh Gulabpura Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	1,555.00	1,555.0
	Kaithal Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	3,280.00	3,280.0
	Solapur Yedeshi Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	982.50	982.5
	Udaipur Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	1,168.00	1,168.0
	Yedeshi Aurangabad Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	2,157.57	2,157.5
	Palshit Dankuni Tollway Private Limited	Subsidiary	1,212.00	-
2	Subordinated Debt		72,212.43	69,929.3
	AE Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	10,265.88	10,265.8
	CG Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	2,727.80	2,727.8
	IRB Hapur Muradabad Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	9,798.52	9,414.
	IRB Westcoast Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	12,203.92	12,203.
	Kishangarh Gulabpura Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	2,495.38	1,809.
	Kaithal Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	4,426.04	4,426.0
	Solapur Yedeshi Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	4,423.70	4,423.
	Udaipur Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	8,338.40	8,338.4
	Yedeshi Aurangabad Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	16,319.79	16,319.
	Palshit Dankuni Tollway Private Limited	Subsidiary	1,213.00	-
3	Long term loan ( Interest bearing)		30,000.00	30,000.
	AE Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	9,528.41	9,528.
	IRB Westcoast Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	4,000.00	4,000.
	Kaithal Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	8,471.59	8,471.
	Solapur Yedeshi Tollway Limited Yedeshi Aurangabad Tollway Limited	Subsidiary Subsidiary	4,000.00 4,000.00	4,000.0
4	Long term loan ( Interest free)		351.69	302.5
	Kaithal Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	351.69	302.9
5	Short Term Loan		5,421.29	3,492.5
	AE Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	478.89	478.
	IRB Hapur Muradabad Tollway Limited	Subsidiary		37.3
	IRB Westcoast Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	2,348.08	1,116.
	Kaithal Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	156.71	681.
	Solapur Yedeshi Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	24.00	24.
	Udaipur Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	1,335.31	214.4
	Yedeshi Aurangabad Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	519.80	517.
	CG Tollway Limited Kishangarh Gulabpura Tollway Limited	Subsidiary Subsidiary	558.50	316. 106.
	Other Payable		35,776.26	25 167
6	IRB Infrastructure Developers Limited	Sponsor and Project	32.095.57	<b>35,167</b> .
	Mhaiskar Infrastructure Private Limited	Manager Subsidiaries Company of	351.69	302.5
	Modern Road Makers Private Limited	Sponsor and Project Subsidiaries Company of	1,784.13	
		Sponsor and Project Subsidiaries Company of	1,704.13	1,784.3
	IRB Goa Tollway private Limited	Sponsor and Project Manager	1,544.86	1,544.8
7	Other payable ( Reimbursement of Expenses incurred on our behalf)			
4	IRB Infrastructure Developers Limited	Sponsor and Project Manager	1.77	1.





IRB Infrastructure Trust Notes to financial statement for the year ended March 31, 2023

8	Other Receivable		284.05	
	Solapur Yedeshi Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	4.89	29.00
	Yedeshi Aurangabad Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	8.17	10.50
	IRB Westcoast Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	13.76	13.92
	Udaipur Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	14.11	0.99
	AE Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	0.01	-
	CG Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	47.35	
	Kishangarh Gulabpura Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	171.32	-
	IRB Hapur Moradabad Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	22.90	
	Kaithal Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	0.00	
	Palshit Dankuni Tollway Private Limited	Subsidiary	1.54	-
	MMK Toll Road Private Limited	Investment Manager	0.08	
9	Interest Receivable		7,681.04	5,556.27
	Solapur Yedeshi Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	539.90	547.40
	Yedeshi Aurangabad Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	485.27	636.00
	Kaithal Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	2,112.74	1,693.72
	IRB Westcoast Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	1,552.00	992.00
	AE Tollway Limited	Subsidiary	2,991.13	1,687.16
10	Trade payable		78.54	80.31
	MMK Toll Road Pvt Limited	Investment Manager	78.54	80.31
11	Unsecured Loan / other payable		4,872.91	3,607.93
	IRB Infrastructure Developers Limited	Sponsor and Project Manager	4,872.91	3,607.93





Notes to financial statement for the year ended March 31, 2023

#### Note 24 : Fair Values

### Financial assets and liabilities

The carrying values of financials instruments of the trust are reasonable and approximations of fair values.

The accounting classification of each category of financial instruments, their carrying amounts and the categories of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value, are set out below;

U VI VIII				(Rs. in Millions)
	Carrying amount	Fair Value	Carrying amount	Fair Value
	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2022
Financial assets				
Financial assets measured at amortised cost	25 883 44	26 220 00		
Loans	35,772.98	35,772.98	101.01.# 00009 (P# 0.01)	33,795.94
Other financial assets	7,965.17	7,965.17	5,610.67	5,610.67
Financial assets measured at fair value through statement of Profit & Loss			4	
Investments in mutual trusts	20.08	20.08		20.04
Financial assets measured at amortised cost				
Cash and cash equivalents	6.56	6.56	0.25	0.25
Other Bank balances	•	*	-	-
Financial liabilities				
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost				
Trade payables	81.35	81.35	81.71	81.71
Borrowings	4,872.91	4,872.91	3,607.93	3,607.93
Other financial liabilities	35,778.03	35,778.03	35,168.79	35,168.79

The management assessed that the fair value of cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, trade payables, bank overdrafts and other current liabilities approximate their carrying amounts largely due to the short-term maturities of these instruments.

The fair value of the financial assets and liabilities is included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale.

The discount for lack of marketability represents the amounts that the trust has determined that market participants would take into account when pricing the investments.

The trust is required to present the Statement of total assets at fair value and Statement of total returns at fair value as per SEBI Circular No. CIR/IMD/DF/114/2016 dated October 20, 2016 as a part of these financial statements - Refer Statement of Net assets at fair value and Statement of Total Returns at fair value.

#### Note 25 : Fair Value Hierarchy

All financial instruments for which fair value is recognised or disclosed are categorised within the fair value hierarchy described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole.

Level 1: Quoted (unadjusted) price is active market for identical assets or liabilities

Level 2: Valuation technique for which the lowest level input that has a significant effect on the fair value measurement are observed, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3: Valuation technique for which the lowest level input has a significant effect on the fair value measurement is not based on observable market data.

There were no transfers between Level 1, Level 2 and Level 3 during the year.

The following table presents fair value hierarchy of assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of March 31, 2023:

				(Rs. in Millions)
	As at March 31, 2023 -	Fair value measur	e reporting year	
	March 51, 2025	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Assets				
Loans Cash and cash equivalents Other Financial assets	35,772.98	-	-	35,772.98
	6.56			6.56
	7,965.17	-	-	7,965.17
Investments in mutual fund (Quoted)	20.08	20.08	(#)	-
Liabilities		là		01.05
Trade payable	81.35			81.35
Other financial liabilities Borrowings	35,778.03 4,872.91	٠	-	35,778.03 4,872.91





The following table presents fair value hierarchy of assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of March 31, 2022:

				( Rs. in Millions)	
	As at March 31, 2022 -	As at	ment at end of the reporting year using		
	March 31, 2022 -	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
Assets					
Loans	33,795.94		-	33,795.94	
Other Financial assets	5,610.67			5,610.67	
Investments in mutual fund (Quoted)	20.04	20.04	-		
Liabilities	81.71			81.71	
Trade payable Other financial liabilities	35,168.79	-		35,168.79	

### Note 26 : Financial risk management objectives and policies

The trust's risk management policies are established to identify and analyse the risks faced by the trust, to set appropriate risk limits and controls, and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the trust's activities.

The Board of Directors of Investment Manager have overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the trust's risk management framework.

In performing its operating, investing and financing activities, the trust is exposed to the Credit risk, Liquidity risk and Market risk.

#### a. Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: interest rate risk, currency risk and other price risk, such as equity price risk and commodity risk. Financial instruments affected by market risk include loans borrowings and deposits.

#### Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counter party will not meet its obligations under a financial instrument or customer contract, leading to a financial loss. The trust is exposed to credit risk from its investing activities including loans to subsidiaries, deposits with banks and other financial instruments. As at March 31, 2023, the credit risk is considered low since substantial transactions of the trust are with its subsidiaries.

#### Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The trust's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to the trust's long-term debt obligations with floating interest rates.

### c. Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the trust may not be able to meet its present and future cash and collateral obligations without incurring unacceptable losses. The trust's objective is to, at all times maintain optimum levels of liquidity to meet its cash and collateral requirements.

The trust closely monitors its liquidity position and deploys a robust cash management system. It maintains adequate sources of financing including debt and overdraft from banks at an optimised cost.

The liquidity risk is managed on the basis of expected maturity dates of the financial liabilities. The average credit period taken to settle trade payables is about 30 to 90 days. The other payables are with short-term durations. The carrying amounts are assumed to be a reasonable approximation of fair value. The following table analyses financial liabilities by remaining contractual maturities:

( Rs. in Millions)			
Less than 3 months Less than 1 year 1 to 5 years >5 years Total	and the second second	On demand	March 31, 2023
4,872.91 - 4,872.91		-	Borrowings
- 35,778.03 35,778.03			Other financial liabilities
0.01 50.56 30.78 - 81.35	0.01	-	Trade payables
0.01 4,923.47 35,808.80 - 40,732.29	0.01		Total
Less than 3 months Less than 1 year 1 to 5 years > 5 years Total		On demand	March 31, 2022
3,607.93 - 3,607.93			Borrowings
- 35,168.79 35,168.79			
- 35.28 46.43 - 81.71	-		
- 3,643.21 35,215.22 - 38,858.44			Total
months         Less than 1 year         1 to 5 years         > 5 years           3,607.93         -	months		Borrowings Other financial liabilities Trade payables

At present, the trust does expects to repay all liabilities at their contractual maturity. In order to meet such cash commitments, the operating activity is expected to generate sufficient cash inflows.





Notes to financial statement for the year ended March 31, 2023

#### Note 27 : Capital management

Capital includes equity attributable to the equity holders to ensure that it maintains an efficient capital structure and healthy capital ratios in order to support its business and maximise shareholder value. The trust manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it, in light of changes in economic conditions or its business requirements. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the trust may adjust the distribution of cash flow of return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes during the year ended March 31, 2023

The trust monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is net debt divided by total capital plus net debt. Net debt is calculated as loans and borrowings less cash and cash equivalents.

	-	(Rs. in Millions)
	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Borrowings	4,872.91	3,607.93
Less: cash and cash equivalents	(6.56)	(0.25)
Net dcbt (A)	4,866.35	3,607.69
Unit capital	87,929.33	85,504.33
Other equity	9,526.42	5,992.74
Total equity (B)	97,455.75	91,497.07
Capital and net debt $C = A + B$	1,02,322.10	95,104.76
Gearing ratio (%) (C / A)	4.76%	3.79%

In order to achieve this overall objective, the trust's capital management, amongst other things, aims to ensure that it meets financial covenants attached to the interest-bearing loans and borrowings that define capital structure requirements. Breaches in meeting the financial covenants would permit the bank to immediately call loans and borrowings. There have been no breaches in the financial covenants of any interest-bearing borrowings in the current year.

### Note 28 : Significant accounting judgement, estimates and assumptions

The preparation of the trust's financial statements requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenue, expenses, assets and liabilities and the actrusting disclosures and the disclosure of contingent liabilities. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in out comes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets or liabilities affected in future periods.

#### Judgement

In the process of applying the trust's accounting policies, management has made the judgement, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements.

#### Classification of unit holders trusts

Under the provisions of the InvIT Regulations, trust is required to distribute to Unit holders not less than ninety percent of the net distributable cash flows of trust for each financial year. Accordingly, a portion of the unit holders' trusts contains a contractual obligation of the trust to pay to its Unit holders cash distributions. The Unit holder's trusts could therefore have been classified as compound financial instrument which contain both equity and liability components in accordance with Ind AS 32-Financial Instruments: Presentation. However, in accordance with SEBI Circulars(No.CIR/IMD/DF/114/2016 dated 20-Oct-2016 and No.CIR/IMD/DF/127/2016 dated 29-Nov-2016) issued under the InvIT Regulations, the unit holders' trusts have been classified as equity in order to comply with the mandatory requirements of Section H of Annexure A to the SEBI Circular dated 20-Oct-2016 dealing with the minimum disclosures for key financial statements. In line with the above, the income distribution payable to unit holders is recognized as liability when the same is approved by the Investment Manager.

#### Estimates and assumptions

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities or fair value disclosures within the next financial year, are described below. The trust based its assumptions and estimates on parameters available when the financial statements were prepared. Existing circumstances and assumptions about future developments, however, may change due to market changes or circumstances arising that are beyond the control of the trust. Such charges are reflected in the assumptions when they occur.

#### Fair valuation and disclosures

SEBI Circulars issued under the InvIT Regulations required is diclosures relating to net assets at fair value and total returns at fair value. In estimating the fair value of investments in subsidiaries (which constitute substantial portion of the net assets), the Trust engages independent qualified external valuers to perform the valuation. The management works closely with the valuers to establish the appropriate valuation techniques and inputs to the model. The management reports the valuation report and findings to the Board of the Investment Manager half yearly to explain the cause of fluctuations in the fair value of the road projects. The inputs to the valuation models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, a degree of judgement is required in establishing fair values. Judgements include considerations of inputs such as WACC, Tax rates, Inflation rates etc. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the fair value. (refer note 24 for details).

#### Impairment of non-financial assets

Non-financial assets of the trust primarily comprise of investments in subsidiaries, Impairment exists when the carrying value of an asset or cash generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount, which is the higher of its fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. The recordable amounts for the investments in subsidiaries are based on value in use of the underlying projects. The value in use calculation is based on a DCF model. The cash flows are derived from budgets / forecasts over the life of the projects.





### Notes to financial statement for the year ended March 31, 2023

### Note 29 : Investment Manager Fees

Pursuant to the terms of the Investment Management Agreement, the fees will be paid to the Investment Manager for the services provided by it ("Management Fees"). The Management Fees have been revised for the Financial Year with the approval of the Unitholders, where the votes cast by Unitholders so entitled and voting in favor of a resolution are not less than one-and-a-half times the votes cast against such resolution. Pursuant to a resolution of the Unitholders, the Management Fees for the Financial Year 2023 has been revised to Rs.47.70 millions

#### Note 30 : Taxes

In accordance with section 10 (23FC) of the Income Tax Act, the income of business trust in the form of interest received or receivable from Project SPV is exempt from tax. Accordingly, the trust is not required to provide any current tax liability. Further, deferred tax assets on carry forward losses is not being created since there is no virtual certainty of reversal of the same in the near future.

#### Note 31

On April 7, 2022, the Trust has executed arrangement with the Sponsor for implementation of Palsit Dankuni Tollway Private Limited ('SPV') by the Trust and accordingly, the project is being executed by the SPV and the Trust.

#### Note 32 : Events after reporting period

There is no subsequent event after the reporting period which requires adjustments to the financial statements.

### Note 33 : Previous period comparatives

Previous period's figures have been regrouped/reclassified, wherever necessary, to confirm to current period's classification.

Note 34 : Subsequent Events The Trust has been listed on NSE w.e.f. 03.04.2023

As per our report of even date For Gokhale & Sathe Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration Number: 103264W

CA. Kaustubh Deshpande Partner Membership No.: 121011

Place: Mumbai Date : 12.05.2023 For and on behalf of MMK Toll Road Private Limited (Investment Manager of IRB Infrastructure Trust)

Virendra D. Mhaiskar Chairman DIN : 00183554

Shilpa Todankar Chief Financial officer

Place: Mumbai Date : 12.05.2023

D.K. Josh'

Dhananjay K. Joshi Chief Executive officer

Kaustubh Shevade Company secretary Membership No. A27833



### MMK Toll Road Private Limited Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2023

	balance sheet as at that on one and			(Rs. in millions)	
		Note No.	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022	
1	ASSETS				
(1)					
	Property, plant and equipment	4	0.38		
	Financial assets	5			
	i) Investments	5.1	0.10	0.10	
			0.48	0.10	
(2)	Current assets				
	Financial assets	6			
	i) investments	6.1	5.10	4.01	
	ii) Trade receivables	6.2	78.54	81.70	
	iii) Cash and cash equivalents	6.3	5.39	17.18	
	iv) Bank balance other than (iii) above	6.4	10.00	*	
	v) Other financial assets	6.5	0.01	0.12	
	Current tax assets (net)	7	4.84	12.69	
	Other current assets	8	0.01	0.00	
			103.89	115.71	
	TOTAL ASSETS		104.36	115.81	
u	EQUITY AND LIABILITIES				
	Equity				
	Equity share capital	9	70.00	70.00	
	Other equity	10	19.47	32.68	
			89.47	102.68	

(1) Non-current liabilities Provisions

	8.01	2.71
12		
12.1		
<ul> <li>i) Trade payables 12.1</li> <li>a) total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises</li> </ul>		
b) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterpris		
12.2	3.52	5.27
13	2.44	4.12
14	0.81	0.13
	6.88	10.42
	14.89	13.13
	104.36	115.81
	12.1 nd small.enterprises micro enterprises and small enterpris 12.2 13	12         12.1         ad small.enterprises         imicro enterprises and small enterprit         0.11         12.2         13         14         0.81         14         14         14.89

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Summary of significant accounting policies The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

As per our report of even date For M/s A.J.Kotwal & Co. **Chartered Accountants** ICAI Firm Registration Number: 105346W



For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of MMK Toll Road Private Limited CIN: U45200MH2002PTC135512

V. D. Mhaiskar Chairman

DIN: 00183554

Shilpa Todankar **Chlef Financial Officer** 

Place: Mumbai Date : 12th May 2023

D. K. Josh

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D.K. Joshi **Chief Executive Officer** 

Kaustubh Shevade **Company Secretary** 



0.10 0.10

4.01 81.70 17.18 0.12 12.69 0.00 115.71 115.81

70.00 32.68 102.68

2.71

Place: Mumbai Date : 12th May 2023

#### MMK Toll Road Private Limited

Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended March 31, 2023

			(Amount in million)	
	Note No.	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022	
Income				
Revenue from operations	15	47.90	36.00	
Other Income	16	1.13	0.49	
TOTAL INCOME		49.03	36.49	
Expenses				
Employee benefits expense	17	53.61	28.50	
Depreciation and amortisation expenses	18	0.00	· · · · ·	
Other expenses	19	6.35	7.42	
TOTAL EXPENSES		59.96	35.92	
Profit / (loss) before tax		(10.93)	0.57	
Tax expenses	20			
Current tax		2:42	0.20	
TOTAL TAX EXPENSES		2.42	0.20	
Profit / (loss) for the year		(13.35)	0.37	
Other comprehensive income Item that will not to be reclassified to profit or loss:				
Re-measurement gains on defined benefit plans (net of taxes)		0.14	0.03	
Other comprehensive income for the year (net of tax)		0.14	0.03	
Total comprehensive income for the year		(13.21)	0.40	
Earnings per equity share (of Rs. 10 each)	21			
Basic		(1.91)	0.05	
Diluted		(1.91)	0.05	

Summary of significant accounting policies The accompanying notes are an Integral part of the financial statements.

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As per our report of even date For M/s A.J.Kotwai & Co. **Chartered Accountants** ICAI Firm Registration Number: 105346W

CA. Atur Partner V. Pawar Membership No.: 150328

Place: Mumbal Date : 12th May 2023 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of **MMK Toll Road Private Limited** CIN: U45200MH2002PTC135512

V. D. Mhaiskar Chairman DIN: 00183554

Shilpa Todankar **Chief Financial Officer** 

Place: Mumbal Date : 12th May 2023

D. K. Jos

D.K. Joshi **Chief Executive Officer** 

a Kaustubh Shevade



**Company Secretary**